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The Bombay Chronicle

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FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. VIII NO. 200 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1920. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
SAILING TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are requested to be in possession of Pass Ports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
31st August ..	Mantua ..	10885
8th " ..	China ..	7932
4th Sept. ..	Kaisar-i-hind..	11430
11th " ..	Kalyan* ..	8987
18th " ..	Plassy* ..	7346
25th " ..	Narkon ..	15620
2nd Oct ..	Delta ..	8089
9th " ..	Malwa ..	10883
16th " ..	A steamer ..	
23rd " ..	Karmala ..	8933
30th " ..	Naldera ..	16230

*Fully booked from China, will not convey passengers from Bombay.

SAILINGS TO STRAITS & CHINA.

Date About.	Steamer.	—
15th Aug. ..	Dilwara ..	Calls at Colombo, Shingapore Hongkong and Shanghai.

SAILING TO AFRIC, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	—
15th Aug. ..	Karoa ..	East and South Africa noon No 8 A. Dock.
16th " ..	Linga ..	Karachi direct.
18th " ..	Lightning ..	Rusreh direct.
19th " ..	Barala ..	Karachi and Persian Gulf ports.

Terms and Rates of Freight and passage of P. and O. and B. I. sailing may be arranged with.

MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tonnage.	Arrival.	Departur
Shin-i-Maru	K. Konaka	3804	17th Aug.	28th Aug.
*Hakodate Maru	J. Kinoshita	5235	23rd Aug.	25th Aug.

*Arrives from New York, and leaves for Calcutta via Colombo and Rangoon.

For freight and passage apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japtn.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Saigon Maru ..	I Ijichi ..	9th Aug.	21st Aug.
Burma Maru ..	T. Takamura ..	16th Aug.	26th Aug.
Luzon Maru ..	J. Shinozaki.	15th Sept.	25th Sept.

For Freight and Passages, etc., apply to:
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road Bombay.

Shirts (neglige Soft) .. Re. 1-8 per doz
" (Dress) .. .. " 3 " "
" (New) .. .. " 3 " "
LAUNDERED READY FOR WEAR
at the
Diamond Jubilee Washing Co.
Ganam Street, Fort BOMBAY. I

SHIPPING.

ANGLO INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

REGULAR SERVICE of steamers to Malabar Coast Ports, Colombo and Rangoon per Steamship Oruro, Nagpur and Rampur
For particulars apply to:—
EASTERN SHIP BROKERS AND AGENCY LTD.
Managing Agents.
Anglo-India and Colonial Navigation Company, Limited.
28-32, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL...Rs. 12,00,00,000/
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 7,58,73,150/
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,51,19,231/4
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000/
BRANCHES: London, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabbad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazaar, 20 Apollo Street, Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
Rangoon—Bassein.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Hathras.
Cawnppore—Chandausi.
London Office—9, Bhishops gate.
Cornhill London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/- interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum secured amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at the rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.
General Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCH: Ahmedabad.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	66,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE O 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceedin Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year o for shorter periods at the rates of interes which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK accounts opened favourable terms—Rules on application.
H P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD
(Incorporated in England.)
Head Office:—4, CROSBY SQUARE.
LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Baghdad, Basrah, Basrah City, Amara, Hillah, Mosul, and Bahrein.
Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid Up Capital £765, 943
Reserve Fund £220,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,197,468
BOMBAY BRANCH.
(Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.)
INTEREST allowed on Deposits Fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit at 4 per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans and Credits granted on approved Security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken.
Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
Securities received for Safe Custody and Interest and Dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 60,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 37,500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 7,730,000
HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAMAN
SOORABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AKO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE Business transacted.
J. IHARA,
Manager.
66, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY 1915.

	Rs. a. p.
Capital adhorised	50,00,000 0 0
Capital Issued	31,00,000 0 0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000 0 0
Capital Paid-up	16,65,017-8-2
Reserve Fund	15,69,858 4 5

Dividend of the rate of 12 per cent. per annum has been declared, by the Bank in its paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Calcutta		Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Patiala
Delhi	Jammu	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Jhelum City	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Karachi	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Kasur	Srinagar
Gajan	Lahore City	Umballa City
Hapur	Lyallpur	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounts
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approve customers discounted and Demand Draft and Telegraphic Transfers issued on station where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of busines apply to:
RUPCHAND KAPUR.
Manager.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 70,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 40,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 6,500,000
HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kuruma	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. annum provided the sum accrued amounts Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 month and far shorter periods on terms which ma be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
J. SATO,
Manager.
Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE:—BOMBAY;
BRANCH:—Surat.
LONDON AGENTS: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital:	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital:	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve liability for calls:	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds.....	Rs. 2,63,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 3 per cent all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLING DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS & SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

BANKING,

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	4,00,00,000
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP ON 19-5-20	59,00,042

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Murzban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowe at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAIL BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From Is January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below tha figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS: received for one yea and for shorter periods at rates to be ascer tained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS:—Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are grante on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased a sold.
Banking business of every description trans acted.
A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANT BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE.—Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH: Mumbadevi, Bombay.

	Rs.
AUTHORIZED AND ISSUED CAPITAL	10,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	87,607

DIRECTORS.
The Hon. Mr. GOCULDAS KAHANDAS PAREKH, Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. MAHOMED HAJIBHOY, (Messrs. Hajibhoy Lalji and Co.).
GOPALDAS TRICUMJI JIVANDAS, Esq., (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas).
B. K. GHOSE Esq
LALJI GOVINDJI, Esq., (Messrs. Bhuma das Govindji and Co.).
NARANJI DAYAL, Esq., (Messrs. Pram chand Chhaganlal).
KRISHNADAS GOVERD WALA, Esq., Managing Director.
CURRENT DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum
FIXED DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed 5½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposits may be ascertained from thai Bank.
LOANS, CASH CREDITS and OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.
LOCAL DEMAND BILLS collected free of charge.
Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.
KRISHNADAS GOVERDHANDAS MADIWALA.
Managing Director

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 74,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 44,000,000

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta Changehun, Dairen, Fengtien, Hankow, Har bin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Naga saki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking Rangoon, Rid de Jangiro, San Francisco Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin.
Branches:—
Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allow ed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 pro vided that the amount of half-yearly interes is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for on year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchang business transacted.
T. SEKI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 294.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1878.
No. 315, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Peti Library.
Funded Capital, Rs. 2,32,000.
Investments in Government and Approve Securities only.
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act
Perfect Economy in management. Th supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve month grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to.
GAJANNAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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HIGH CLASS AND ARTISTIC
Plain or Embroidered
SILKS,
SILK DRESSES
LADIES HATS
TRIMMINGS
KIMONOS
UMBRELLAS AND
SUNSHADES!
CALL AT
AHMED E. ESAALI
SILK MERCERS,
Empire Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 479. Tel. ADD. ZEYAS

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND...	£1,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ...	$23,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9 Gracechurch Street E.C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Moslo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. pe annum provided the sum accrued amounts Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varyin periods on terms which may be learnt on ap plication.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PUR CHASED on the principal commercial cen tres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANG business undertaken.
C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the followin terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 pe cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be as certained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans o account of Constituents and collection of in terest therein as it falls due FREE OF COM MISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LD,
CALCUTTA.
Second quinquennium Report recommends a bonus of ½ per cent. on the sum assured for each completed year on policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund after making a special Reserve of Rs. 100,000.
Premium Reserve Funds exceed...Rs. 40,00,000
"The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic Lines."
Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office, in India.
S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay-Branch,
40, Medows Street, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

According to the Govt. of India Insurance Blue Book,
The oldest Life Office of Bengal,
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 3,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to Compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to:—
The Secretary or The Chief Agents
309, Bow Bazar D. SEN & Co.
Street Calcutta. 1 Chowringhee Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: 7, Church Lane,
CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment with the Controller-General for the specia security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
RAE & Co., P. BANERJEA,
Managing Agents. Secretary.
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Kt.
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Scorjee & Co.).
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Mooljt Jetha & Co) (Ex-officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co.
Secretaries and Manager.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Funds exceed ..	..	Rs. 1,10,00,000
Claims paid exceeds	..	Rs. 30,00,000
Annual Income exceeds		Rs. 15,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.
Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.
ALLUM BHARUCHA & CO.,
Managers.

THE FAVOURITE FLUE

Beloved of the Nations.

SQUIRE'S AGUE SPECIFIC

The renowned cure for Malaria, Influeza Plague, Ague and all other Fevers. so well known throughout the East that it scarce needs furthur recommendation. Looked upon by the nation as a GOD-SEND in times of epedemic and the fever season.

HEALO SKIN OINTMENT

The household remedy of England in all troubles of the skin including Bad Legs, Boils, Eczema Eruptions, wouds, skin Irritation Burns, Piles, Cuts, Rashes, Itch an and Tender Feet. Thousand of Testimonials. Keep it in the home for remember "a stich in time saves nine."

LYNSOLA COUGH CURE

popular Indian Cough and cold Cure. It touches the tickle, dissolves, the gathered phlegm, soothes all inflamatiod of the lungs heals the sore spots in the air passages and serves as an ideal tonic to the chest and lungs. Lynsola contains no opiates and can be given to infants.

LAOCOON PAIN-RUB

A boon to all sufferers from Gout, Rheumatism, Arthritis, Neuralgia, sciatica, Lumbago, stiffuess in joints, painful arms, Headache, Tic Douloureux and all painful affections generally. Laocoon Pain-Rub gives relief in a rub. Just rub it in and you rub the pain out.

ATLAS TONIC

The DOUBLE-ACTION TONIC so widely prescribed by the physician. Atlas Tonic not only rebuilds the shattered nerve and brain tissues but helps and promotes the weakened digestion. Invalueable in Digestive and Nervous Disorders, Malnutrition. Emaciation, Weakness, Neurasthenia, Anemia, Chlorosis, Constipation ann Dyspepsia. Atlas Tonic makes you your younger self once again. Nothing like it for brain-workers and those who lead a sedantary life Rightly called "The Prop of Old Age."

MADON SONS & Co.

CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

Have you ever had a suit cleaned by us?

IF NOT GIVE US A TRIAL.

Prompt attention under European supervision given to all orders.

Silks and Jari Border (Gold Border) Garments cleaned by the **French Chemical Process** thereby making them appear as new and glossy.

Expert and trained men attend to the Dyeing, Glazing and Finishing work.

PERFECT SATISFACTION IS OUR MOTTO.

Please write for price list

Royal Laundry Co.

16, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

KATOL

The best insecticide Ans. 10 per Tin.

JAPAN INSECT POWDER CO.,

Princess St., Bombay.

TAILORS

FOR

HIGH FOLK

(with prudence for purse.)

ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.

Modern Tailors & Outfitters

Princess Street, BOMBAY.

YOUR EYE?

DOES ANYTHING TROUBLE YOUR EYE? Why not write for FREE particulars of the safest, surest and most high-praised remedy for all Eye-Diseases?

L. H. SELLER, DEPT. 11. SAMTA. BENGAL.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882 on 21st December 1911.)

BRANCHES—Calcutta, Karachi, Lahore, Amritsar, Jharia and Lyallpur.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	Rs. 1,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 1,00,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL (30-6-20)	Rs. 49,99,400
RESERVED FUND	Rs. 19,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—3 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

Deposits for Rs. 5,000 and above are received for 12 months at 6 per cent. per annum Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.

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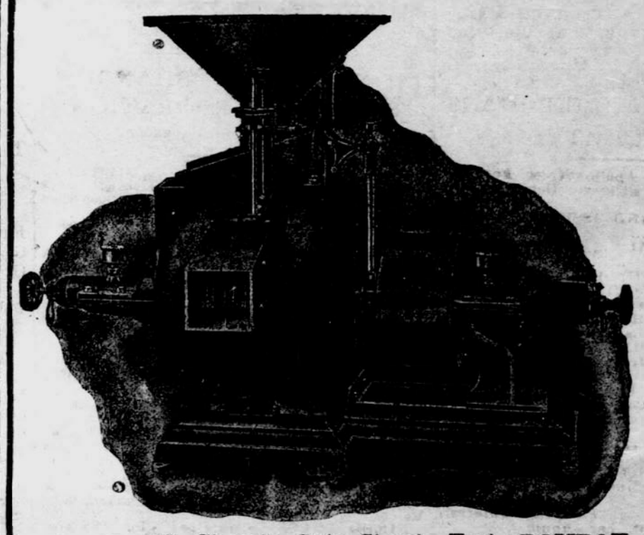

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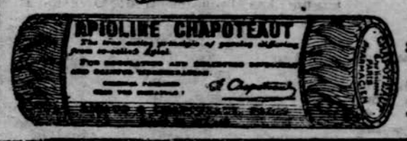

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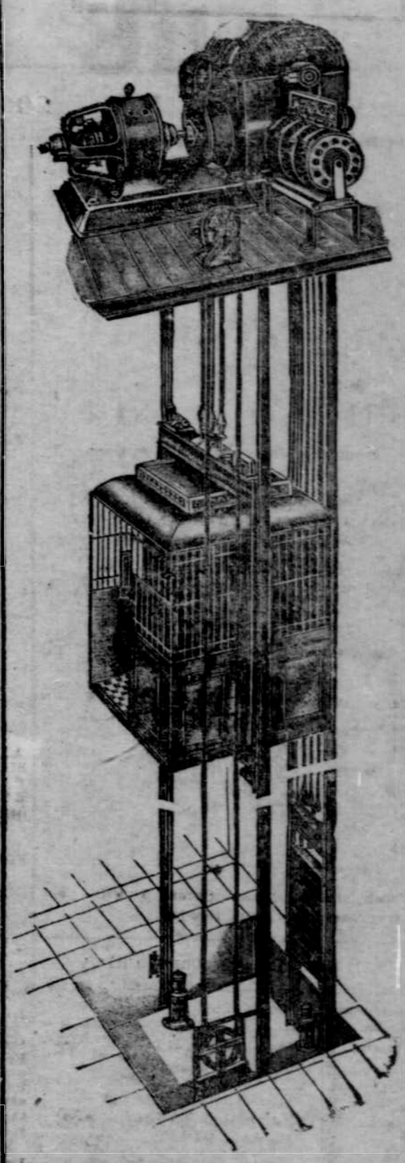

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St. Thomas Cathedral, Church Gate Street.—6 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral), Hours in C. Hymns 516, 264, 323, 280 5-30 p. m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Canticles—Anthem-Hymns 266, 200, 24. Collection for organ fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m., Daily, Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays' Choral Evensong at 6-40 p.m.

Christ Church, Byculla.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral), 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

St. John the Evangelist (Afghan Memorial Church), Colaba.—8 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 10 a.m. Parade Service and Matins; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church (C.M.S.), Girgaum.—English Services—8-0 a.m. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion: 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon; Collections for Church Expenses and Poor; Marathi Service at 9.30 a.m.; Gujarati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura.—10 a.m. Tamil Service (Holy Communion on alternate Sundays).

St. Mary the Virgin, Part I—8-15 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—10 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Oomarkhadi.—6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Gujerati); 7-30 p.m. Evening Service and Sermon. Marathi Service at 9-30 a.m.; Gujarati Service at 2-30 p.m.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi.—7-30 a.m. Holy Communion or Matins, alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil Service.

St. Andrew's Church, Morland Road.—(Marathi and Gujarati). 7-30 a.m. Matins; 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 10 a.m. Gujerathi Service; 5 p.m. Urdu Evensong and Sermon; 4-30 p.m. Marathi Evensong and Sermon.

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a.m. Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-9 p.m. Evensong.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral, Kalbadevi—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Woodhouse Road.—6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Ignatius, Jacob Circle.—Masses: 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m.; Evening Service 6 p.m. (Week days: 6-30 a.m. 7 a.m.).

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., p.m.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla.—Hours of Mass 5-30, 7, 8, and 9 a.m. Evening Service at o'clock.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel.—5-30 a.m., 6-30 a.m., Mass: 8-30 a.m. High Mass; 6-30 p.m. Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Masses at 5 a.m., 6-30 a.m., 7-45 a.m. and 9-30 a.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Bandra Hill.—9-30 a.m. Mass.

St. Aune's Chapel, Palli Hill, Bandra—7 a.m. Mass and Benediction of Blessed Sacrament. Week days 6-45 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul.—5, 5-30 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m. Masses; 6 p.m Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum.—6-30 a.m. and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m., 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

St. Joseph's, Colaba.—8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's, Umarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Benediction.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 8 a.m. Mass with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

The Church of Immaculate Conception, Mount Poinsur, Borivli.—Mass 8-30 a.m.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St Andrew's Church, Apollo Street.—9-30 a.m. Morning Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher Rev. R. M. Gray. 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum, Back Rod.—Morning Service, in English, 8 a.m.; Gujarathi Service, 9-30 a.m. Marathi Service 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m. Morning Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—8-15 a.m. Morning Service Byculla; 9-30 a.m. Sunday School Parel; 4-30 p.m. Evening Service, Parel.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church. Clare Road, Byculla.—8-30 a.m. Sunday School; 9-45 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—9-45 a.m. Sunday School; 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba.—9 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—9 a.m. Sunday School; 4-30 p.m. Marathi Service.

Bombay Y. M. C. A.—12-15 p.m. Bible Study.
Class; 9 p.m. Song Service.

ST. PETER'S (ARMENIAN) CHURCH.

St. Peter's Armenian Church.—8 a.m. Matins; 9-30 a.m. Holy Mass.

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The Story of every Girl—a picture of heat appeal beauty, and good sense. Just the kind of play that all men like, who like women, and that is saying a good deal.

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A serial that has astounded and stupefied the Cinema Circles of this City by its wonderful magnificence, its heart-gripping pathos, its stoggering variety and sweetness of plot.

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PERSONS and Firms interested in the Export of Lemons Grass Oil. Raw Asbestors etc. will pleace communicate with S V. NATHAM AND CO., 2,16- Bazar Gate Street, Bombay. 4367

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WANTED—An experienced GRADUATE or LL. B., starting salary Rs. 100 rising to Rs. 150. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 973, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4287

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WANTED.—AN ARTIST to do some Advertisement Designing work in spare hours. Apply Box No. 988, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4343

WANTED—A competent SHORTHAND TYPIST for an engineering firm. Apply Box No. 991, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 4351

WANTED.—A FAST TYPIST with sound knowledge of mercantile correspondence. Only experienced man need apply stating salary required to Box No. 987 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 43.

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WANTED—GRADUATES and UNDER-GRADUATES. Pay with lodging allowance according to qualifications. Liberal promotion Benfit of Provident Fund. Apply HEAD MASTER Madrasa-i-Shawkat-i. Islam Vauthali (Sorath). 3073

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WANTOD.—An experienced TEACHER for a hill station school of Parsi Boys and Girls. Will be required to coach up children in Gujarati at all stages and also English upto Third Standard or higher according to authorised courses. Good salary for a teacher with good previous experience certified by one of the Teachers Training School Good field for private tuitions for an experienced respectable man. Apply with testimonials stating terms to Box No. 97 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 4305

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REQUIRED by the Birla Cotton S. and W. Mills, Ltd., Subzimandi, Delhi, one SECOND-HAND LATHE, 30ft. long, stating lowest price. 2985

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One CHANDLER, six cylinders, Lemozine MOTOR CAR in good order, with electric fittings and self starter. Apply THE MOTORS & ALLIED PRODUCTS CO., 1, Love Lane, Mazagaon. 4310

FOR SALE in Kalyan—Two adjoining valuable PLOTS OF LAND, most suitable for Factory or Bunglow For particulars apply to Box No. 951, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4152

FOR SALE—New MACHINERIES from Stock. Lancashire Boilers 30ft. by 7ft. by 160lbs. 24ft. by 6ft. 6in. by 150lbs. pressure, Platts Double Roller and Single Roller Cotton Gins (Home packed). Gameron Steam Donkey Pumps, Shaftings, Pulleys, Avery's Cart Weighing Scales 3 tons capacity. For particulars apply to DINSHAW FURDOONJI and BROS. 7, 13, Apollo, Street, Bombay. 4298

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FOR SALE—FOUR-WHEELER with body like that of a motor car. Apply sharp BALAJI, 4 Girgaum. 4256

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SNOW LEOPARD FOX, LYNX, CAT, SKINS, FUR RUGS, STOLE AND MUFFS etc., and all other Kashmir products. Mrs. KOULA AGENCY, Srinagar, Kashmir. 4185

FOR SALE—300 five gallon EMPTY DUMS with iron rims in sound condition. Write to S. S MUDHOLKAR, Amrai Camp, Poona City. 4241

FOR SALE—12 by 10 CAMERA AND REFLEX POST CARD. Camera with Ross lens. Above things are quite new Best working. Address HEMATRAM D. OZA, c/o Mawawala Building, Room No. 32, Lohar Chawl, Bombay. 4345

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QUICK SALE—150 arm chairs, Brand new Retail and wholesale Rs. 2-15-0 each. Four more bargain used, for clubs, Theatres, Hotels, Dining Tables, extra time 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. remaining to be sold by Auction on Friday, 20th Aug. a t4 p.m. Address:—MANICO CHAIRS EXCHANGE, Sankli Street, Bombay. 4229

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Yost No. 10, thoroughly renovated	90
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Remington No. 10 Fiscap ...	185
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TO BE LET.

BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED BUNGLOW a Nepean Sea Road, suitable for Princes and Nobles, with Tennis Court and large Compound, Europeans and Japanese preferred. Apply MODHAVDAS GOCULDAS, Chowpatty Walkeshwar Road. 4123

TO BE LET—A room 26' by 14' for office purposes only at Choupatty facing the sea. Apply Box, No. 975, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4289

TO LET—A decent unfurnished COTTAGE fitted with electric lights. Two big rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, one kitchen, one kholi and carrage, No 2 Padamjis Four Bungalows Poona. Please apply Box No. 970, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4267

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL SPINNING WEAVING AND HOSIERY MILLS LTD.

THE MANAGING AGENTS beg to announce that the company has purchased the mills known as the Rajkot State Mills at Rajkot and the same are being worked by them on and from the 15th July, 1920.

They request all enquiries regarding the manufactures of the mills may be addressed direct to the undersigned.

N. MAGANLAL & CO.,
2ndFloor, Sri Krishna Bldg.,
Hornby Road, Fort.
4328

NOTICE

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION are considering the advisability of appointing a whole time officer to supervise a scheme regarding the reorganisation of the City's Milk Supply. Applicants for the post must have practical experience in connection with the milk trade, Dairy Farm work and cattle breeding. They must be well-educated and the possession of the technical degree will be a qualification. The starting pay will be in accordance with the experience and qualifications, but will probably not be less than Rs. 700 per month, plus an allowance for travelling.

Applications which should be accompanied by copies of testimonials should be addressed to the undersigned and should reach him before the 30th September, 1920, and state in full the educational qualifications and past experience of the applicant. Particular consideration will be given to the case of applicants who have previous experience in connection with Dairy Farms, etc., in India.

H. B. CLAYTON,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.
Bombay, 17th August, 1920. 4284

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED.—SECRETARY to the Board of Trustees of Prince of Wales Museum of Bombay. Consolidated salary Rs. 200-10-300. Applications in candidates own writing, with typewritten copies of testimonials, to be sent to Chairman of the Board by August, 26th. Candidate should be a graduate. 4201

NOTICE.

WANTED—A whole time GOVERNESS and TUTOR to educate and instruct three little Princesses. The candidate should possess good knowledge of English, Hindi, arithmetic, etc., Music, drawing and embroidery work. A Hindu shall be preferred. Salary 125-5-150 per month with a barely furnished house. Apply with copies of testimonials, which shall not be returned, to the Diwan, Narsingarh State C. I.

Diwan Narsingarh State.
4240

NOTICE.

WANTED—An experienced and ACTIVE OFFICE MANAGER. A good knowledge of English Correspondence, also Gujarati or Mahrati accounts, acquaintance with the management of Estates and Mofussil Court business are essential qualifications required. Good salary and prospects. Apply to Box No. 959, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4195

NOTICE.

TO LET—Large and commodious newly built property at the corner of Khetwadi Main Road, touching new Charni Road, consisting of three floors, containing 75 rooms and ground floor, containing 5 shops and 24 motor garages, having a frontage of 220 feet and open on the West. The property, being situated in the Central locality and being erected on modern sanitary principles and fitted with Electric lights, fans, etc., and having every convenience of trams and carriages, is excellently suited for a Hotel or a big Establishment.

Apply to HUSSONALLI M. GANGRIWALLA at the above premises. 4141

FOR SALE.

AN EXTENSIVE PLOT of LAND, admeasuring about 12,000 square yards, situated just in the Centre of the Town of Bombay, near Tram and Train, suitable for a Hotel for Europeans or Indians, containing in all 1500 rooms, extensive motor garages, an extens market (like the New Market of Calcutta) or residential quarters for High Class People Apply.

T. D. KAPADIA & CO.,
L.C.E., M.S.E., (Lon.)
Architects &c.
44, Tamarind Lane Fort, Bombay.
4209

BUILDING SITES, POONA.

KOREGAON ROAD DEVELOPMENT SCHEME.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Auction of 6 plots previously announced for Monday August 30th is POSTPONED.

W. F. HUDSON,
Collector of Poona.
4295

NOTICE.

S. S. "LOYALTY" will sail for Genova via Marseilles on the 23rd August 1920 from Alexandra Docks, Shed No. 13 at 3 p.m.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy luggage to the above shed on Sunday, the 22nd instant before 6-0 p.m. (S.T.)

Medical inspection of the passengers will take place at 1 p.m. on Monday, the 23rd instant at Alexandra Docks, Shed No. 13 and passengers are requested to be present there before that time.

NAROTTAM MORARJI & CO.
Agents.
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ld.
4312

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for the work of raising the Floor of a Mill Building at Parel, will be received by the Undersigned on Monday, the 23rd August, 1920.

Forms of Tender can be had from and Plans and Specification of Work can be seen at the office of the Undersigned.

The work to be commenced soon after the present monsoon and must be finished by the end of February, 1921, time being of the essence of the contract.

(Sd.) TARAPORVALA & BHAROOCHA,
M.S.A., &c. (Lond.)
Architects, Engineers and Surveyors, &c.
Petit Building,
7-10, Elphinstone Circle
Fort, Bombay.
4173

NOTICE.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of JUNIOR MEDICAL INSPECTORS and MEDICAL ASSISTANTS in the Health Department of the Bombay Municipality. The pay of Junior Medical Inspectors is Rs. 200—10—300, plus Rs. 30 Conveyance allowance in addition to War allowance at Rs. 10 per mensem. The pay of the Medical Assistants is Rs. 100, plus Rs. 10 War allowance rising by conditional quinquennial increments of Rs. 25 to Rs. 225.

Applicants for the posts of Junior Medical Inspectors should be qualified Medical graduates and those for the posts of Medical Assistants should have passed either the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's or the L.C.P.S. Examination and they must be registered. The applicants should be under 35 years of age.

Applications on forms to be obtained from the Office of the Executive Health Officer, accompanied by not more than three recent testimonials, should reach the undersigned before 1st September, 1920.

(Sd.) J. E. SANDILANDS,
Executive Health Officer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 17th August, 1920. 4238

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED TO SELL—Ready 3,000 tons good 2nd class coal and willing to make forward contract for 30,000 tons for the next year. Proprietors also willing to give the Managing Agency to a good party. Apply to SARKAR BROS AND CO., Clive Street, Calcutta. 4354

NOTICE.

WANTED The following BANDSMEN 3—Three Stringbass players and 2 two Violincello players. Must play and instruments.

3—Double B Flat Bass players.
1—One E. Flat Bass player.
1—One Solocornet player must play any String Instrument.

Apply to the DIRECTOR of MUSIC STATE BAND, Vizianagaram.
4353 VIZIANAGARAM.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMINED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th day of September, to the 20th day of September 1920 (both days inclusive)

By order of the Board,
R. P. GANDHI,
4255 Secretary.

NOTICE.

WANTED—An experienced SENIOR ACCOUNTS CLERK, must be able to take sole charge of the accounts of a Joint Stock Company. Salary according to ability and experience. Apply with testimonials and rereferences to Box No. 994, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4371

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the purchase of coal ashes accumulated between the 1st April, 1920, and 30th September, 1920, on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Broad Gauge Section and Branches (Except Bombay Island and Broach, Palej, Jambusar, Kankaria, Viramgam, Kharaghoda, Dohad, Godhra, and Rutlam) are invited and will be received in Agent's Office, opposite Church Gate Station Bombay upto 1 p.m. (S.T.) on MONDAY, the 30th August, 1920.

Forms of tender can be had at Rupee 1 per form from the Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Parel.

All tenders will be required to pay direct to the Assistant Auditor, Cash and Pay branch, Bombay, a sum of Rs. 100 in cash as earnest money and to attach the receipt obtained for it to the tender before submission to Agent otherwise his tender will not be considered.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender and reserves the right to accept any tender in whole or in part.

A. C. OWEN,
Secretary to Agent.
19th August, 1920.
Church Gate Street. 4327

NOTICE.

THE INDIAN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRST CALL OF RS. 15 PER SHARE.

SOME SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company have not paid in the amount of the First Call, notices for which were duly posted on the 7th April, 1920.

We, therefore, give the final notice to them to pay the First Call Money immediately to us at the Registered Office of the Company with interest due on the same at 9 per cent. per annum from 5th June, 1920, to the date of payment.

For want of proper addresses some notices of First Call Money were returned from the Post Office. Those shareholders who have not received the notices are requested to communicate their proper addresses to the undersigned.

LAXMIDAS HARIDAS & CO.,
Agents.
320, Mint Road, Fort,
Bombay, 18th August, 1920. 4324

WANTED.

AN L. C. E. or B. E. with special knowledge in mechanical Engineering for the post of the Chief Officer of the Bijapur City Municipality on a monthly salary of Rs. 250 rising to Rs. 300 by an annual increment of Rs. 10. Applicants should be willing to serve at least for five years and submit their applications with testimonials of having got administrative capacity before the 15th November, 1920. The appointment will be made subject to the approval of Government. The application should necessarily give the following particulars:—

(1) Present employment whether permanent or temporary. (2) Present pay. (3) Period of service put in. (4) Caste. (5) age. (6) Whether experienced in Municipal service.

P. A. DESAI,
President,
Bijapur City Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Bijapur 12-8-1920.
4294

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

REFRESHMENT SHOPS NEW FERRY WHARF, ALEXANDRA DOCK.

SEALED TENDERS for renting these 4 newly erected Shops are invited. These should be enclosed in sealed envelops together with a deposit of Rs. 500 marked "Refreshment Shops" and be in the hands of the Traffic Manager by 11 a.m. (S.T.) TUESDAY, August 24th 1920.

The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender.

Full particulars, conditions and forms of Tender may be obtained from

F. H. TAYLOR,
Traffic Manager,
Bombay Port Trust.
Prince's and Victoria Docks, Bombay.
4068

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A GOOD, decent, strong five-storied Stone Building, opposite Wilson High School, Girgaum Back Road, equipped with electrical fittings, open ventilated. Price Rs. 3 lacs. Open to offers. For particulars please refer to:—

K. G. TOKEKAR,
Contractor,
C/o Mr. Rade Shastri Hall,
Bombay No. 7.
4381

INDIAN BUREAU OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRIES.

HEAD OFFICE,
3rd Parsee Wada, House No. 4.
Bombay No. 4.

MEMBERSHIP fee Rs. 15, per annum. Commercial and Industrial firm and individuals are admitted.

Advantages offered:—International connections all over the world arranged.

For further particulars apply to.

RAMANAND & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 20th August, 1920. 4363

PRIZE RS. 500

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned has LOST the BLUE DIAMOND of his ring, weighing about 5 ratis, palcha in appearance, on the Poona Race Course Ground, near the first class stand or thereabouts on Saturday, the 14th August, 1920, at about 4-30 p.m., and he offers a prize of Rs. 500 to one who will deliver it to him or furnish certain information of its having been found by some one with name and address of the latter and give all necessary help in obtaining the same from him.

DULICHAND DALMIA,
566 88, Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay.
4263

THE TATA IRON & STEEL COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 7th September, 1920, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the Registered Office, Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st March 1920.
2. To declare Dividends on Preference, Ordinary and Deferred Shares for the year ending 31st March 1920.
3. To elect two Directors in the place of Mr. Narottam Morarjee and the Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd August 1920 to the 8th September 1920, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA SONS, LIMITED.
Agents.
R. D. TATA,
Director.
Bombay, 5th August, 1920. 4348

NOTICE.

THE MEMBERS of the Bombay Cotton Brokers Association, Ltd., are hereby informed that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Association will be held on SATURDAY, the 28th August, 1920, at 12 noon, (S. T.), at the Association's Hall in the Marwari Bazar, to transact the following business:—

AGENDA.

(1) To consider the results of the Conference of the Representatives of the various bodies connected with the Cotton Trade, convened in pursuance of Resolution (2) of the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Association held on the 19th August, 1920.
(2) To pass a resolution to the effect that henceforth Extraordinary General Meeting be held on the first day of every calendar month, and in the event of that day being a Holiday, it be held the day after, and the necessity of posting individual notices to the members concerned be dispensed with, and seven days' notice be posted on the Association's Notice Board and the same be also published in Newspaners and the Agenda of the Meeting be placed on the Notice Board of the Association before 24 hours of the Meeting's time.
(3) To transact all other business that may be brought forward with the permission of the Chairman.

(Sd.) BOGRAJ GUPTA.
(Sd.) DULERAI VANECHAND DESAI.
Honorary Secretaries.

The Bombay Cotton Brokers Association, Limited.
4362

NOTICE

OWING to a strike on the Bombay Port Trust Railway all goods booked to Bombay Port Trust Railway stations will be delivered and freight collected as follows:—

Via G. I. P. RAILWAY.
Manganese Ore and General Goods at Wadi Bunder.
Coal at Byculla.
Via B. B. and C. I. RAILWAY.
All Goods at Carnac Bridge.

Consignees are advised to present their Railway Receipts at those stations.

J. R. REYNOLDS,
Manager
Bombay Port Trust Railway.
20th August, 1920 4356

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS certain rumours have been current in Bombay City to the effect that on the occasion of recent fires in the City, sums of money were paid by members of the public to members of the Municipal Fire Brigade as a motive for reward to them for performing their duty in connection with the extinction of these fires or for paying special attention to the interests of individuals as against those of the public at large, I, H. B. Clayton, Ag. Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay with due authorisation from the Municipal Corporation in this behalf hereby notify to the public and all concerned that I am prepared to pay rewards to the extent in all of Rs. 5,000 for information which will result in proving to my satisfaction that any such sum of money was improperly received by any member of the Municipal Fire Brigade. The amount of the reward to be paid in each case will be fixed by me on a due consideration of the value of the information received. Any person desiring to supply such information should in the first instance communicate with me by a letter and should state whether he is prepared to make a public statement or desires that the source of the information should be kept confidential.

H. B. CLAYTON,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

20th August, 1920.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

TO INVESTORS.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO THOSE DESIROUS OF PURCHASING LAND AT GHATKOPAR.

Re: BHAGWANRAO alias ANANDRAO RAMCHANDRA NIRGUDE, a Minor.

MR. N. H. MOOS, Guardian of the property of the abovenamed minor having received certain offers for the purchase of the undermentioned landed property, situate at Ghatkoper, District Thana desires before submitting the same to the Court to invite further offers, if any, from the public the same must be submitted to him at his office No. 57, Esplanade Road, or to the undersigned at their Office Nos. 12-16, Oak Lane Fort, not later than SATURDAY, the 28th day of August, 1920, after which date no offers will be considered.

The guardian does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer but he will submit the highest offer for the sanction of the High Court. For further particulars application may be made to the undersigned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All those pieces or parcels of land situate at Ghatkoper, Taluka Salsetti, District Thana, admeasuring 39 acres and 26¾th Gunthas as per following particulars:—

Survey No.	Pot No.	Falani No.	Area.	Akar.
137	1	..	0- 5¾	0- 6-0
138	1	..	5-20½	19- 8-0
140	1	..	0- 6½	0- 8-0
141	1	..	0-32¾	2-12-0
142	2	..	0-10¾	0- 7-0
,,	3	..	0- 1¼	0- 1-0
,,	4	..	0-36¼	2-12-0
137	..	1	0- 1	0- 1-0
138	..	1	0-13	0-10-0
,,	..	2	0-21	1- 0-0
,,	..	3	0- 2	0- 2-0
138	..	5	0- 7	0- 6-0
,,	..	6	0-11	0- 9-0
,,	..	7	0-32	1-10-0
,,	..	10	0- 2	0- 2-0
,,	..	11	0- 9	0- 7-0
139	..	1	20-36	31- 8-0
141	..	1	0- 2	0- 1-0
,,	..	2	0- 4	0- 3-0
,,	..	4	0- 2	0- 1-0
142	..	4	0-19	0-13-0
,,	..	5	0- 1	0- 0-5
,,	..	6	0- 1	0- 0-6
,,	..	8	0- 3	0- 2-0
,,	..	10	0- 3	0- 2-0
143	..	10	7-24	13- 8-0
			39-26¾	77-12-0

Dated this 20th the day of August, 1920.

MEHTA LALJEE & Co.
Attorneys for Mr. N. H. Moos,
Guardian of the property of the
Minor:—Bhavanrao alias Anand
rao Ramchandra Nirgude.

4359

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SITARAM KISSONDAYAL PODAR has agreed for the absolute sale of the undermentioned property to our client Mr. GOVINDJI KUBERDAS, free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge trust, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in No. 12—16, Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Foras Tenure situate, lying and being at Breach Candy Road near Tardeo (without the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old No. 324 and 325, New No. 13843 and 13844, Old Survey No. 108, 107 and new Survey No. 1&2/7020 and 1/7020 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under 'D' Ward No. 3738 (2), 3738 (3), 3739, 3740 (1), 3740 (2), 3741 (1), 3742 (2), and 3743 (1) and Street Nos. 119, 121, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5a, and 7 and containing by admeasurement 12475 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by the land belonging to Jugmohandas Vandravandas on or towards the West by Tardeo Road, on or towards the North partly by Jivraj Baloo Mills and partly by the property of Dadabhai Nowroji Todiwalla and on or towards the South partly by the property of Jetha Ludha and partly by the property of Jugmohandas Vandravandas.

Dated this 20th of August, 1920.

MEHTA LALJI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4370

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ISMAIL EBRAHIM has contracted with our client Mr. ABDUL KARIM LALMAHOMED for the absolute sale to him free from incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or in any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residue, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, charge, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 91-99, Medows Stret, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, or otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situated at Ripon Road, without the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and fifty-five square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 135 and 524, New No. A/13643, Old Survey Nos. 268, 270 and New Survey No. 37/3554 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 3777 (27) and Street No. 64 Z and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Khoja Allarakhia Rahimtulla, on or towards the South by the property of Ammoomiya Shaik Hassan Chandoolkar, on or towards the East by the public Road leading to Ripon Road and on or towards the West partly by the property hereinafter secondly described and partly by the property of Khoja Allarakhia Rahimtulla.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground forming a portion of the land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 13605 and under New Survey No. 1/3539 together with the foundation standing thereon situate at Mahomedan Street, on the Western side of Ripon Road in the Centre of Old Race, Course, near Byculla, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement five hundred square yards or thereabouts (equivalent to nine kathis) and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4028 (3) and Street No. 215 B and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East partly by the land hereinbefore firstly described and partly by the land of Ammoomiya Shaik Hussan, on or towards the West by the property of Ibrahim Jalbhoy, on or towards the North by the property of Khoja Allerakha Rahimtulla and on or towards the South by the property of Karim Subhanji Bohri.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate at Mahomedan Street near Ripon Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 495 square yards or thereabouts (forming part of a large piece of land bearing Collectors No. 13605 and Survey No. 1/3539), with a dwelling house or tenement hereditaments and premises standing on a part thereof, the whole of the property being registered by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 4028 (4) and 4028 (4a) and Street Nos. 215C and 215CC and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on the east partly by the ground of the Bombay Municipality and partly by a sweeper's pasage, on the West by the ground of Hirastoola Borkati, on the North by the property of Sullemanji Karrimji and on the South by the property of Vallibhai Mahomedally.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1920.

KHANDWALLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4358

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the notice appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" of Friday the 20th instant under the signature of Messrs. J. S. Mody and Co. Auctioneers about the sale of 100 bags China sugar ex s.s. "Burma Maru" and about 150 bags of China Sugar ex s.s. "Dilvara" by order of Shah Phoolchand Premji and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., we are instructed by our clients Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., to state that the allegations made by Shah Phoolchand Premji are untrue. He offered to deliver 250 bags as aforesaid but as the 100 bags ex s.s. "Burma Maru" were mostly slack and damaged our clients offered to pay for and take delivery of 150 bags ex s.s. "Dilwara" and as to the remaining 100 bags they asked for a reference to the Bombay Chamber of Commerce to decide the dispute between Shah Phoolchand Premji and them under the terms of the contract between our clients and them. Shah Phoolchand Premji would not deliver the 150 bags and would not consent to refer the matter to arbitration as provided in the contract. Their allegation therefore that our clients have made default in taking delivery is absolutely untrue and our clients are going to take steps against them for this false allegation. If therefore the said Shah Phoolchand Premji sell the said bags of sugar they will do so at their own risk.

Bombay, 20th August, 1920.

WADIA GHANDY & Co.,
Attorneys.

4355

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai VELBAI, widow of Thakar Vassonji Tokersey, late of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant. ..... Deceased.

1. THAKAR CHATURBHUJ DEVKARAN, 2. THAKAR DAYAL PEROJ, both Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant Merchants, residing at Samuel Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, the only executors mentioned in the last Will and Testament of the deceased. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Twelfth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty and in the eleventh year of our Reign.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
Acting Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

W. J. HOWARD.

The 12th day of August, 1920.

Messrs. PATELL & EZEKIEL,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

4369

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

LOST DOCUMENTS.

MR. ABDEALLI ABDUL KADER had agreed to sell to our clients Messrs. ALLIMAHOMED GULAMHUSEIN and HASSAN GULAMHUSEIN, all that piece or parcel of Fazanari land or ground together with messuages tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate at DeLisle Road Byculla, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 155 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Old No. 175, New No. 13691, Old Survey No. 344-349, New Survey No. 1/3462, 2/3461 Ward No. 7165, Street No. 2224 and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Jerbai widow, on or towards the South by the property of Nowroji S. Bansha, on or towards the East by the property of Shivlal Motilal and on or towards the west by the said DeLisle Road. The following title-deeds relating to the said property are either misplaced and due and diligent search was made by the vendor but the same are not found, if anybody is in possession of the said title-deeds he is requested to return the same to the undersigned.

Any person or persons having any claim against the said title-deeds or any of them or any other document relating to the said property or holding the same in their possession as a Depositee of the said title-deeds or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office at No. 61, Medows Street, Fort, within ten days otherwise it will be deemed by the Purchasers that the said title-deeds are lost and the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

LIST OF TITLE-DEEDS.

(1) Mortgage dated 1st July 1875 from Dada Fakira, Baba Dada Fakira, Baijabai widow of Bhaiwara Fakira and Garga daughter of Fakira Madhu to Shapurji Jamsedji Katrak.

(2) Agreement for sale dated 23rd September 1875, from Dada Fakira, Baba Dada Fakira Baijabai widow of Bhiwara Fakira and Ganga daughter of Fakira Madhu.

(3) Reconveyance dated 12th October 18[illegible] from Shapurji Jamsedji Katrak to Dad Fakira, Baba Dada Fakira, Baijabai widow of Bhiwara Fakira and Ganga daughter of Fakira Madhu.

(4) Conveyance dated 18th April 1883 from Nowroji Nassarwanji Thoothee to Allarakhibai wife of Fatehalli Abdul Rahim.

(5) Mortgage dated 18-4-1904 from Allarakhibai widow of Fatehalli Abdul Rehim Abdul Rehim Fatealli, Jafferbhai Fatealli, Fatmaboo wife of Ebrahim Shaikh Tyebally, Huseinaboo wife of Amirudin Tyebally and Sakinaboo wife of Hyderbhai Heptoola to Miya Akberally Lalmiya and Mulla Amiruddin Lalmiya.

(6) Conveyance and release dated 21-12-1907 from Abdul Husein Fatehalli to Abdul Rahim Fatehalli, Hassanbhai Fatehalli Jafferbhai Fatehalli, Hooseinaboo Fatealli, Sakinaboo Fatealli Kadarbhai Abdulalli, Namtulla Abdulalli, Abbashbhai Abdulalli, and Tyeballi Abdualli.

(7) Conveyance dated 6-10-1908 from Sakinaboo Fatehalli to Hassanbhai Fatealli and Jafferbhai Fatehalli.

(8) Conveyance dated 7-10-1908 from Hooseinaboo Fatealli to Hassanbhai Fatehalli and Jafferbhai Fatehalli.

(9) Conveyance dated 25-1-1909 from Kadarbhai Abdulalli Namtulla Abdulalli, Abbashbhai Abdulalli and Tyebbhai Abdulalli to Hassanbhai to Hassanbhai Fatehalli and Jafferbhai Fatehalli.

(10) Conveyance dated 25-1-1909 from Rukhiaboo Ismailji widow of Abdul Rahim Fatehalli to Hassanbhai Fatehalli and Jafferbhai Fatehalli.

(11) Conveyance dated 6-5-1909 from Rukhiaboo widow of Abdul Rehim Fatehalli as guardian of the property of Fatehalli Abdul Rahim, Jainoobhai Andul Rahim Safiaboo Abdul Rahim Amtoolaboo Abdul Rahim, Fatmaboo Abdul Rahim, Aminaboo Abdul Rehim and Vaziraboo Abdul Rahim to Hassanbhai Fatehalli and Jafferbhai Fatehalli.

(12) Reconveyance dated 6-5-1909 from Miya Saheb Akbaralli Lalmiya and Mulla Amirudin Lalmiya to Hassanbhai Fatehalli and Jafferbhai Fatehalli.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1920.

AMIN & DESAI.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4380

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MAHOMEDBHAI WALIBHAI DHORAJIVALLA, late of Aden Bora Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant. ..... Deceased.

RATANBAI, widow of Mahomedbhai Walibhai Dhorajiwalla formerly of Aden now of Dhoraji in Kathiawar Bora Mahomedan Inhabitant, at present temporarily residing in Bombay at Bhendi Bazar outside the Fort. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Thirteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

R. B. PATEL.
Acting Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

W. J. HOWARD.

The 13th day of August, 1920.

Messrs. DASTUR & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

4357

THE CLARE ROAD BAKERY

THE best in Bombay, RE-OPENED. For particulars apply to

THE MANAGER.
Clare Road Bakery,
Byculla Station Road.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that EDULJI JAMSEDJI ASPER and Bai SOONA BAI wife of Edulji Jamsedji Asper, both of Bombay Parsi inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right title, interest, claim, or demand in to upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes and to the undersigned at their office No. 11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard or reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will be considered to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTYY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the quit and ground rent tenure containing by admeasurement 211 6/9 square yards or there abouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 2147, Collector's New No. 9246, Old Survey No. 775, New Survey No. 5465, together with the tenements or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 2069, Street No. 58-60 62 all which premises are situate at Khetwady 7th Lane and Khetwady Back Road, in the Registration district of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by the property of Rustomji Nanabhai, on or towards the West by the said Khetwady 7th Lane, on or towards the North by the said Khethwady Back Road and on or towards the South by the property of Kavasji Dossabhai and are now in the occupation of the vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1920.

PURNANAND & CLUBWALLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4361

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Re: IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN ARBITRATION ACT IX. OF 1899.

HIVJI POONJA KOTHARI, a firm doing business as Cotton Brokers at Shaikh Memon Street, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Applicants.

vs.

POONJABHAI JASRAJ & CO., a firm, doing business as Merchants at Khadak, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Respondents.

To,

BHUDERBHAI MANJI, ESQUIRE,

SIR,

TAKE NOTICE that a Chamber Summons has been taken out by the applicants abovenamed on the 10th day of June, 1920, for leave under Order XXI Rule 50 of the Code of Civil Procedure to execute the award made on the 10th day of May, 1920, by Mr. G. A. Grant umpire and filed in this Hon'ble Court inter alia against you as one of the partners in the firm of Poonjabhai Jasraj & Co., abovenamed and that SATURDAY, the 4th day of September, 1920, has been fixed for hearing of the said Chamber Summons in Chambers.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1920.

MEHTA, LALJI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

4332

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration (with a will limited to the Provident Fund in the Rajputna Malwa Railway Provident Institution) of the property and credits of Shanker Damodhar Chandorker, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, lately in the service of the Bombay Baroda & Central India Railway Company, Ltd. ..... Deceased.

Bai RAMABAI, widow of the abovenamed deceased, residing at Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Fourteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
Acting Registrar.

Seal of the High Court Bombay

(Sd. W. J. HOWARD.

The 14th day of August, 1920.

Mr. M. V. GOKHALE,
Petitioner's Attorney.

4360

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
20, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 3409.

Auction Sale of valuable Bungalow known as "Dessa Villa" at Deolali behind Coronation Hotel, by order of the Owners will take place at the Rooms of Messrs. J. S. Mody and Co., Auctioneers in Apollo Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 23rd day of August at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE OF 82 BALES COTTON.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 21st day of August 1920 at 5 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction by the order of Rai Bahadur Champalal Ramswarup at his Godown in Vardhaman Lane Colaba and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. Vardhaman Jetsy and Co.

Remaining 82 Bales Cotton Biaver Gin. out of the lot of 197 bales.

Terms:—Deposit 25 per cent.. and delivery with 3 days.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1920.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

In Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists

SALE ON SATURDAY, THE 21ST OF AUGUST, 1920.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT PARBHADEVI ROAD.

On SATURDAY, the 21st August, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will, under the instructions from Mr. Framroz Pallonji, the Sole Executor of the late Mr. Dadabhoy Cowasji Jassavalla, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, Shanker Gabaji Kekane, sell by Public Auction, at the Premises, the following property:—

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and chawl standing thereon, situate, lying and being at or near Parbhadevi Road, without the Fort, in the Town and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 954 square yards or thereabouts and bearing with other land, Collector's Old Survey Nos. 175 and 739, New Nos. 3800, 4680, Old Survey Nos. 523, 497 and New Survey Nos. 1/1814 and 1/1827, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward Nos. 3408 (2), 3408 (3) and Street Nos. 872A and 872B and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Kubharwada Lane, on or towards the West partly by a private road and partly by the property of Gajanand Khimji and another, on or towards the North partly by the property of Balkrisna Hatsceit Sheete and another and partly by the property of Sobhagchand Talakchand and on or towards the South by the property of Poonamchand Meghji and all which premises are now in the possession of the Vendor and in the occupation of his tenants.

Further particulars and conditions of sale can be had of the Vendor's Attorneys, Messrs. Patell and Ezekiel, at their offices at Cook's Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or of the undersigned.

SALE ON SUNDAY, THE 22ND AUGUST 1920, AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE of a very valuable landed property situate at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim.

On SUNDAY, the 22nd instant at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will, under the instructions from Messrs. Haji Alimahomed Haji Nurmahomed and Haji Ahmed Haji Nurmahomed and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Haji Tar Mahomed Haji Guni, sell by Public Auction at the premises the following property:—

All that piece and parcel of Mahim Pension and Tax land or ground situate lying and being at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District, and Town and Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,080 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 318, Collector's New No. 4034, Old Survey No. 1/92 and New Survey No. 3132, together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward No. 4069 (1), Street No. 297 "G" Ward No. 4069 (2), Street No. 297-A, Lady Jamsedji Road, all which premises are bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by a passage belonging to the premises being described and beyond that by the property of Hassam Moosa, Glasswarevala, on or towards the South partly by the property belonging to the Vanza Wadi Musjid and partly by vacant land belonging to the property formerly of Haji Khamisa Cassum Ghatkey and now of Joosab Khamisa Ghatkey, on or towards the East by the said Lady Jamsedji Road and on or towards the West partly by the property of Ramjan Badulla and partly by the property formerly of Hissamoodin Bare and now of Mahomed Hoosein Bare.

Further particulars of conditions of sale can be had of the Vendor's Attorneys, Messrs. Patell and Ezekiel at their offices at Cook's Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, or of the undersigned.

MEHTA, & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1920.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.

No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Tel. No. 531.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF WEARING APPARELS, Etc.

By the order of H. C. B. Mitchell, Esq., the Administrator-General and the Administrator of the estate and effects of late Lt. W. O. Russell, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Flannel trousers, grey suits, sporting jackets, towels, socks, collars, benches, holdall, boots, shoes, soft collars, etc., etc.

N.B.—A deposit of 25 per cent. required at the time of sale.

In Weekly Sale, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell on MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.)

1 Ford Motor Car in perfect running order only used by the owner for six months.

1 Rover Motor Cycle with side car in perfect running order.

1 Swift Motor Car No. 4708, 4-Cylinder 20 H.-P. Boch Magneto, 5 seaters in perfect running order.

FURNITURES.

On SUNDAY, 22nd instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction the artistic designs furnitures at Gowalia Talao Khalk-dina Terrace belonging to Meherji Khursedji Esq.

AUCTION SALE OF 27 CASES TENNENTS LIGHT BEER, 331 DOZ. SCHWEPPES LIME JUICE, 100 CASES RELENTA WATER, 9 CASES SCHWEPPES SODA WATER, 4 CASES SCHWEPPES TONIC WATER, 45 CASES NATAL DRY GIN, 74 CASES MADEIRA.

By the order of the office concerned Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 23rd instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, for the following:—

27 cases Tennents Light Beer 2 doz. in cases.
74 doz. Schweppes Lime Juice 1 doz. in cases.
257 doz. Schweppes Lime Juice 2 and 2½ in cases.
50 cases Schweppes Relenta Water 2 doz. cases.
60 cases Schweppes Relenta Water ½ bottle 60 doz in cases.
7 cases Schweppes Soda Water 5 doz. in cases.
4 cases Schweppes Tonic Water 5 doz. in cases.
45 cases Schweppes Natal Dry Gin 1 doz. in cases.
74 cases Schweppes Madeira 1 doz. in cases.

N.B.—A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

SALES BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF 2420 BAGS NEW DELHI WHITE WHEAT.

O. O. C. J. Suit No. 1677.

Messrs. Raliaram Lachhmandas ... Plaintiffs
vs.
Messrs Mamraj Rambhagat ..... Defendants.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 21st August, 1920, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the godown of Messrs. Govindji Bharmal Mukadam of Messrs. Mulraj Dolatram, by order of Messrs Raliaram Lachhmandas in pursuance of the order dated the 12th day of July, 1920, made by High Court in the above suit.

2420 bags new Delhi White Wheat.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT MODY STREET IN THE FORT.

By order of and under instructions from Messrs. Bhimji and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee, Mr. Vrajlal Jivandas, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Valabhdas Devji pursuant to the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 30th September, 1919, Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property on SATURDAY, the 28th August, 1920, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure with messuage, tenement, building standing thereon, situate at Mody Street within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 150 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old No. 711, New No. 5921, Old Survey No. B 1082 and New Survey No. 8819 and bounded on the East by the house of Nathu Sunderjee, on the West by Modikhana Street, on the North by the house of Permanand Jivandas and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under A Ward No. 2004 and Street Nos. 211, 213, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation or possession of Devji Verji and his tenants and are now in the occupation or possession of the mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhimji and Co., at No. 50, Medows Street, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneer.

Bombay, 21st August, 1920.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF JAVA WHITE SUGAR.

On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Victoria Dock "Shed No. 8", by order of Mr. Frank Jacob Iny and on account and risk of Mr. Virjee Madanji:—

Ex. S. S. "Nizam."

252 bags Java white Sugar.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the purchaser shall have to pay custom duty.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BUNGALOW WITH OUTHOUSES AT BHAGOOR NEAR DEOLALI KNOWN AS "VILLA MALEGAMWALA."

Under instructions from the sole surviving executor of the late Mr. DINSHAW HIRJIBHOY MALEGAMVALLA, deceased, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 11th day of September, 1920, at 5 p.m. sell by Public Auction on the premises at Bhagoor the following valuable property.

All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuage tenement or bungalow and outhouses standing thereon and known as Villa Malegamvalla situate, lying and being at Bhagoor near Deolali in the Nasik District containing by admeasurement 3330 square yards or thereabouts, (more or less) and registered along with other land in the books of the Collector of Nasik under Survey No. 384 Pote No. 1, and bounded on the East and West by a public road on the North by a water passage and beyond it by the former Camp boundary and on the South by the property now or formerly belonging to Sorabjis Dosabhoy Framroze and which said property is now in the occupation of Dr. Brown as the vendor's tenant.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and for inspection of title deeds and other papers application may be made to Messrs Merwanji Kola and Co., 14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 21st August, 1920.

MESSRS. RICHARD AND READYMONEY.

GOVERNMENT AUCTIONEERS.
41, Esplanade Road, Fort.

WEEKLY SALE.

AUCTION SALE! AUCTION SALE!!

Messrs. RICHARD and READYMONEY auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st August, 1920, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.) at their sale rooms No. 41, Esplanade Road, next to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla (Solicitors) articles such as Drawing room, Bed room and Office room furniture, 11 shares Currimbhoy, 65 shares of S. S. N. Co. 125 shares of Brass Alluminium, Jewellery, etc.

Goods on view.

AUCTION SALE! AUCTION SALE!!

Messrs. RICHARD and READYMONEY auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their sale Room No. 41, Esplanade Road next to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla (Solicitors) articles such as Drawing Room Bed room and Office room Furniture, 11, share of Currimbhoy Ltd.

40 Shares of S. S. N. Coy. Ld., 125 shares of Brass Alluminium Ld.

Goods on view.

RICHARD & READYMONEY,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1920.

BOMBAY AUCTION CO.

GOVERNMENT AUCTIONEERS.
23, Churchgate Street.

SALE ON SATURDAY, THE 21ST INSTANT AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

On SATURDAY, the 21st Instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BOMBAY AUCTION CO., will sell by Public Auction, the entire furniture of shop No. 12, Jariwalla Building, opposite Golpitha Sandhurst Road, consisting of sliding glass door, cupboards, show cases, Tables, Chairs, Singer Sewing Machines, safe on stand, etc.

BOMBAY AUCTION & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1920.

The subscription list is now open and will close on Saturday the 28th August 1920 or earlier as may be decided by the Directors.

THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN DULY FILED WITH THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, BOMBAY.

Cotton & Commercial Trust
LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.)

CAPITAL . . . . . Rs. 60,00,000

divided into 60,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

ISSUE OF 50,000 SHARES OF RS. 100 EACH AT PAR.

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS :—

Rs. 5—on Application **Rs. 5—on Allotment** **and the balance in calls of not more than Rs. 10— payable at intervals of not less than three months**

35,000 Shares of this issue have been reserved for allotment to the Directors and their friends, and will be allotted in full ; and theremaining 15,000 Shares are now offered to the public for subscrip-

DIRECTORS :

LALJI NARANJI, ESQ., Merchant, Bombay, (of Messrs. Lalji Naranji & Company.)

RAMESHWARDAS BALDEODAS BIRLA, ESQ., Merchant, Bombay, (of Messrs. Sheonarayan Baldeodas.)

A. GEDDIS, ESQ., Merchant, Bombay, (of James Finlay & Co., Limited.)

SETH CHATRABHUJ GORDHANDAS, Merchant, Bombay, (Proprietor, Messrs. Mulji Jaitha & Co.)

GOPALDAS TRIKAMJEE, ESQ. Merchant, Bombay, (of Messrs. Trikanjee Jeevandas & Co.)

G. E. D. LANGLEY., ESQ., Broker, Bombay, (of Messrs. Langley & Co.)

SETH MOTILAL CHHOGALAL, Banker and Merchant, Bombay (of Messrs. Dolatram Kundanmull.)

B. J. MODI, ESQ., Merchant, Bombay, (of Messrs. Lalji Naranji & Co.)

BANKERS :

THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

AUDITORS :

MESSRS. BATLIBOI & PUROHIT, INCORPORATED ACCOUNTANTS 56, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MR. J. K. PARULKAR, F.C.R.A., CERTIFIED AUDITOR, Palao Road, near Thakurdwar, Bombay.

SOLICITORS :

MESSRS. LITTLE & COMPANY, BOMBAY.

MANAGING AGENTS :

MESSRS. LALJI NARANJI AND COMPANY, ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDINGS, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

REGISTERED OFFICE :

ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDINGS, CHURCHGATE STREET, BOMBAY.

PROSPECTUS.

The Company has been formed for the purposes set out in its Memorandum of Association and primarily with the object of carrying on and developing a general Export and Import business which has been established for the past four years and has been successfully carried on ty the firm of Messrs. Lalji Naranji & Co. of Bombay.

Messrs. Lalji Naranji & Co. have built up a connection with several Banks and well-known mercantile firms in England and on the Continent of Europe, amongst other places in London,and at Liverpool, Manchester, Glasgow, Havre, Marseilles, Barcelona, Genoa, Ghent, and Antwerp and in America at Houston and in Texas, and during the last four years Mr. B. J. Modi, a partner in the said firm, has been travelling in the Countries and to the places named in connection with such business.

Messrs. Lalji Naranji & Co., have also a considerable local business in cotton, jute, seeds, oils, groundnuts, etc.

It is intended that the whole of the business referred to above shall be carried on in he tfuture by the Company, and although Messrs. Lalji Naranji have incurred considerable expense in building up their Export and Import business, the goodwill of which they will in effect transfer to the Company, they do not ask for any consideration from the Company by way of a purchase price for such goodwill either in cash or in shares, but the business having reached large deimensions,they believe that it is capable of much greater development by the introduction of capital to finance its operations and they are content to take an option to subscribe at par for the 10,000 Shares in the capital of the Company which it is intended to reserve for future issue, such option to be exercised on or before the 30th June 1925.

It is proposed at the outset to carry on a general Export and Import business in the export of cotton, jute and seeds and the import of commodities and goods suitable to the Indian markets, and also to undertake Agency business of all descriptions, but as the success of the Company becomes assured it is intended to extend the scope of its operations and power to embark upon general enterprise has been taken in the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

The following figures taken from the Government Review of Trade of India give some idea not only of the vast bulk of such trade, but also of the steady increase during the years mentioned. The figures quoted are in Rupees.

TOTAL TRADE WITH BRITISH EMPIRE AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

BRITISH EMPIRE—

1913-14	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
Rs. 1,95,76,35,000	2,21,33,40,000	2,23,70,55,000	2,29,50,15,000

FOREIGN COUNTRIES (other than British)—

Rs. 1,74,19,95,000 . 1,73,45,25,000 1,69,27,50,000 1,93,39,50,00

The total Export–Import Trade of India for the year 1919-20 has gone above Rs. 5,54,96,37,884.

These figures demonstrate not only the volume of trade actually done, but coupled with the rapid advance of India and the growth of Indian enterprise they indicate the possibilities of the extension of the trade of the Country both in exports and imports, and it is needless to say that such extension can only be assured by the provision of capital.

MANAGING AGENTS.—Messrs. Lalji Naranji and Company will be the Agents of the Company for the period of thirty years from the date of the registration of the Company and thereafter until they shall resign or shall be removed from their office by a Special Resolution of the Company, but with liberty for the said Firm to resign such appointment and to retire from the Agency at any time by twelve calender months' notice in writing to expire at the end of any financial year of the Company. The remuneration of the said Firm as such Agents will be a commission of ten per cent on the net profits of the Company to be increased to fifteen per cent in such years as the shareholders receive a return of fifteen per cent or upwards on the amount for the time being paid up on their shares by way of dividend and–or bonus, and an allowance of Rs.1,500 per mensem or such larger sum as may from time to time be fixed by the Board of Directors.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION.

The minimum subscription on which the Directors may proceed to allotment is 20,000 Shares.

No underwriting commission has been or will be paid.

AGREEMENT.

The following Agreement has been entered tinto :—

An agreement dated the 26th July 1920 and made between the Company of the one part and LaljiNaraji,Brijlal Jekisondas Modi and Jeevandas Purshotum Dutia, the partners in the firm of Messrs. Lalji Naranji and Company, of the other part,being theAgreement for the appointment of the said firm of Messrs. Lalji Nranji and Company as the Managing Agents of the Company for the period and upon the terms mentioned in the body of the Prospectus, and conferring upon the said Firm the option referred to in the body of the Prospectus.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS.

Mr. Lalji Naranji and Mr. B.J. Modi as partners in the firm of Messrs. Lalji Naranji and Company are interested in the remuneration to be earned under the foregoing Agreement

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES.

The preliminary expenses payable by theCompany are estimated at Rs. 10,000 exclusive of brokerage.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of the above Agreement can be inspected at the office of Managing Agents of the Company, at any time during business hours.

A copy of the Company's Memorandum of Association is attaced to this Prbspectus and forms part of it.

ALLICATION FOR SHARES.

Application for shares should be made upon the form accompanying this Prospectus AND FORWARDED DIRECT TO THE COMPANY'S BANKERS, THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED, BOMBAY,TOGETHER WITH A REMITTANCE OF THE AMOUNT OF THE APPLICATION MONEY.

This issue of shares is subject to the condition that the Certificates of the shares will be completed and ready for delivery within eight months after the allotment of the shares.

Where no allotment is made, the deposit will be returned in ful, and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance of the deposit will be applied towards the amount payable on allotment.

Failure to pay any furture instalments on shares allotted when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture.

Prospectuses and forms of application can be obtained at the Registered Office or at the office of the Managing Agents of the Company named above.

BROKERAGE.

Brokerage will be paid at the rate of one per cent in respect of accepted applications bearing bona fide broker's stamps.

Dated Bombay, the Twenty-sixth day of July 1920.

LALJI NARANJI.
RAMESHWARDAS BIRLA.
A. GEDDIS.
CHATRABHUJ GORDHANDAS.
GOPALDAS TRIKAMJEE.
G. E. D. LANGLEY.
MOTILAL CHHOGAMAL.
B. J. MODI.

COTTON & COMMERCIAL TRUST, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, 1913.)

No.———

CAPITAL .. .. Rs. **60,00,000**

Issue of 50,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each, at par.

To

TO DIRECTORS OF

COTTON & COMMERCIAL TRUST, LIMITED.

GENTLEMEN,

Having paid to THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION LIMITED, BOMBAY, the sum of Rs. being a deposit of Rs. 5 per share in respect of Shares of the abovenamed Company, I–we request you to allot me–us that number of Shares and I–we hereby agree to accept the same or any smaller number that may be allotted to me–us upon the terms of your Prospectus dated the 26th day of July 1920, and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company ; and I–we authorize you to place my–our name on the Register of Members of the Company in respect of the Shares allotted to me–us. I–We also agree to pay the sum of Rs. 5 per Share on Allotment, and the further instalments in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus.

Signature .....
Name in full .....
Address .....
.....
Description .....
DATED.....1920.

.....

COTTON & COMMERCIAL TRUST, LIMITED.

No.———

Banker's Receipt for Application Deposit.

RECEIVED the.....day of.....1920 from..... .....the sum of Rupees.....being a deposit of Rs. 5 per Share on..... Shares in the abovenamed Company.

FOR THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

Rs.———— Accountant.

(This receipt must be preserved to be exchanged hereafter for a Share Certificate.)

This form must be sent entire to the Company's Bankers, The International Banking Corporation, Limited, Bombay.

THE WEATHER

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Total Rainfall up to 8 a. m. of 20th Aug.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a. m. of 1920.	Total since 1st June, 1920.	June 1st to 8 a.m. of 20th Aug. 1918.	1919.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	0·11	33·68	18· 6	52 94
Fort (St. George's Hospital)	0·23	39·13	17·92	58·76
Esplanade (Gok Tej. Hospital)	0·16	38·21	18·69	56·38
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	0·13	38·63	21 54	60·93

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, 19th Augt. 1920.

Means of observations taken at 0 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p. m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	29.955 Inches
Temperature of Air	81.1 Degs.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76.2 "
Dew Point	74.4 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.804 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy 10)	7.2 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86.2 "
minimum do.	77.0 "
General Direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	WSW,W.
Movement of Wind	137 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.03 Inches.
Total fall during month	2.54 "
Do. year	34.92 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 20th	0.08 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights the tides in Bombay Harbour, during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill	Day of Month	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill
	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.
Sat.	21	m 4 7	25 3	21	m 9 44	20 7
		5 51a	24 11		10 14a	18 5
Sun.	22	m 5 0	24 8	22	m 10 59	21 4
		4 4a	24 1		11 18a	18 11
Mon.	23	m 6 28	24 2	23	0 48a	21 8
		5 47a	23 6			
Tues	24	m 8 3	24 5	24	m 0 29	19 1
		7 0a	23 5		2 6a	21 3
Wed.	25	m 9 6	25 1	25	m 1 34	18 10
		8 24	23 11		3 2a	20 7
Thur	26	m 9 47	25 9	26	m 2 32	18 4
		9 24a	24 4		3 42a	19 9
Fri	27	m 10 32	25 12	27	m 3 58	19 6
		8 12	25 1a		9 27a	17 8

DAILY WEATHER REPORT,

Summary of observations recorded at hours on Friday, the 20th August 1920, giving data for the preceding 24 hors.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is generally below normal in the east and north Punjab. Day temperature is above the average in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are practically clear except at Allahabad. The air is generally drier than usual. Day temperature remains above the average throughout.

Sind and Rajputana.—The sky is heavily clouded at Karachi and Mount Abu, and is clear elsewhere. Night temperature is generally below the average in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kadhiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.16" of rain, Veraval 0.... and Indore 0.24". Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is below normal at Rajkot and Dwarka. Night temperature is in defect at Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the south of the division; Akola reports 0.12", Nagpur 0.59", Chanda 0.39" and Raipur 0.43". Skies are moderately clouded. Day temperature has fallen generally but is still in slight excess at Akola.

The Konkan.—Bombay has had 0.11" of rain, Mormugao 0.59" and Karwar 1.04" Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in east Hyderabad; Nizamabad reports 0.50" and Hyderabad 0.52" Skies are modrately or heavily clouded. Humidity is in excess at Nizamabad. Day temperature is above normal at Malegaon.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the South Konkan, east Hyderabad, the south of the Central Provinces and south-east Madras, and local in Malabar, Mysore, the south of Gujarat and Kathiawar and in Central India West. Day temperature has fallen to the normal in the central parts of the country, but continues in excess in the United Provinces and the east Punjab, where the air is also drier than usual.

Forecast.—Some extension of rainfall is probable in the south Bombay and the Madras Deccan.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 19th August 1920.

The monsoon has strengthened and rain has been widespread in the Peninsula and the central parts of the country. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, the Central Provinces and the Madras Deccan, and local in Bihar and Orissa, Mysore, Malabar and on the north Madras coast. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, the north Punjab, Kashmir, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and south Hyderabad.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Tavoy two inches; Dhubri five; Cherrapunji six; Cox's Bazar, Bogra and half; Jessore five; Jalpaiguri, Murree, Seoni two.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 20th AUG. 1920.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum Past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity 8 hrs.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Total, 1st June to date.	Departure, 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	95.7	80.5	69	..	..	—0.01
Do. (19th)	99.2	79.5	70	0	0	—0.01
Jask	95 3	80.3	87	0	0	—0.08
Muskat	91.3	83.4	84	0	0	—0.17
Do. (18th)	92.2	82.2	80	0	0	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	100.2	81.8	70	..	2.30	—1.88
Rawalpindi	91.7	74.0	70	..	9.52	—6.84
Lahore	95.5	80.5	61	..	7.06	—3.62
Hissar	101.4	78.6	55	..	4.46	—3.65
Ambala	98.8	78.5	67	..	10.95	—5.58
Delhi	96 8	79.1	64	..	20.64	+4.72
UNITED PROVINCES.						
Agra	94.6	77.8	68	..	17.43	+1.22
Mainpuri	96.1	78.0	66	..	17.92	—2.70
Jhansi	98.2	75.9	72	..	15.80	—3.28
Cawnpore	96.4	79.1	66	..	20.06	—6.48
Allahabad	99.6	81.5	67	..	30.00	+0.41
SIND & RAJPUTANA.						
Jacobabad	103.1	81.2	67	..	1.46	—0.60
Karachi	84.0	79.2	82	..	0.53	—4.84
Ajmer	96.4	78.4	74	..	19.78	+6.66
Jaipur	99.6	1.2	70	..	28.19	+13.36
Kotah	99.6	75.4	70	..	18.64	+1.39
Mount Abu	70.4	61.0	91	..	31.15	—0.88
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR & CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	89.8	75.7	84	..	10.40	—0.39
Dwarka	85.6	75.4	72	..	9.62	—1.35
Veraval	82.0	76.8	85	0.10	17.22	+3.09
Rajkot	70.4	72.2	90	..	10.54	—2.84
Bhavnagar Para	86.6	76.8	72	..	19.00	+3.93
Surat	88.6	74.8	90	0.16	24.71	0.46
Ahmedabad	92.6	76.1	80	..	18.85	—3.95
Deesa	90.9	70.5	80	..	12.68	—4.98
Neemuch	88.0	70.1	84	..	24.71	+6.91
Indore	84.0	72.4	84	0.24	26.88	+6.56
CENTRAL PROVINCES						
Jubbulpore	87.8	76.3	81	..	28.09	—13.72
Saugor	88.6	72.0	79	..	29.77	—0.20
Hoshangabad	87.4	74.0	87	..	18.04	—13.47
Khandwa	88.6	75.1	76	..	17.59	—0.51
Akola	91.6	74.8	75	0.12	7.61	—11.90
Amraoti	88.7	74.3	75	0.01	10.40	—9.52
Nagpur	87.4	74.3	79	0.59	20.65	—9.74
Chanda	87.9	74.4	80	0.39	19.71	—12.83
Raipur	86.4	74.0	86	0.43	28.10	—8.61
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.2	76.7	81	0.11	33.68	—19.75
Ratnagiri	88.3	76.1	84	0.03	45.52	—31.10
Marmagoa	82.9	74.0	89	0.59	69.51	—18.95
Karwar	79.0	73 8	93	1.04	62.74	—29.34
BOMBAY DECCAN & HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	92.1	72.4	66	..	4.45	—7.12
Ahmednagar	86.9	69.1	76	..	3.21	—7.25
Poona	83.0	68.7	80	..	12.13	—3.11
Sholapur	87.7	70.1	70	..	3.62	—8.45
Bijapur	85.8	68.7	76	..	6.48	—9.84
Belgaum	86.2	64.5	93	0.01	27.51	—5.44
Aurangabad	88.3	70.4	72	..	4.06	—11.22
Nizamabad (Indr)	88.2	72.8	92	0.50	15.74	—8.72
Hyderabad	86.0	72.2	82	0.52	12.54	—2.96
MALABAR & CEYLON.						
Mangalore	79 9	72.4	97	0.48	92.99	+2.88
Calicut	77.8	73.0	95	..	97.24	+20.05
Cochin	81.7	72.8	80	0.37	77.68	+17.17
Colombo	84.4	77.7	84	..	20.42	+5.17
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) & MYSORE—						
Masulipata	95.2	76.2	72	..	9.59	—5.84
Bellary	96.5	74.0	70	..	4.19	—1.15
Cuddapah	89.4	75.5	78	..	7.52	—2.97
Madras	96.0	76.3	84	0.15	4.64	—4.06
Bangalore	81.6	64.7	94	0.52	7.41	—3.01
Coimbatore	87.3	71.6	86	..	3.23	—0.97
Trichinopoly	96.6	74.8	84	0.24	1.46	—3.07
Negapatam	92.1	78.0	88	1.10	3.34	—2.21

STANDING BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and the level of the tide at 6-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 20th August 1920 was 29.936 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased 0.13 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 188 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 6-42 a.m., Standard Time the ship's barometer readings spould be increased by 0.01 inch for every 16 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

MILL-STORES.

August 20.

The growth of activity in Cotton Healds has been notable, and the trend of prices has been steadily upwards. Large lots have now passed away from the hands of weak holders, and the Quotations are Rs. 3 and upwards Home quotations are nearly O. S., C.I.E. Bombay. Reeds are quoted at 5 annas per 100 dents. Old lots are still available in the markets. Roller-cloth and other woolen sundries have been rather of firm and steady tone. Roller-skins, (Welsh, headmost and cal and monkey Brand) are good in demand. Best hairy Picking bands are quoted at Rs. 3 per lb., whereas Brooksbank quality is ruling between Rs. 2½ and 2¾ per lb., Doffer and cylinder fillets in pair have greatly in creased in demand, and the prices have gone to nearly Rs. 1-12-0 to Rs. 2. Japanese shuttles have sagged low, and the demand, in comparison with eng. is poor. However, Jap. slubbings and Rowings have still fair consumption, Indenting in Jap. Bobbins is largely at a discount. The quotation are as follows:—

Shuttles Eng. 14½, Rs. 35.
Shuttles Jap. 13½, Rs. 7/9.
Slubbings Jap. Rs. 45/50.
Healds, Rs. 3.
Reeds, As. 4 to 5.
Roller Cloth (k), Rs. 6 to 7.
Roller skins (Eng. 26 by 22", Rs. 70/80.
Picking Bands (hairy), Rs. 3.
Picking Bands (Brooks bank), Rs. 2/10.
Pickers No. 4, Rs. 70/85.

The first annual report of the Parsi Charity organisation is issued which states that the society was launched into existence in July 1919. They have on their roll 77 ordinary members and 9 life members.

The Society has now built up a Central Register of the names of all Parsis who live in the city and who receive periodic help from the different charity funds in Bombay. The Register records in addition to names, the addresses of such persons and the amount of periodic help they receive.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS

Aug. 20.

S S Iran, Sanderson, Busreh.
S S Kalomo, Abbey, New York.
S S Kasama, Metcalf, Berkenhead.
S S Kaiser-i-Hind, Palmer, London.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
S S Mantua, Paterson, London.
S S Queda, Prince, Calcutta.
S S Orissa, Bishop, Calcutta.
S S Warora, Adie, Rangoon.
S S Saigon Maru, Ijichi, Kobe etc.
S S City of Durham, Williams, Marmagoa.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Gablonz for Trieste etc.
Steamer Pentacota for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Nawshera for Calcutta.
Steamer Karapara for Durban etc.
Steamer Dogra for Java.

S S Iran:—The P G S N Co's steamer Iran, 1919 tons, Captain R H D Sanderson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo and 12 passengers.

S S Kalomo:—The W and A Graham Co's steamer Kalomo, 3209 tons, Captain H J Abbey, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Kasama:—The steamer Kasama, 2944 tons, Captain D H Metcalf, arrived in harbour yesterday from Berkenhead, with a general cargo.

S S Queda:—The B I S N Co's steamer Queda, 4944 tons, Captain E Prince, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with ballast.

S S Orissa:—The B I S N Co's steamer Orissa, 3525 tons, Captain W J Bishop, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with ballast.

S S Warora:—The B I S N Co's steamer Warora, 1336 tons, Captain R Adie, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with same bottom cargo.

S S Saigon Maru:—The O S K steamer Saigon Maru, 2757 tons, Captain I Ijichi, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Kobe, etc., with a general cargo.

S S City of Durham:—The City Line steamer City of Durham, 3460 tons, Captain Q Williams, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Marmagoa, with same bottom cargo.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Friday, 20th August 1920.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B Kamentz			
Podalok	..Hull	N F	..W & A G & Co
C/R Dogra	.. N F	28-8	..T M & Co
A Hartmore	..Hull	30-8	..T M & Co
O War Guta	..P Gulf	24-8	..M M & Co
P Baron Fairlie	.. N F	N F	..J F & Co
Offside M			
Shinkai Maru	.. N F	N F	..N Y Kaisha
M Egypt	.. N F	N F	..M M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Bahadur	..Karachi	21-3	..K N & Co
Indravati	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co
Allahabadi	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co
Sabarmati	..Bhavnagar	22-3	..K N & Co
Saraswati	..Marmagoa	21-8	..K N & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ferrara	..Abadan	24-8	..S W & Co
5 Ahmedi	..P Gulf	23-8	..S Hassant & Co
6 Fratelli Bandiera	..Genoa	25-8	..M Italiana
7 Rampur	..Coast Port	24-8	..A I & O N Co
8 Vigo	..Hull	25-8	..T M & Co
9 Burma Maru	..Kobe	23-8	..O S Kaisha
10 Baharein	..Red Sea	23-8	..P M & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Nowshera	..Calcutta	23-8	..M M & Co
2 Warturm	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co
3 Cocanada	.. N F	N F	..K N & Co
4 Castalia	..Liverpool	23-8	..M M & Co
6 Chindwara	.. N F	23-8	..W & A G & Co
7 Australia	..Karachi	N F	..M M & Co
9 C London	..Liverpool	N F	..B N & Co
Jetty End			
8 Varela	..Basra	27-8	..M M & Co
10 Rio Negro	.. N F	28-8	..M M
11 Gambhira	..Calcutta	21-3	..M M & Co
12 A. Gray Cloud	Calcutta	N F	..M M & Co
12 Chanda	..Antwerp	N F	..M M & Co
13 Loyalty	..Marseilles	23-8	..N M & Co
16 Eduard Woerman	..Basra	..	..W & A G & Co
17 Tarcoa	..E & S Africa	N F	..M M & Co

HUGHES DRY DOCK.

Euard Woerman. .. 19-8 ..W & A G & Co

EXPORTS

Aug. 20.

S S Chanda for London:—60 cwts linseed oil cake, R P Wagh and Co; 4000 cwts saltpetre, Ralli Bros; 18 cwts gum assefoctida, E Nowroji and Co.

S S City of London for Liverpool:—50 bales cotton, Latham Abercrombie and Co; 65 bales wool raw, E Dossa and Co; 148 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 12 bales wool, Killick Nixon and Co.

S S Castalia for Liverpool:—200 bales cotton fly, C Chundulal and Co; 200 bales cotton fly, B Meyer and Co; 4000 cwts myrabolams, S G Karmarkar; 500 cwts kissmiss, M Jafferbhoy.

S S Castalia for Glasgow:—1212 cwts linseed oil cake, R P Wagle and Co.

S S Castalia for Marseilles:—2 cases cotton, N Rajaram and Co; 256 cwts dry casings, Ad. Meyer.

S S Chanda for Genoa:—2002 cwts linseed, 2001 cwts gingelly seeds, 4004 cwts rape seeds, Societa Granaria Italiana Ltd.

S S Chanda for Switzerland:—4000 cwts gingelly seeds, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

S S Loyalty for Genoa:—200 bales cotton T P, Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co; 2[illegible] bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Hartmore for Hull:—4000 cwts ground nuts, Sandy and Co; 10000 cwts cotton seeds, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2000 cwts castor seeds, Ralli Bros.

S S Shini Maru for Osaka:—143 balse cotton, R D Tata and Co.

S S Shini Maru for Kobe:—57 bales cotton, R D Tata and Co.

S S Shini Maru for Hongkong:—56 bales cotton, Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS

Aug. 20.

S S Nankin from London, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie:—32 boxes bar gold, 1 box gold coin, 479 bars silver, 57 cases medicines, 28 cases cigarettes, 34 cases chocolate, 16 cases perfumed spirits, 21 cases cotton embroideries, 3 bales cotton waste, 90 cases cotton piece-goods, 7 cases cotton coverts, 4 casks liquid office gum, 30 casks ink in bottle, 18 cases paper, 2 cases rubber goods, 2 cases medical goods, 3 cases woollens, 15 cases stationery, 16 cases carbolic acid, 11 bales carpets, 330 drums linseed oil, 2030 kegs paint, 1200 reels coir discs, 30 cases oil varnish, 4 cases varnish 100 cases beer, 8 cases wine, 1700 casks cement.

S S Ahmedi from Persian Gulf, Agents The Eastern S N Co Ltd:—18 bundles skins, 34 bundles 20 bags tobacco, 86 fundles leaves, 14 bags attari, 3 cases guts, 2 bundles rugs, 265 bags dry dates, 10 bags almond seeds.

S S Rampur from Rangoon, Agents Anglo-India Colonial N Co Ltd:—12949 pieces 1390 bundles teak scantlings, 514 pieces teak planks, 15 cases cotton thread, 820 bags 58 robbins copra, 928 bundles 271 jottas 55 coils coir rope, 3255 bundles 215 jottas coir yarn, 363 bags paper, 80 robbins dry ginger, 2 bags cotton seed, 131 bags turmeric, 58 casks ground nut oil, 367 bags cocoanuts, 532 bags dry cocoanuts.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, 5989 tons, Captain W B Palmer, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with the outward mails of the 5th instant, a general cargo and 378 passengers.

S S Mantua:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer Mantua, 5889 tons, Captain W H Paterson, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

REGULAR SUPPLY OF

PETROL
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BUY COUPON BOOKS for 25, 50 or 100 GALLONS

Having made special arrangements for obtaining PETROL from out-stations regularly, we are now enabled to supply PETROL to Coupon-Book Holders and others; and our Clients are respectfully requested to purchase Coupon Books to ensure regular supplies.

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SANDHURST BRIDGE.
CHOWPATI, BOMBAY.
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The Suppat Motor Co.
RAVAL BUILDINGS.
LAMINGTON ROAD, BOMBAY.
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Malaviya Brothers & Co.
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CORPOSANT THE BEST BRITISH PATENT DRY POWDER.

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Brings fire under control, instantaneously extinguishes burning petrol, Celluloid, Oils, and all common inflammables.

EVER-LASTING
EFFECTIVE
CHEAP
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Specially recommended for:—
Fire-Brigades, Public and Private Buildings, Cinema Houses, Theatres, Hotels, Motor Cars and Motor Lorries, Carrages.

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Sole Agents:—
K. H. KABBUR & Co.,
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THE EXCELSIOR.
Direction:—Madan Theatres, Ld.
Management:—J. F. Madan & Co.
THE YEARS DRAMATIC EVENT!
COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, 25th Aug
MR. H. B. WARING
and his Specially Selected LONDON COMPANY IN A POWERFUL REPERTOIRE OF FAMOUS PLAYS.
Wed. 25th & Thurs. 26th at 9-30 p.m.
"THE CHOICE"
by Alfred Sutro.
The Great Success from Wyndhams Theatre.
Fri. 27th & Sat. 28th, at 9-30 p.m.
"MR. PIN PASSES BY"
by A. A. Milne.
The Play that has broken all records at five London theatres and still running.
Sunday, 29th Aug., at 5-30 p.m.
SPECIAL REDUCED PRICE MATINEE.
The Famous Rollicking Comedy by Oliver Goldsmith
"SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."
A beautiful Production and Brilliantly Costumed.
Mon., 30th Aug., at 9-30 p.m. sharp
"SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER."
Tues. 31st Aug. & Wed. 1st Sep. at 9-30 p.m.
The Thrilling Detective Story by "Sherlock Holmes."
"THE SPECKLED BAND"
Charles. Quartermaine es "Sherlock Holmes."
Wed., Sept. 1st, at 5-30 p.m. sharp
SPECIAL REDUCED PRICE MATINEE,
"MR. PIN PASSES BY"
Price as Usual
PLANS at ROSE & Co.

Re: INCOME TAX AND EXCESS PROFITS TAX
Please consult
SHARANGDHAR & CO.
whose accounting experience extends over 25 years.
at 53, Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 19.

The market to-day opened firm. Coal shares were again in fair inquiry but there were few sellers inclined to meet buyers' ideas. The jute section was brisk and a large business was recorded in the favourite bazar stocks, Anglo India, Kamarhatty and Lansdowne were chiefly in inquiry at prices above yesterday's closing rates. In the miscellaneous section Cotton was firmer, and Sugars steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Barabobni 16/12; Bengal 804 sl; Bhulanbararee 46/8; Burrakur 55/8; Ghusick 25/8; Khas Gherria 55/8; Kasta 15/14; North West (fully paid) 72/8; Standard 91; Patmohna 14/4; Sendra 31/4; Sudamdih 4/2.

Jute:—Anglo India 480; Auckland 465; Benjamin 2 discount; Budge Budge 710; Caledonian 775; Clive 390; Dalhousie 668/8 and 661 sl; Empire 99/8; and 101 sl; Gourepore 1,407/8; Gondalpara 1,880 and 1,909/8 sl; Howrah 58/12; Hooghly 143/8; Hukumchand par; Kamarhatty 1053; Kanknarrah 800; Kinnison 1,427/8; Khandah 77 sl; Lansdowne 545; Nuddea 86/8; Reliance 59/12; Standard 839 sl.

Miscellaneous:—Albion Tanner 9/4; Assam Sugar 10/12; Agra United Mills 0/8 prem; Anglo Oriental Navigation 33; Bhatpara Power 9 prem; Bengal Bridge and Bolts 17/12; British India Tobacco 10/4; British India Corporation (ord. 13/4; (defd) 22/4 sl; Burmah Finance and Mining 10/8; Calcutta Industrial Bank 0/10 prem; Central Provinces Cement 11/2; Carew and Coy 120; Cawnpore Sugar 55 cd; Calcutta Oil and Cake 14; Darjeeling Himalayan Railway 171 Dunbar Cotton 685; Frank Ross (Cal. 12/10; Great Eastern Hotel 250; Hume Pipe 17/10; Hajarkool Oil 15/6; India General Navigation (debs) 73; Indian Iron and Steel (old) 103; Kumardhubi Engineering 30/4; Kesoram Cotton 21/4; Mohini Mills 0/4 discount; Madans Theatre 15/4; Marshall Sons and Coy 11/4; Muir Mills 396; New Ring Mills 1,365, New Savan Sugar 16/8; New Pioneer 16/4; Premier Soap 11/2; Pioneer Sugar 21; Somasipore Sugar 18/4; Tinnevelly Textile 20/8; Titaghur Paper 513.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 59-2 and small lots at 59/10. War Bonds short loans (1922) 98/8 and 1928 at 99/8 per cents.

A public meeting of the Citizens of Bhiwani held on the 18th instant protested against the establishment of a slaughter house for a tanning factory at Ratona, Central Provinces. It was also resolved to hold the Ambala Divisional Conference there.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Aug. 18th.

		Bales.
Total Days Sales at Liverpool		5,000
" " Sales on Spec & for Exp.		Nil
" " Sales of East Indians		
" " Imports		27.42
Mid. American Spot		71.00
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakels		29.82
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Oct.	28.15
	Jan.	27.81
	Mar.	28.96
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Oct.	27.80

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 18th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's prices.
Aug.	£s 17 "
Sept.	:
Oct.	\
Nov.	21.
Dec.	
Jan.	20.81—
Feb.	
Mar.	20.28—
April	
May	19.90—4
June	
July	19.48—6

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 18th.

Months	To-day's price.
Aug.	21.76— 0
Sept.	22.80+ 5
Oct.	22.10— 2
Nov.	21.46— 6
Dec.	21.06— 3
Jan.	20.85— 3
Feb.	20.5?— 3
March	20.31— 3
April.	20.09— 7
May	19.67—27
June	19.66— 8
July	19.46— 8

Tone :—Quiet.

Liverpool, Aug. 19th.

Months.	To-day's price.
Aug.	23.00—76
Oct.	21.45—42
Jan.	20.20—65
Mar.	19.66—65

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 18th.

M.G. Bengal Good	9.00
" " Fully Good	9.75
" " Fine	10.25
" No 1 Oomra Good	15.00
" " Fully Good	16.00
" " Fine	16.60
" Broach Good M.G.	19.10
" " " "	19.60
" " " "	20 10
" " " "	8 82
" Broach Good	9 57
" " Fully Good	10.07
" " Fine	

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 18th

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	3 000
" Exports to Great Britain	9,000
" " to Continent	Nil
Futures at New York Oct.	28.75—83
" " Jan.	27.22—73
" " Mar.	27.00—65
Tone :—Steady.	
Spot Cotton at New York	35 00— 1
" " Orleans	33 25—75
Futures at New Orleans July	28.09—71
" Oct.	26.85—75
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/4
Demand Bills	3 60.25
Silver Commercial Bars	
U. S. Mined Refined	99½
Do. Foreign	98

New York, Aug. 19th.

Futures at New York Oct.	27 86—89
" " Jan.	26 25—97
" " Mar.	26.10—90

MONEY MARKETS.

London, Aug. 17th.

Rentes 3%	55
Bar Silver Spot	58 3/4
" 2 months hence	60
Closing Tone of Silver :—China buying steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 7 per cent since 7th April 1920.	
Discount Bank 3 m/st.	6 5/8
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	6 15/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	7 1/8
" " " 6 "	7 1/2
Bar Gold (per oz.)	114
Interest day to day loans	5
" 7 days market loans	5 1/2
Telegraphic Transfers	46 1/8
Consols 2½%	54 3/4 Unchgd
Rupee Paper 3½%	52 3/4+¼
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loans	46+¼
Government Securities 3 %	50.00
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£74½
Hongkong Bank	£113½
National Bank	£52

London, Aug. 18th.

Rente 3%	56
Bar Silver Spot	60 1/2
" 2 months hence	60 1/4
Closing Tone of Silver :—China buying steady buyers.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 7 per cent since 7th April 1920.	
Discount Bank Bill 3 m/st.	6 5/8
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	6 15/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	7 1/8
" " " 6 "	7 1/2
Bar Gold (per oz.)	114
Interest day to day loans	5
" 7 days market loans	5 1/2
Telegraphic Transfers	46 1/8
Consols 2½%	54 3/4
Rupee Paper 3½%	52 3/4
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loans	46 1/4
Government Securities 3 %	50 10
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£74½
Hongkong Bank	£113½
National Bank	

WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 17th

Funding Loan 4% 1960/90	£68 5/8 Unchgd.
Victory Bonds 4%	£77 5/8—¼
War Loan 5% 1929/47	£85 Unchgd.

London, Aug. 18th.

Funding Loan 4% 1960/90	£68½
Victory Bonds 4%	£77½
War Loan 5% 1929/47	£85 3/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Aug. 17th.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lb. Sellers	94
Australian—61lbs. Sellers	86

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£32
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£33
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept Sellers	£30
Tone of Rapeseed :—Slow.	
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£39
Tone of Linseed :—Quieter more offered.	
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plate) Aug. Buyers Easier	£34½
Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) July-Aug Buyers	£13
Torla Rapeseed.—Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£32½

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£105
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£103
Copper Braziers	£166
Yellow Metals	18
Hard Spelters	30
Corrugated Sheets	£53½

JAVA SUGAR.

Fine White Jaca C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Value	
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Aug.-Sept. Second hand Sellers	8
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi Aug.-Sept. Value	87/8
Tone :—Quiet.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Sept.-Oct.	1/9½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Aug. Paid Speculative Buying	1/9½

London, Aug. 18th.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lb. Sellers	94
Australian—61lbs. Sellers	86

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold Aug.-Sept. Paid Sellers	£32½
Rapeseed Yellow Guzrat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£33½
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£30
Tone of Rapeseed :—Dull.	
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£39½
Tone of Linseed :—Steady.	
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plata) Aug. Sellers	£35
Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) July-Aug. Buyers	£13½
Torla Rapeseed.—Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£33

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£105
Standard Copper G.M.B	£94
Copper Braziers	£166
Yellow Metals	18
Hard Spelter	30
Corrugated Sheets	53½

JAVA SUGAR.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Value	87
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Aug.-Sept. Second hand Sellers	87
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi Aug.-Sept. Value	87/6
Tone :—Quiet.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Sept.-Oct.	1/9½
Plantation First Latesz Crepe Aug. Paid Buyers	1/11½
Tone :—Quieter.	

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW.

London, Aug. 18th.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow	79/6
" " Mutton "	79/6
General Tone of Tallow Auction	Quiet

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From Our Correspondent.)

August, 20.

During the past week there has been sharp decline in the Home markets owing, partly to portfolio liquidations and financial difficulties, and partly to a feeling that the American crop (in spite of attempted scares of too much rain and of damage by wrivil) is steadily improving. The crop has undoubtedly made a wonderful recovery from the lowest condition on record for May, to what may be anticipated as the best condition on record for August, or at any rate an extraordinarily good condition for that month. In New York there has been a drop to 19th instant of 351 points for October, 270 points for January and 240 points for March, and Liverpool to 19th instant was 160 lower for October 140 points lower for January and 132 points lower for March. Possibly we may see some reaction shortly, but much depends on the political situation. Near months have given way more than distant positions, and the difference between Oct.-March in Liverpool narrowed from 210 points to 132 points.

Notwithstanding the decline at Home the local market has kept steady the lowest and highest prices for Fully Good Broach, August during the week bring Rs. 441 and Rs. 448. Yesterday the range was only from Rs. 447 to Rs. 444, the market closing at Rs. 445. To-day the Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 444, and closing quotations are given below.

It is now only a few days to the settlement which will take place on 24th instant, as the 25th instant is a Public Holiday. It is unlikely that any material change either way will occur before the settlement. The quotation for ready Fully Good Broach yesterday was Rs. 450. Fine Oomra Sept. and Fully Good Bengal Sept. have kept steady, as also good Southerns for Sept.-Oct.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate demand by exporters and mills. Prices have been maintained. A fairly reliable estimate of the balance of this season's crop remaining up country is 800,000 bales. As this must eventually come down to this market, or at all events the greater portion of it, it will help to swell the receipts into Bombay next season.

Crop reports are better. From a private source we hear that the crop in the United Provinces, Punjab and Sind is doing well, and is likely to be as good as the past season. Rain has fallen in parts of the Berars and Central Provinces, but in Khamgaum is urgestly wanted. Good rain has fallen in the Barsi districts where it was much needed, but it is reported that a smaller area has been sown in cotton in this district this year. In Khandesh generally more rain is required. The Broach crop is flourishing but now requires rain. The Multhia crop is doing well and rain would now be beneficial.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS AT 6 P. M.

Fully Good Broach	.. ..	July/Aug.	446
Fully Good Bengal	.. ..	September	269½
Fine Oomra	.. ..	September	2 6
Good Southerns	.. ..	July/Aug.	457
" "	.. ..	Aug.-Sept.	430

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

QUOTATIONS 20TH AUG. 1920.

			Rs.
Fully Good M.G. Bengal	.. ..	Sept.	229
Fully Good M.G. Broach	.. ..	July/Aug.	445
Fine M.G. Oomra	.. ..	Sept.	258

SPOT RATES.

Descriptions	Super fine.	Fine.	F.G.	Good	Delivery
M.G. Bengal	..	243	218	193	Ready
M.G. Sind-Punjab	..	243	218	193	"
M.G. Oomra No. 8.	307	272	232	..	"
M.G. Central P No. 1	389	364	334	..	"
M.G. Central P No. 2	364	329	294	..	"
M.G. Broach	..	475	455	440	"
M.G. F. Americans.	..	..	..	..	"
Saw G. Dharwar	..	..	..	..	"

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, August 20th.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/10 1/8
Bank Demand	1/10 3/16
Acceptance 3m/s	1/11½
Fcs. Demand	426
American Dollars	303
Hongkong "	244½
Shanghai	154
Japan	125½
Sugap	

Market Steady.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

DAILY QUOTATION RATES.

August, 20th 1920

	per lb.	Rs. a. p.
David	No. 16	1 6 6
Sapurji	No. 10½	1 2 0
Currimbhai	No. 12½	1 3 6
Sapurji	No. 6½	0 13 6
Japan	No. 40/1	2 7 0
Do.	No. 42/2	2 7 6
Do.	No. 2/40	2 7 6

METAL.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations

August, 20th 1920.

	per md.	Rs. a. p.
Brass	3/4	89 8 0
Do.	1	89 8 0
Do.	1¼	89 8 0
Do.	1½	89 8 0
Do.	1¾	89 8 0
Do.	2	89 8 0

COPPER RATES.

August, 20th 1920.

	per Md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper	3/4	83 0 0
Do.	1	83 8 0
Do.	1¼	83 8 0
Do.	1½	83 8 0
Do.	1¾	85 8 0
Do.	2	85 8 0
Japanese Copper Barrs		26 8 0
Panchdeka Joint		53 0 0
Copper English-Barrs		39 0 0
Brass-Barrs		

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season :—

Growths.	For week ending 19th Aug. 1920.	Total to date since September 1st.	
		1919/20.	1918/19.
	Bales.	Bales	Bales.
Khandesh	484	364,264	196,759
Central India	2,611	215,866	17,688
Barsee and Nugger	140	200,238	194,3 8
Hyderabad Gaorani	600	133,312	85,886
Berar	2,065	62,,714	446,913
Central Provinces	469	267,7?1	210,814
Total Oomras	6,469	1,898,1?2	1,2?,?,?68
Dholleras	1,508	26,631	67,577
Broach	697	2?3,7	198,844
Compta ans Dharwar	5,218	161,820	154,343
Western-Northerns	3,246	15?,669	142,15?
Bengals (NW. Provinces Rajputana	241	132,626	85,390
	114	52,,?8	54,025
Sind-Punjab	568	367,431	475,764
Canada	294	9,9?1	13,600
Persian	Nil	2,823	2,660
Egyptian	Nil	Nil	121
Other sorts	19	17,372	12,176
Total	20,,?.7	3,376,695	2,56?,314

PETROLEUM.

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY'S QUOTATIONS.

Snowflake	150°	at Rs.	11 0	0 per case
White Rose	150°		11 0	0 "
Chester	125°		10 12	0 "
Monkey	125°		9 12	0 "
Monkey Tins	125°		8 6	0 2 Mds.
Elephant Tins	125°		8 3	0 2 "
Elephant Bulk	125°		6 7	0 8 Imp. Galls.

PIECE-GOODS.

A firmer tone has prevailed in the Cloth market during the past week. As stocks of several sorts are light, sellers have put up the prices of various cloths. The higher level of values, however, has curtailed the demand. The buying capacity of the cultivators has been greatly diminished, as they do not get full return for their products owing to the unfavourable rate of exchange. Besides this, the necessities of life must be first provided for before attention can be diverted to new clothing. The demand has therefore been on very moderate lines, but what is purchased is atonce taken delivery of. Rain has been deficient in some districts and buyers have been chary to purchase freely at the moment. The easier rate of exchange has been causing some anxiety to the merchants. It is also feared that a financial stringency will have to be experienced very shortly and dealers are cautious in committing themselves to fresh transactions beyond their means, the more so, owing to the restriction of credit.

On the other side, the Manchester market has been steady, and there has been more inclination on the part of some makers to book fresh orders. several offers have been exchanged by telegrams and here and there some lots have been placed, but most of the offers have been returned with heavy advances. Importing Firms have not been in the mood to anticipate future requirements of their dealers, as those firms that had ventured to do business on their own acount some months back, find themselves at present in very heavy loss, to the extent of 25 per cent., owing to the fall in exchange and the high basis of cost. The uncertainty which exists with regard to the future level of values has been checking forward business. Makers as well as Manchester merchants were expecting some relief with regard to the Excess Profits Tax, but in spite of strong protests the Government proposals have been recently carried through with some concessions which will remain in force for one year. The cotton operatives of Lancashire had held a conference, in which it was decided to apply to the Government for an official inquiry, by a Royal Commission, into the conditions under which the cotton industry is carried on, and in particular as to the working hours. The present agreement, which was arrived at a year ago, provided for a reduction of working hours from 55½ to 48 per week, and it was stipulated that no further change was to be made for eighteen months. It is probable that at the end of this year a demand for further concessions will be made immediately the present agreement terminates. All this will mean curtailment of production, and if Russia steps in to stimulate the demand higher prices will have to be faced. Egyptian cotton has gone up to 71d. and American spot cotton stands at over 27d., which also tend to add to the cost.

GREYS.

In Manchester Grey Shirtings the tone has been steady, but the off take has not been satisfactory, owing to the competition of local mill cloth, which have been easier to the extent of an anna per lb. Makers of Grey Shirtings in Manchester will have to find new channels for disposing off their production, as these cloths are gradually dying out from the market, and the Japanese and local mill cloths have gained a firm hold.

Local mill Longcloths have been quoted at Rs. 1-12 to Rs. 2-0 0 and Sheetings at an anna per lb. less. Buyers have not been anxious to transact fresh business and mills have not been eager to sell.

In Grey Jaconets there has been some more activity, as stocks are scarce and fresh arrivals are at higher cost. Valves have jumped up by six annas per piece, as a dealer in the bazaar has been out to purchase on speculation. Grey Drills have also advanced to some extent.

WHITES.

In White Goods, Mulls have been the chief attraction. 42 inches by 20 yards Gold End Fine Mulls have been sold in the bazaar, a lot of 20 packages, at Rs. 12 per piece. 55 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have been firm as anticipated. Narrow width Green End Mulls have appreciated in value by two annas per piece. Nainsooks have remained firm and steady, but with little doing. It is reported that a lot of 80 packages of 28 inches by 18 yards Nainsooks have been sold at 10s. 11d. per piece average, for forward delivery. White Shirtings have been moving fairly well. A lot of 40 packages of White Shirtings No. 151 has changed hands in the bazaar at Rs. 24 and the price now stands at Rs. 24-8-0.

STOCK OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.

The list issued by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce indicates a stock of 27,199 bales and 13,656 cases of cotton piece goods as on the 30th June last, which shows an increase of 1627 bales and 4,712 cases compared with the figures of the previous month. The stock of cotton twist and yarns on the 30th June last stands at 3,963 packages, which shows an increase of 728 packages as compared with the previous month. The approximate total deliveries during June last have been 16,883 packages of cotton piece-goods and 5,500 packages of yarns. The Imports during June 1920 of cotton piece-goods have been 23,222 packages and of cotton twist and yarns 6,228 packages including those from Japan.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under :—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs. a. p.
Ralli's Fari No. 2000	38×37½/8	..	17 4 0
" 100000	45× "	..	20 12 0
" No 33000	45× "	..	17 8 0
" 2890	37× "	..	14 8 0
Graham's No. 2720	39× "	..	16 12 0
" "Yellow Horse"	43×39	..	....
" No. 2310	44×38½	..	....
Dewhurst's "BBB"	38× "	..	23 12 0
" "BB"	"	..	22 12 0
" 'Rupee No 5	39× "	..	22 0 0
Bates' No. 12838	41×37½/8	..	36 0 0
Bombay Co's No. 2580	44×38½	..	17 12 0
" No. 1500	39×37½/8	..	17 0 0
" No. 5600	38×37½/8	..	14 8 0
Ritchie's No. 510	39×37½/8	..	16 8 0
" " 4462	41× "	..	17 8 0
" " 1566	33×37/37½	..	10 8 0
Forbes' " 551	38×37½/8	..	....
Lyon's "Shunker"	39× "	..	16 12 0
Fleming's No. 1905	48×36	..	22 8 0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's "Dragon"	29×40	..	32 10 0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	26×40	..	....
Miteul's "Elephant"	29×40	..	29 8 0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	45×22	..	11 10 0
" " 18	40×22	..	9 10 0
" " 138	45×22	..	9 10 0
" " 636	44×22	..	10 10 0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	32×42	..	33 8 0
H.B.T.C. 40090	36×40	..	41 0 0
H.B.T.C 33000	"	..	39 0 0
Ralli's No. 9889	33×40	..	....
Forbes K.B. 100	36×40	..	....
" 151	33×40	..	24 8 0
Fleming's No. 7182	30×20	..	10 4 0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	41×19	..	10 4 0
" No. 60	46×18	..	11 4 0
" No. 600	51×19	..	12 4 0
" No. 6000	56×18	..	13 12 0
" No. 88	58×20	..	11 14 0
" No. 1270	27×18	..	5 10 0
" No. 818	39×20	..	11 10 0
" No. 250 (6 lines)	64×20	..	....
" No. 350 (6 lines)	"	..	17 0 0
" No. 336 (5 lines)	60×20	..	18 8 0
" No. 425 (6 lines)	"	..	18 8 0
" No. 1440	36×20	..	9 4 0
" No. 3352	40×20	..	14 12 0
" No. 2755	"	..	15 12 0
" No. 1703	53×20	..	20 4 0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18	..	5 10 0
" No. 119	37×18	..	7 4 0
" No. 229	42×18	..	7 12 0
" No. 339	47×18	..	8 4 0
" M/418 39," 44," 49,"	54×18	..	9 12 0
" No. 95	58×20	..	11 14 0
" No. 66999	40×18	..	8 8 0
" No. 89999	"	..	8 8 0
" No. 775	40×18	..	8 8 0
" No. 875	45×18	..	8 10 0
" No. 975	50×18	..	9 0 0
" No. 615	"	..	8 8 0
Graham's "Baloon"	58×20	..	11 14 0
" No. 142	34×18	..	11 12 0
" No. 420	36×18	..	11 8 0
Greaves' No. 5060	27×18	..	5 10 0
Fleming's No. 8080	27×18	..	5 8 0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27×18	..	7 12 0
" Nos. 61/81	"	..	....
" No. 1900	"	..	5 14 0
" No. 39620 T.B.	38×22	..	10 4 0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	28×18	..	8 0 0
" 95950/97970 Saraswati"	38×18	..	13 8 0
" "Tipoo" W/WWW	34×18	..	9 4 0
" No. 50000	"	..	10 4 0
" Nos. 33340 33350/33360	"	..	11 4 0
Lyon's Nos. 4546/5666/6767	26×18	..	....
Greaves' Nos. 30000/50000	"	..	7 8 0
" No. 8000 T.B.	38×22	..	10 4 0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5520 S. W. & Co.'s Nos. 5800/5820 "Motor Car"	26×18	..	7 8 0
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	"	..	6 8 0

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of cent. on Grey Goods and 4 per cent. on White Goods.

CURRENT BANK RATES.

England	7	per cent	April 15 1920
France	6	per cent	April 8 1920
Germany	5	per cent	Dec. 28 1914
Russia	6	per cent	July 28 1914
Italy	5	per cent	Nov. 11 1915
Netherlands	4½	per cent	July 1 1914
Belgium	5	per cent	Aug. 20 1915
Austria-Hungary	5	per cent	April 10 1917
Sweden	7	per cent	April 8 1920
Spain	6	per cent	Oct. 28 1914
India Bombay	5	per cent	July 29 1920
India Bengal	5	per cent	July 1 1920
India Madras	6	per cent	July 19 1920

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds daily Quotations Bazaar Rates.

Bombay, Aug. 20th 1920. 6 p. m.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Ball. Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat White, Delhi 70-30	58 0 0	8 8 0
" " Cawnpore 70-30	53 0 0	7 15 0
" Karachi Bansla	55 0 0	8 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Small	12 12 0	13 4 0
" " Cawnpore	12 14 0	13 6 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	14 0 0	14 12 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	15 14 0	17 8 0
" " Thin	16 0 0	16 12 0
Teelseed, White 80-15	92 0 0	19 0 0
" Gajar 70-30	94 0 0	17 4 0
" Gajar 50-5	74 0 0	15 12 0
" Black	54 0 0	13 8 0
Poppyseed, White	18 0 0	17 0 0
Groundnuts	83 0 0	17 0 0
Mowraseed	7 12 0	8 2 0
Barley	42 0 0	....
Castorseed	53 0 0	11 4 0
Cottonseeds	32 0 0	4 14 0

Forward:	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	8 14 0
Wheat Aug.-Sept.	9 0 0
Linseed May	16 1 6
Linseed Sept.	17 8 9

STOCK OF COTTON PIECE-GOODS IN BOMBAY WAREHOUSES.

On the last day of the month.	In 1920.			In 1919.		
	Bales.	Cases.	Totals.	Bales.	Cases.	Totals
Jan.	21,117	4,39?	25,511	54,249	9,252	63,502
Feb.	21,728	5,650	27,378	53,851	8,650	62,501
March	21,901	7,325	29,226	52,481	7,857	60,340
April	23,023	8,360	31,383	48,481	7,136	55,666
May	25,572	8,944	34,516	44 36?	5 940	50,309
June	27,199	13,656	40,855	36,475	5,144	41,617
July				33,071	4,694	37,765
Aug.				24 190	4,782	28,972
Sept.				26,226	5,432	40,990
Oct.				31,629	4,921	36,551
Nov.				27,67?	8,?? 3	?,? 3
Dec.				23,019	3,178	26,196

SUGA MARKET REPORT

Bombay, Aug. 20.

We have to report a very quiet market during the week with easier advices from Java and there being many free sellers prices both for ready and forward have been reduced by more than three rupees per cwt. all round. Speculators and Native importers were very nervous and white Java August-September shipment was sold at Rs. 45 to Rs. 42-8 Free Bombay Harbour and there being many free sellers we expect further decline Calcutta and Karachi markets are quiet with no buyers. Java market is reported very quiet in sympathy with America and prices have been reduced there to 50 gilders without any buyers. London are also anxious sellers and offering White Java August-October shipment at 82s. c.i.f., Bombay. America has collapsed and the price quoted is 10 dollars. The s.s. Dogra has arrived from Java with 70,000 bags of July shipment.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks :—

T. M. O. Rs. 50-0-0 eq. 85s. F. B. Harbour stocks 80,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 46 0-0 eq. 80s. F. B. Harbour stocks 3,000 bags.

Mauritius Rs. 50-0-0 stocks 7,000 bags.

CHEMICALS.

Aug. 20.

The tendency is firm with no further reductions in the market. The quotations for almost all heavy chemicals remained same in the last week. Nothing, therefore, of importance has happened. The volume of business transacted is fair. Sodium, Bic-Polash, Bleaching, etc. changed hands at previous rates.

COLOUR MARKET

Aug. 20.

There are no important fluctuations as the demand is very poor. There are small inquiries from the local mills.

The quotations are:

Congo Red Rs. 4 to 4/4/0 per lb.
Magenta Crystals Rs. 15 to 17 per lb.
Methyl Violet, Rs. 9 to 10 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine Rs. 6 to 7 per lb.
Metanil Yellow Rs. 6 per lb.
Malachite Green, Rs. 10 to 12 per lb.
Sulpher Black Rs. 1/8/0 to 2/8/0 per lb
Alizarine I. P. Rs. 800 to 950 per drum.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Aug. 20.

Bar Gold Ready Rs. 23/13.
Bar Silver Ready Rs. 11¼.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/10 3/8.
D. D. on London 1/10 3/8.
3 M/st D. A. 1/11¼.
D. D. on Paris Frc. 440.
3 M/st D. A. Frc. 510.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 148.
60 D/st Japan Rs. 138.
American Cross Rate dol. 3.60¼.
Paris Cross Rate Frc. 50.55.
London Silver spot D. 61.
London Silver forward D. 61. 8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 86.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22 98/12
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 77.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent. Paper 58/8.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 65.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated 90.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 66
4 per cent. Port Trust short dated 65.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated 65.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 90.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91½ to 92½.

BANK RATES.

Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 4 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

The market was open on Monday and closed on Tuesday and Wednesday but reopened on Thursday. During the short interval that it was open, a fair amount of business was put through. In shares like Nagpurs, Kohinoors and Swadeshis, the fluctuation has been somewhat heavy one. Kohinoors dropped to 3,800 but soon recovered and closed steady at 3,910. Nagpurs dropped at 5,400, but recovered and closed steady at 5,495.

As mentioned in our previous report, the mill companys are paying good dividends for the half year, and the mills are still making good profits. Bear sales in the market are somewhat heavy and in view of that, we think, the market is more likely to advance rather than fall.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange :—

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd. Advance 2,730, By. Cotton 1,270, By. Dyeing 3,555, Century 1,285, Cent. India 5 xd., Colaba Land 3,190, Crescent 712/8, Currimbhoy 1,337/8, David 1,817/8, Fazulbhoy 1,810, Finlay 1,330, Ind. Bleaching 237/8, Ind. Malwa 62½ xd. Kasturchand 2,300, Kohinoor 3,905, New Great 1,035, Pearls 1,302/8, Shapurji 432/8, Simplex 912/8 xrt., Swan 1,435, Swadeshi 5,545.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 865, By. Burma 740 xd., Bt. Burma Petrol 17/8, By. Tram 910, By. Steam 475, Tata Ord. 155, Tata Defd. 900, New India Ins. 11 pr, Tata Hydro 1,075, Tata Oil 5.., Scindia Steam -/8/- pr, Tata Bank 36.

FINANCE.

Money continues easy. The short deposit rate on the banks is 5 to 5½ per cent. for two to three months, period. There is so far no stringency in the money market especially in the Banks and it is reported that the Bazar is also fairly well supplied.

Exchange has been a steady market right throughout the week, and although the large import of Bullion prevents the Sterrace from rising higher, there is very little on the other side in other imports. Some export business has been done in oil-seeds, but there are not sufficient export bills offering to have a good effect on the market. The closing rates for T. T. on London ready is 1/10-3/8d. Applications for Reverse Bills have been still large and under one per cent. was alloted this week.

Silver has been a firm market in London, chiefly on account of speculative purchases both from India and China. The Shanghai official exchange has improved to 3/11d. while actual rate in Shanghai for T. T. is 6/2d. The Stock of slycee silver is estimated to 5.10 crores of taeles. Silver in London has reached 61d. both for spot and forward. Should there be a good further advance in Silver, it would pay to export silver rupees from here to London.

Gold market has been booming and business has been done as high as Rs. Since then there has been a small reaction in the market. There is a big demand for gold in the Bazar chiefly from up-country in view of the fact that the Government is not going to sell any more gold after their last sale in September.

STOCKS AND DELIVERIES.

Stocks and Deliveries of Cotton, Silk and Woollen Piece-goods and Yarns, also of Copper and Yellow Metal Sheets (including deliveries from Dock-sheds to Railway-sidings.)

| Description | A Stock on 31st May 1920. | B* Imports during June 1920. | C

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Boxing at the Attached Section, Colaba.
The s.s. Mantua, with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.
Poona Races: 4th Extra Meeting.
Public lecture by Prof. K. C. Pandya on the "Life work of late Prof. Gajjar at Zaverbhai Hall, Sandhurst Road, 6 p.m. (S.T.).
Prof. K. C. Pandya's lecture on "The Life-work of the late Prof. Gajjar at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road.
Boxing at the Attached Section Cinema, Colaba.
Informal discussion on the positions of Indians in East Africa, by Rev. C. F. Andrews, with members of the B. I. Colonial Merchants' Association, at the Association's Headquarters, Khoja Mholla, 4 p.m.
Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana v. Gaud Saraswat C. C.

SUNDAY, Aug. 22.

Cricket: Hindu Gymkhana v. Spencer Cup team.
Friendly Gathering at the Servants of India Society, 3 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Singapore, China, and Japan per s.s. "Saigon Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Saturday the 21st instant.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway Battalion (Indian Defence Force) will play a programme of music under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell; at 6-15 p.m. to-day.

"ZIONIST LITERARY UNION."

Under the auspices of the Bombay Zionist Association a debating class will be held to-day at 5-30 p.m. and also a lecture will be delivered by Mr. D. A. Shelbin on his "Trip to Palestine" at the same time.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The total mortality in the city of Bombay on Thursday was 130, as against 128 on the corresponding day last year and 91 in 1918. Cholera registered 1 attack, plague 1 attack and small-pox 1 attack and 1 death.

LATE PROF. GUJJAR.

Under the auspices of the Science Committee of the Gujerati Sahitya Parishad a public lecture will be given to-day at the Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road, at 5 p.m. by Prof. K. C. Pandya, on the Life-work of the late Prof. Gajjar." The Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas, will preside.

B. I. COLONIAL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

Mr. C. F. Andrews will meet the members of the British Indian Colonial Merchants' Association on the question of the position of Indians in East Africa to-day at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the quarters of the Association at Mandvi Khoja Moholla Samuel Street, when an informal discussion on the subject will be held.

ENTERTAINMENT TO PROF K. C. PANDYA

Prof. Kantilal C. Pandya of Agra, for a well-known Gujerati writer and biographer of the late Mr. G. M. Tripathi in Gujerati, proceeding to England for further studies in science on the 23rd instant by S. S. Loyalty will be given an evening entertainment tomorrow in the Vanita Vishram Hall by his friends and admirers. Sir Chimanlal Setalwad and Sir Lallobhai Shah will attend the function.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Mr. N. M. Joshi of the Servants of India Society will deliver a lecture on "The Settlement Movement in England and America" to-day, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Prarthana Mandir Hall, Girgaum. The Hon. Sir Dinsha E. Wacha will preside.

A Special General Meeting of the Brotherhood will be held to-morrow at 9 a.m. at the Head Quarters to express the Brotherhood's sense of sorrow at the death of Mr. B. G. Tilak.

The Sunday classes will not meet.

'SHIKSHANONNATI MANDAL.'

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, the following two public lectures will be delivered to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the Vanita Vishram Hall, opposite Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

"Duty of the young Generation," by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale. Mr. D. G. Padhaye presiding.

"Indian Labour and the Industrial Development," by Mr. C. S. Deole. Mr. Seth Hansraj Pragji Thackersey, presiding.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA" DISCONTINUED

The secretary of the Native General Library, Malkapur, writes to us saying that a general meeting of the members of the library has passed the following resolution:—

"In view of the offending obituary editorial making vindictive and low aspersions against the late Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak published by the "Times of India," Bombay in its issue dated the 2nd instant, it is resolved that the said paper be discontinued immediately from being subscribed for the Library."

PUBLIC MEETING IN MAHIM.

Under the joint auspices of the Indian Home Rule League Palghar Branch, Sub-Divisional Congress Committee and the Mahim Taluka Sabha, a public meeting will be held on 25th August 1920, at 3 p.m. in the compound of the bunglow, in Mahim, of late Mr. Gangadhar Moreshwar Dundeker in order to support the candidature of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Barrister. Dr. N. D. Sawarker will speak in Marathi Mr. Banoo Sahib Phadke, the President of the District Local Board, Thana, will attend the meeting. The voters are requested to attend.

FINED FOR RASH DRAWING.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad passed a sentence of a fine of Rs. 25 on one Jokan Khedan, a coachman who stood charged with rash and negligent driving.

It appears that on the 13th instant the accused was driving his master's gharry about 6-45 p.m. from Medows Street to Church-Gate Street and in doing so he did not take a torn round the Flora Fountain but went direct to Church-gate Street along Hornby Road swerving to his right. He then dashed against a motor lorry, belonging to the Simla Mills Co., which was proceeding from Church-gate Street, to Church-gate Railway Station.

FINED RS. 100 FOR RASH DRIVING.

At the Girgaum Police Court on Friday before Mr. Dastoor, Inspector Copping charged Leslie, Beach a motor driver with rash and negligent driving and with driving without a license.

The case for the prosecution was that on the 14th instant Mr. Clayton the Municipal Commissioner was going in his car along Hughes Road and the accused came from behind very fast, over took his (Mr. Clayton's) car and then proceeded ahead. In overtaking Mr. Clayton's car the accused narrowly escaped a collision. He then drove off so fast that even though Mr. Clayton's car followed him at full speed to get his number it could not even approach the accused's car. The number was, however got with difficult.

The accused pleading guilty was convicted and fined Rs. 100 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for the second offence.

DEATH FROM ARSENIC POISONING.

The corener concluded his inquest touching the death of Pandu Laxuman a Hindu, aged 40, who on the 31st ultimo came to the Princess Street Police Station and reported that his brother-in-law Soorkia Rugtno had poisoned him because of a quarrel when his (deceased's) wife, Soorkia's mother and Soorkia himself. The circumstances under which the deceased died at the G. T. Hospital have already been reported in this paper.

Further evidence showed the deceased was married to Soorkia's sister about ten months ago and recently they had a child born to them. Since the birth of the child the deceased's wife was living with her mother. The deceased wanted his wife to come and live with him but as she was weak her mother and Soorkia did not allow her to go.

Later on the deceased had a quarrel with his wife on this question and then he threatened her to stab with a knife, if she did not go with him. A complaint was made to the police about this incident.

According to the evidences of the Medical Officer and the Chemical Analyser the death was due to arsenic poison.

Soorkia Ratnoo also produced a number of witnesses in the Coroner's Court to prove that on the evening in question he was out playing cricket and that he returned home late at night.

The jury returned a verdict of death caused by poisoning by arsenic, probably self-administered as the deceased's statement that his brother-in-law Soorkia Ratnoo had given him something in liquor was disproved.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

"A HEART'S REVENGE."

Vera Sabouroff, daughter of Count Alexis Sabouroff, special attache of the Russian Government on duty in the United States, is in love with Jim Hardinge, who has enlisted in the U. S. Aviation Corps.

Baron Eugene Drako is deeply in love with Vera and while she appears on the surface to be willing to accept his defeat for the hand of the girl, he is continually scheming to win her. When he learns that Vera and Jim are actually engaged and that the date for the marriage has been set, he goes to Dr. Wu-Ching and conspires with him to capture Jim and inject into Jim's veins a liquid, which the doctor has brought with him from China. This liquid gathers around a certain cell into the brain and causes a person to lose his initiative.

The Baron invites Jim to a Bachelor's dinner and there administers the liquid. Jim falls asleep. The Baron strips off his aviator's coat. A captain of a Schooner, bound for China has been hired to carry Jim off.

The Chinese doctor tells the Baron that nothing will bring Jim to himself but an extraordinary operation or a severe blow that will break the gathering around the brain cell.

Jim is carried aboard the schooner. The Baron gets a "Jim the Penman" and has him to write a letter to Vera, in Jim's name telling her that he cannot marry her because he loves another. The letter states that Jim intends to drown himself. The coat containing the letter is found on the beach and an inspector of Police brings the coat to Vera. The Baron then asks Vera for her hand, telling her Jim was not worthy of her. She is suspicious. The water mark on the letter gives her a clue and she has her father detain the Baron while she goes to his house. There she gets evidence of the scheme.

She hurries to Doctor Wu's house and finds a bottle of the liquid. The Baron arrives. Vera chloroforms him. The Baron believing this tells her where Jim is and then dies of fright. Vera learns that Jim is on the schooner John B. Norris and after a long race in a high powered motor boat overhauls the schooner. Vera and those in the boat chase him. He does not know them and attempts to fight them off. One of the men hit on the head delivering the very blow that bring Jim to herself.

COUNCIL ELECTIONS.

Mr. F. T. Nalavadi is standing as a candidate in the coming elections of the Provincial Legislative Council of Bombay, from the district of Dharwar.

BOMBAY'S ROADS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—There is no rain for the last so many days and heaps of dust have accumulated on the roads, and is flying in the air, giving its benefit to the motorist, cyclist pedestrian alike.

Will the Bombay Municipality see its way to begin watering the roads at an early date?—Yours, etc.,

R. P. KABADI.

THE ELECTORAL ROLL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Some months back when the electoral roll was to be prepared a form was filled in in my chawl in which I put down my name R. N. V. and that of my neighbour R. T. as tenents paying monthly rents of Rs. 10. The name of my neighbour R. T. has appeared in the non-European and non-Mahomedan roll of the Girgaum Ward but my name does not appear there. Perhaps some temporary clerk has not taken care to check the work done by him. Will the authorities that be, have these original forms re-checked with the roll now published? I am sure many omissions will be noticed. I stay in Kandevadi in the chawl in which Dr. Rele has his dispensary.—Yours, etc.

R. N. V.

ALL-INDIA CANTONMENTS ASSOCIATION.

(From a Correspondent.)

On behalf of the All-India Cantonments Association, Prof. Gopalji Dhaul Abhwahe, has been touring round the cantonements in India for propaganda work which is actively progressing. He has uptill now visited Jallunder, Ferozepur, Lahore, Kassauli, Sabathu, Dagshai, Jutogh, Meerut, Agra, Jhansi, Saugor, Jubbulpore and Kamptee.

LATE MR. TILAK.

THE GREAT PATRIOT.

BOMBAY TO HOLD PUBLIC MEETING

A preliminary meeting of the citizens of Bombay was held at the Corporation Hall, Bombay, yesterday, to consider the desirability of convening a public meeting, through the Sheriff of Bombay, for the purpose of expressing regret at the death of the late Mr. B. G. Tilak. On the motion of Mr. M. R. Jayakar, the Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta was elected to the chair.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

The Chairman said they were aware of the sad circumstances under which they had met there that afternoon. The object of the meeting was to ask the Sheriff to convene a public meeting to express their sorrow at the death of Mr. Tilak and appreciation of his services. It was unnecessary to gild gold and so he would not say much on the present occasion. But he would make one remark, and it was that perhaps a greater patriot they had not had among them for many years and that a large portion of their public activities to-day and whatever success had been achieved by the leaders of public agitation were due to the example and work of Mr. Tilak. Although he was now gone, Mr. Tilak's work and memory would be with them and his spirit would guide and inspire them.

The Chairman announced that the Hon. Sir Dinshaw Wacha, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji and Mr. B. R. B. Jijibhoy had written letters expressing their regret at not being able to be present at the meeting.

RESOLVE TO CONVENE PUBLIC MEETING.

Mr. K. M. Munshi moved the following resolution:—

"This preliminary meeting resolves that a requisition be made to the Sheriff of Bombay to convene a meeting of the citizens at an early date for the purpose of expressing regret at the sad death of Mr. B. G. Tilak and for placing on record his services to the country."

The resolution was seconded by Rao Bahadur C. V. Vaidya, and supported by Dr. Gaya and Mr. K. F. Nariman, and carried unanimously.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE.

Dr. A. G. Viegas moved the appointment of a Committee, with power to add to their number, to make arrangements and draft suitable resolutions for the public meeting, with Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Dr. D. D. Sathaye, Mr. Umar Sobani and Mr. Shunkerlal Banker as Secretaries.

The following are the names of the members of the Committee:—

The Hon. Sir D. E. Wacha, Sir N. G. Chandavarker, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji, the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, the Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta, Mr. V. A. Dabholkar, Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia, Mr. C. V. Vaidya, Mr. Nene, Mr. H. P. Mody, Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. Hansraj P. Thackersey, Mr. B. R. B. Jeejeebhoy, Mr. M. R. Jayaker, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Mr. M. M. Kamdar, Dr. M. B. Velker, Dr. Miss Joshi, Mr. Motilal Kanji, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. R. G. Munsif, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, Mr. B. F. Bharucha, Mr. M. N. Dalal, Mr. Joseph Baptista, Mr. J. K. Mehta, Mr. Mawji Govindji, Dr. E. S. Erulker, Mr. Vithaldas Damodar Govindji, Mr. Achut Balwant Kolhatker, Dr. Gaya, Mr. J. A. Wadia and Mr. Gulabchand Devchand.

Mr. Fazla seconded the resolution, which was carried.

On the motion of Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the Chairman, and the proceedings terminated.

PORT TRUST STRIKE.

LOCO MEN RETURN.

The strike of the thirteen hundred men of the Bombay Port Trust Railway continued till yesterday. The men insisting on the same demands as before. It is understood that the authorities have conceded a general increase of two annas on the daily wages of the Loco. Department men, who have accepted the concession and agreed to resume work to-day.

ALCOCK ASHDOWN STRIKE CONTINUES

There was no change in the situation of strike of the men of Alcock Ashdown and Company. They were holding out till yesterday. It seems the authorities are willing to meet all the demands of the men, except the reinstatement of the two comrades of theirs.

COTTON AND COMMERCIAL TRUST, LTD

The Company has been floated primarily with the object of carrying on and developing a general export and import business. The authorised capital of the Company is Rs. 50,00,000, divided into 60,000 shares of Rs. 100 each; the issued capital is Rs. 50,00,000. Messrs. Lalji Naranji and Company are Agents of the Company and Messrs. Lalji Naranji, Rameshwardas Birla, A. Geddes, Chatrabhuj Gordhandas, Gopaldas Trikamjee, G. E. D. Langley, Motilal Chhogamal and B. J. Mody are the Directors.

DEVELOPMENT OF BOMBAY.

CORPORATION'S REPRESENTATION.

HOUSE GOES INTO COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday under the presidency of Mr. V. A. Dabholkar.

BOMBAY HOUSING SCHEME.

The Corporation treated as urgent the matter mentioned in a letter from the Commissioner, dated the 17th instant, in the course of which it was stated:—

"I have the honour to say that I understand that there is a general wish among Councillors to make a representation to Government in connection with the housing scheme propounded by H. E. the Governor at a recent meeting of the Legislative Council, so far as it involves the amendment of certain Sections of the City of Bombay Municipal Act."

DR. SUKHIA'S MOTION.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia proposed:—"That the Corporation, while expressing satisfaction with the proposals for the development of Bombay, including the provision of additional housing accommodation as announced in the speech of His Excellency the Governor at the last meeting of the Legislative Council, are strongly of opinion that as a body vitally interested in the matter an opportunity should be given to them of expressing their views on the various schemes now under consideration; (2) that the President be asked to request his Excellency the Governor in Council to submit the detailed proposals of the Government for the consideration of the Corporation; (3) that a Committee composed of the Councillors named be appointed to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and report on the proposals."

Mr. Gulabchand Devchand seconded the proposition.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas moved an amendment to the effect that the Corporation do form itself into a Committee of the whole house to consider in consultation with the Commissioner and report on the proposals when received.

The amendment was carried.

RECKLESS DRIVING ON GIRGAUM ROAD.

The Corporation considered a letter to the President, dated the 26th July 1920, from Mr. C. D'Mello and others, residents of D. Ward, stating that Girgaum Road was very narrow at many places and that it was with great difficulty that one could walk or even stand when a tram car and a carriage were passing along the same side; that on this road motor lorries were driven at a very dangerous speed so much so that sometimes one could scarcely read their numbers and that the applicants alleged, on the 24th July 1920 a man named Janardhan Ballal Khare fell a victim to the want of caution on the part of a motor lorry driver; and requesting that the Corporation would be good enough to move the proper authorities to put a check on this reckless driving.

There were letters from other people to the same effect.

Mr. P. Anstey moved that the applicants be referred to the Commissioner of Police.

Dr. De Monte seconded the proposition.

DR. VIEGAS AMENDMENT.

Dr. A. G. Viegas declared it was nothing short of discourtesy and insult to the citizens to treat their letters in this manner when they made complaints to them. When four or five people were being daily killed by motor accidents he supposed it was the Corporation's duty to move in the matter themselves instead of referring the applicants to the Police. He could not understand why motor lorries should be allowed to travel along such narrow and highly congested roads as Girgaum Road. He moved an amendment to the effect that instead of asking the applicants to go the Commissioner of Police, the Corporation should forward their letter to the Commisioner of Police with the Corporation's request that all necessary measures be taken as far as possible to minimise the number of accidents to the citizens.

Mr. M. M. Kamdar, seconding the amendment, said he did not think they at present could do anything beyond forwarding the letter to the Police. They might in future ask for powers to enable them to control the traffic by controlling the licenses, but at present they could do nothing in the matter until the Act was amended.

THREE MAIN CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said that in view of the large number of accidents that had been occurring in the streets the Corporation should take immediate steps, if it was in their power to do so, to see that as few accidents as possible occurred. There were in his opinion three main causes which contributed to the large number of accidents. The first was that the roads were not sufficiently wide; the second was that pedestrians had not yet been sufficiently educated as to the way in which they should use the road,—he had seen them walking in the middle of the road even when there was a footpath—and the third was that compared to the Police of London, the Bombay Police direction of the traffic was very inefficient. Last of all, heavy cars should not be allowed to go along narrow streets.

He moved as an amendment that the Commissioner be requested to forward these letters to the Commissioner of Police with an expression of the Corporation's opinion that it was desirable that the Police should take immediate steps to better control the traffic in public streets so as to minimise the number of accidents.

Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji, seconding the amendment, said something should be done in the matter in view of the large number of accidents.

Dr. Viegas' amendment was carried as a substantive proposition.

DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN AT MADANPURA.

The Corporation considered a letter to the President, dated the 25th May 1920, from the General Secretary, Social Service League, Bombay, inviting attention to the absence of a dispensary for women and children at Madanpura, a populous locality inhabited mostly by poor Mussalmans, and stating that as Mussalman women did not freely submit themselves to treatment in a hospital ministered by male doctors, it would be a boon to the women and children of the locality if the Municipality were to open a dispensary for them either at Ripon Road, Moreland Road or somewhere between the Parsi Statue and Byculla Club, and suggesting that the Municipal Maternity Home premises at Bellasis Road would prove a very suitable place for the purpose.

The Commissioner in the course of his report on the letter, said:—

"No doubt the major portion of Madanpura is entirely inhabited by Mahomedans and the locality is also thickly populated. Experience of over two decades shows, however, that the Municipal dispensaries are largely patronised by Mahomedan females and in order to give them greater facilities qualified nurses have been engaged in such dispensaries. Mr. Joshi also proposes that a special dispensary for Mahomedan females and children be opened in connection with the Bellasis Road Maternity Home but there is no room in this Home. The bulk of the patients in District No. 7, Bellasis Road, are Mahomedan females from Nagpada and Byculla Sections which are thickly populated by Deccani, Kokni and Julai Mahomedans and the Mahomedan females freely avail themselves of dispensary No. 7 which is on the east side of the Maternity Home and equally distant from Madanpura. In these circumstances, I think that at present at least there is no justification for a separate dispensary at Madanpura for Mahomedan females and children."

Mr. Mirza A. M. Khan moved, as recommended by the Standing Committee, that the applicant be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

MR. JOSHI'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. N. M. Joshi said women in India would not like to be treated by male doctors if they had the services of women doctors available. Even in Europe women demanded that only lady doctors should be appointed to certain posts in hospitals and dispensaries. He moved an amendment referring the matter to the Medical Relief Committee for report.

Mr. B. N. Motiwala, seconding the amendment, said Indian ladies certainly objected to being treated by male doctors.

Dr. A. G. Viegas supported the amendment.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia said they should appoint female doctors, looking to the Indian sentiment in the matter.

Mr. Mirza said he had moved the proposition only because, as Chairman of the Standing Committee he had to do so, before the Corporation, and he might inform them that personally he had taken quite a different view at the Committee meeting.

The amendment was carried as a substantive proposition.

The Corporation adjourned to Monday.

MR. V. J. PATEL IN BOMBAY.

RECEPTION AT BALLARD PIER.

The Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel who went to England in April last as a delegate of the Indian National Congress to present its views before the Joint Parliamentary Committee and the India Office Committee at the discussion of the rules and regulations under the new and old Government of India Acts, arrived in Bombay yesterday by the s. s. Kaiser-i-Hind, the P. and O. Company's mail boat. A number of leading citizens were present at the pier to receive the Congress veteran and to welcome him home. Prominent among them were Rao Bahadur C. V. Vaidya, Messrs. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Kanji Dwarkadas, Hansraj P. Thackersey, D. Chamanlall, L. G. Khare, Umar Sobani (who also returned in the same boat), V. M. Powar, Drs. D. D. Sathaye, M. B. Velker, Savarkar and many others. A number of National Volunteers also waited as guards-of-honour.

The Kaiser-i-Hind secured her berth about 2-35 p.m. and Mr. Patel landed at Ballard Pier about 3-15 p.m., when he was accorded a public reception on behalf of the Provincial Congress Committee, Indian Congress Committee, Indian Home Rule League and Bombay National Union. After being garlanded by several gentlemen and a short discourse with Dr. Sathaye and others, Mr. Patel proceeded to his bungalow at Bandra with the hope to return to Bombay in the evening for attending the citizens' preliminary meeting to consider the question of calling a public meeting through the Sheriff to express the Bombay citizens' regret at the death of Mr. Tilak.

"I REFUSE TO SAY GOOD-BYE."

PRINCE'S FAREWELL MESSAGE TO AUSTRALIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 9 a.m., Aug. 20.

SYDNEY.—In his farewell message to Australia the Prince of Wales says he has been deeply touched by the open-hearted affection shown everywhere which made his visit an experience which he can never forget and which will always bind him to Australia as a real southern home. "I refuse said the Prince "to say Goodbye. I look forward most keenly to the time when I shall be able to return. My affectionate and best wishes to people one and all."

WOMEN SUFFRAGE IN U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 9 a.m., Aug. 20.

NASHVILLE (TENNESSEE).—The House of Representatives has ratified the Women's Suffrage Amendment which the State Senate passed a week ago. Tennessee being the 36th state to favour the measure this makes the Bill valid, which the Congress has already passed, giving women a Federal vote.

LATEST CABLES.

(Received through Reuter's Agency, 2 a.m. Aug. 21.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.

Paris.—A telegram from Warsaw says that Polish artillery is causing great confusion among the Bolshevik forces who are now on the run. The Reds are evacuating Brest-Litovsk. A Polish communique declared that three Red divisions have been annihilated outside Warsaw and that thousands of prisoners have ben taken. There is still no news from Minsk and wireless calls have not been answered. The telegram says that the right wing General of Pilsudski's army is threatening the Russian columns advancing in the direction of Warsaw with envelopment.

A telegram from Kattowitz says that three of the seventeen inmates of the building of the Polish Plebiscite Committee who surrendered to the mob were lynched by the infuriated crowd, which also demolished the offices of a Polish newspaper and looted Polish shops. The singing of the French troops as they marched to the barracks where they barricaded themselves was drowned by strains of "Victorious we will beat France" by a crowd marching alongside. Towards midnight the town again became quiet. A force of Security Police accompanied by armed civilians has been sent from Kattowitz to intercept the Polish "shock" force which is reported to be marching on the town.

PARIS, Aug. 19.

The Havas Agency says:—Following out the plan of the campaign prepared by General Weigand, Marshal Foch's Chief of Staff, the Polish forces have won victory after victory along the whole front from the Thorn to Grudieszow, south of Brestlitovsk on the Upper Bug. All along this line the Red Armies have been thrown back from forty to eighty kilometres except in the centre, about Warsaw, where successes against the invaders have been as important, although the terrain gained has not been so extensive.

Conversations have continued between Lord Derby, the British Ambassador and the Secretary-General of Ministry for Foreign Affairs, on the question of recognition of General Wrangel and on the Polish situation. The diplomats have met twice to-day, the second meeting being subsequent to the conference between the Ambassador and Mr. Lloyd George on the train from Boulogne. Full agreement between the two Governments will doubtless now be reached.

Warsaw.—An official review of the situation confirms the defeat of the Bolshevik designs on Warsaw and describes the Bolsheviks as fleeing in panic. It enumerates the captures of prisoners and material in hurriedly abandoned camps.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

Antwerp.—The following are further results of the final heats in the various events in the Olympic Games:—

Fencing, Foils.—Won by Medo Nali (Italy) world's champion.

Tug of War.—City Police representing Britain beat Holland by two pulls to one.

Hammer Throwing.—Won by Patrick Ryan (America) with a throw of 52 metres 87½ centimetres.

1500 Metres.—Hill (Britain) 1; Baker (Britain) 2; Shields (America) 3. Time—four minutes one and four-fifths seconds.

Middle Weights.—Johannsen (Sweden) beat Sinn (Holland) in seven minutes and 32 seconds.

Heavy Weights.—Londfors (Finland) beat Ahlgren (Sweden) in 47 mins. 38 secs.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

"The Times" to-day publishes a telegram from the Australian Prime Minister, who says that the Prince of Wales has given Australia an opportunity of showing unmistakably that she stands solidly for the Empire and the Australians' welcome has completely silenced those who sneered at the Empire and the Australians' attitude towards it. The Australians feel for the Prince an affection which in these days of toppling thrones is the best assurance that the Empire, unlike those resting on force, will endure throughout the ages.

The Poles are now busily engaged in collecting isolated Bolshevik detachments left high and dry after the subsidence of the main flood. It is believed that the broken Bolshevik forces number a hundred thousand. The Poles by their advance in the direction of Brest-Litovsk seem to threaten the main Bolshevik forces. Nevertheless, it cannot yet be said that Warsaw is completely out of danger as the total armed man-power of the Bolsheviks is an unknown quantity. For the moment, there seems to be a possibility of total annihilation of the Bolshevik army actually engaged, but the military situation is so delicately balanced that a single false step would completely change the outlook.

Reuter learns that Baltic State Conference has adopted the convention, whereby Finland, Edthonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland agree to submit all disputes to arbitration.

Paris.—Eleven anarchists have received sentences ranging from four to twelve months' imprisonment for inciting soldiers to disobedience.

Brussels. The Belgian Government has decided to maintain neutrality in the Russo-Polish war until after the Minsk Conference.

Bagdad 20th.—Mirza Muhd Taqi, Chief Shiah Mujtahid at Kerbala, died on 17th instant.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, August 21, 1920.

LORD CHELMSFORD SPEAKS.

Thanks to the lack of due enterprise on the part of the Associated Press, the complete text of the Viceroy's speech delivered at the opening of the Simla session of the Imperial Legislative Council yesterday was not received in this office until late at night. Perhaps the Telegraph Department is also responsible for the delay in the transmission of the speech. In the circumstance, it is not possible to deal fully with all the points raised in the speech. We have ceased to expect from Lord Chelmsford a speech that would arrest attention. It is characteristic of his bent of mind that he has sought to dispose of the tremendous issues, affecting the destiny of this country, that hang in the balance, in a few lines, while he has devoted a disproportionately greater space to other questions. His excuse for such meagre treatment of what he is pleased to term "subjects of acute controversy" is the anxiety to avoid saying anything that may add fuel to the fire. Of course, it does not occur to him that where there is fire, the right thing to do is not to beat a retreat or merely to watch the flames but to do everything possible to quench it. But Lord Chelmsford is the last person from whom we could expect any indication as to redress of the wrongs from which we are suffering, for this simple reason that he is one of the main causes of these wrongs. "There is much that I could say with reference to the criticisms on this side or that," he said, "but I am content to leave the issues to the verdict of history." There is nothing that Lord Chelmsford can say which will alter by one jot or tittle the verdict of the Indian people about him. For what he has already said on previous occasions about his own part in the Punjab tragedy is sufficiently condemnatory. So that if Lord Chelmsford leaves this country immediately, that is, is recalled by the British Government, the people will have no objection to his leaving his own achievements to the judgment of history. For they have no doubt what that judgment will be.

That Lord Chelmsford himself has already begun to be disturbed by the qualms of conscience is abundantly revealed in his speech, which is markedly distinguished from his recent notorious utterances by a studied avoidance of the minatory tone. So far so good; and it is a matter of some congratulation that even he has learnt some wisdom from the tragic past. But the sting is there all the same. And it is to this sting in the speech that we have to draw the serious attention of the public. The sting lies in the attempt of Lord Chelmsford to cloud the issues. Like Lord Sinha, the Viceroy has sought to call in the aid of a gratuitous assumption and a false analogy. The assumption is that the people of India are merely a party to a controversy—the obvious inference being that much can be said on both sides. That is not an honest way of describing the demand of India so far as the Punjab is concerned. The people of India are no party to a controversy. They have been shamelessly, brutally wronged and they want justice for their wrongs and guarantees against the perpetration of them in the future. So that "for the present moment the matter of paramount importance" is not "that we should concentrate on the problems of the immediate future"—but that we should concentrate on the undoing of the wrongs. For, that is the only way to secure a clean slate and leave the past behind. The people of India even more than their pious admonishers are longing for a clean slate. But they would rather lose the clean slate than fail to vindicate their honour which has been ruthlessly outraged. The false analogy in which Lord Chelmsford, like Lord Sinha, indulges is to attribute India's sufferings to causes common to the world. In a sense not meant by themselves. Lord Chelmsford and Lord Sinha are right. For India does suffer, in common with a greater part of the world, from the same causes. Is not the Khilafat wrong common to India as well as to the East generally and is not the wrong itself the result of the militaris imperialism the reaction of which we see even in Europe? Again was not the Punjab tragedy the result of the play of the forces worse, in some respects, than Prussianism, which are seeking to reassert themselves in many parts of the world?

But to ignore the real causes of India's suffering—the Punjab and the Khilafat—as Lords Chelmsford and Sinha have done—is hypocritical. And hypocrisy reaches to the depths of bathos when Lord Chelmsford says: "In politics we must admit, alas, but it is an admission that does not differentiate us from the rest of the world, there are harsh utterances and much bitterness but here again, within a year of the armistice we have inaugurated a reformed constitution which gives great scope for personal activities and introduces Indians to a progressive measure of real cooperation and responsibility"—and asks the Indian peopl to practise the great virtues of faith hope and charity. The Indian people, with their great spiritual tradition, do not need a lesson in these virtues. But they know,—every honest man knows,—that the basis for the practice of these virtues is justice. Charity forsooth! While yet the wounds are sore, while Lord Chelmsford remains in this country, while O'Dwyer escapes with a certificate of good conduct, while Dyer is merely retired on half pay, while the Rowlatt Act remains on the statute book! Yes let these injustices be removed and th country will be charitable enough to forgive the past. But not till justice is done, can there be charity, though faith there will be as there always has been in the ultimate triumph of right and hope in the great future of the country. For the rest, the country will treat Lord Chelmsford's attempt to cloud the issues with the indifference that it deserves.

PORT TRUST AS INN-KEEPER.

At the recent session of the Bombay Legislative Council a measure which evoked strong criticism and severe disapprobation, even from those members of the Council who generally support the Government, was the Port Trust Bill to which we had already referred in these columns. No other measure was fruitful in bringing forth such a condemnation of the extreme haste with which it was sprung upon the Council and the partisan arguments with which Government spokesmen attempted to press for its passage into law. It was considered on the agenda paper as a piece of legislative business of such a non-controversial character that it was marked down for all the three readings at one and the same session. To the Government the issue was a simple one. The ostensible claim is that ocean-going passengers are greatly inconvenienced as regards temporary housing facilities in passing through Bombay, and that it is incumbent on an authority like the Port Trust to get a small amendment in the law entitled The Port Trust Act of 1879, an amendment which means the addition of an inoffensive looking sub-section laying down that the Trust shall be authorised to "equip, maintain and manage such buildings including hotels as may, in the opinion of the Board, add to or improve the facilities of the Port." As the debate on the first reading of the measure succeeded in showing, to the representatives of the people the issue was not such a simple one. The Chairman of the Port Trust told the Council that the issue narrowed itself down to three questions. Is there a shortage of hotel accommodation in Bombay? Is it within the province of the Port Trust to provide hotel accommodation? Is the provision of hotel accommodation within the financial resources of the Trust? The representatives of commerce and industry, particulary the Indian representatives, were united in asking whether it was the primary business of the Port Trust to afford better amenities of life to ocean-going passengers or whether the Trust was created to secure better berthing accommodation for the ships which enter and leave the Port of Bombay and also to secure improved warehousing facilities. They proceeded to ask further whether it was not the duty of the Trust to improve the housing conditions of its own employees before it embarked upon the financially unsound experiment of catering for a section of the community—and that too a section which can very well afford to pay for its own conveniences and increased comfort. The Advocate-General found the whole thing very simple. It was, he said, the business of the Trust to make Bombay an attractive passenger resort and the whole point was whether it was outside the scope of the Port authorities to make Bombay such an attractive resort. He considered that with the provision of a hotel the general revenues of the Port would be benefitted. We suppose the belief underlying such an argument is that hotel facilities in Bombay will bring to the City an increase of trade representatives, and that such an increase would mean an increase in the volume of business coming to this city. As the debate proceeded, however, it becam clear that there was much more below the surface in the sudden anxiety on the part of some of the Port Trustees to provide a hotel, not only to provide it but to manage it themselves, and not only to manage it themselves but to have it on a site singled out by them and on no other.

Now the question naturally arises why the Trust should take upon itself the duties of an inn-keeper amidst all the troublesome conplexities of administration. The hotel, according to an estimate given out in the Council, may cost fifty lakhs. There was no pretence on the part of those who want the hotel that it would be a paying proposition. As a matter of fact, as the Hon. Mr. Macnaghten happened to blurt out, hotel building was at present a speculation. The question was, therefore, very pertinently asked of those in charge of the Bill why the general tax-payer was to be saddled with a scheme which would be financial loss, which was not an urgent necessity, as opinion regarding its urgency was divided among its exponents even in the European Chamber of Commerce, and which was going to prove useful only to a particular section of the general public. To that question no satisfactory answer was forthcoming, and only the casting vote of Sir George Lloyd, as President, saved the measure from being thrown out at the first reading. We are glad the Government have agreed to refer the Bill to a select committee which has a fair amount of popular representation upon it. We hope the Select Committee will bring it to the notice of Government that the safest course would be to drop the Bill altogether or that a fairer course would be to suggest its being deferred until the Reformed Gouncils meet. But the Select Committee might, in the meanwhile, inquire whether there is any truth in the belief very widely held that the idea of establishing a hotel on the Mole, and under Port Trust management, came to be in existence when the Byculla Club site and certain other localities, chiefly inhabited by the European population of this city, were marked down for Government acquisition. The Committee might also with great profit go into details regarding the manner in which the twenty-one lakhs said to have been spent by the Port Trust for housing its own employees have been utilised. It should, for example, inquire how many lakhs have gone to the provision of bungalows for the Chairman and his immediate entourage. It should certainly make it its business to find out why the Port Trust Board appears unwilling to lend, at a fair price, sites to hotel syndicates anxious to come to the rescue of ocean-going passengers. If these matters are enquired into, we have no reason to believe that the September session of the Council will not be troubled with the discussion of the Port Trust Bill.

INFORMATION OR PROPAGANDA?

In reply to a question in the Bombay Legislative Council early this month, Government said that no election leaflet had been issued under their orders but that the Director of Information had issued it. Where does the Director of Information stand and what are his relations with Government? Government laid the leaflet in question on the table. Are Government of opinion that it is information and not propaganda in which the Director of Information was engaged in, when he issued the leaflet? How else can we explain the reluctant praise of reforms, advice to electors to return candidates holding particular views, advisability of cessation of agitation, embodied in the leaflet? The leaflet is clearly directed against the Nationalists. The battle of election is being fought out by the different parties in India and Major Dawson's services are not required in this connection. It cannot be seriously meant that the new officials Government have created are free to take part in the elections. Government should advise the Director of Information to withdraw the leaflet in question and such others on the same subject as he may have issued and refrain from such questionable activities in future. Major Dawson, we are afraid, has mistaken his function. Recently he has been deluging this office as well as those of our contemporaries with "copy" in which, in many cases, facts and exaggerated praise are mixed up in woeful disproportion. We do not object to Government creating a Department of Information—in fact we welcome Government being anxious to let the public know what they have done or are doing for them. But we certainly object to Government utilising the services of the Director of Information for purposes not far removed from what businessmen call "window-dressing". The duty of the Director of Information is to give facts and not to present his own view, or that of the Government Department concerned, about these facts. The public are intelligent enough to form their own opinions about these facts. It is an insult to their intelligence to assume otherwise and act accordingly. The public are willing to be guided by the opinion of others, provided the latter enjoy their confidence. They will refuse to swallow the views of the Director of Information and will protest against any attempt on the part of the Government to use the services of a very highly paid officer, whose salary is drawn out of public revenues, for propaganda and advertising purposes. This country is too poor to afford such costly enterprises, the effect of which is as they are at present conducted, merely to irritate the public. Several correspondents have written to us indignantly protesting against the literary achievements of the Director, many of which far from being "informing" are more calculated to exaggerate truth and obscure defects, if not to mislead. We trust this will be sufficient hint to the Government who will at once instruct the Director to confine his activities merely to supplying "information" to the people Meanwhile, we suggest to Major Dawson to cultivate a sense of proportion in preparing "copy" for the press.

Notes of the Day.

The Prince's Visit.

A Proclamation published the other day informed us that the projected visit of the Prince of Wale's to this country has been postponed owing to considerations of health. There is no doubt that a formidable movement was brewing in India, headed by Mr. Gandhi, whose object was to withold a people's welcome to the Prince. It was expressly declared that in this, there was no touch of personal animosity against the Prince himself who, to all appearances, is a charming figure, full of the gaiety and frankness of his grandfather. But as his visit had a special political significance it was thought that, in the present situation, with the Punjab and Khilafat wrongs unredressed, the people of India could not possibly participate in the rejoicings. We do not think the attitude of the people will undergo any change now that the Duke of Connaught comes as a substitute. It is probable that the political situation in India a year hence will have altered materially, and there is no reason why the Prince arriving in India in 1921, after having recuperated his health, should not receive, a welcome which none can mistake. In the meantime, it is, of course, for the British Government and Democracy to see to it that they contribute their share towards the improvement.

Reforms and Punjab Bureaucracy.

Mr. Montagu's latest pronouncement on the question of the eligibility for election to the new Councils of those to whom the benefits of the Royal Amnesty were extended last year, will strengthen the apprehension in the public mind that such public workers as Lala Harkishenlal, Pandit Rambhuj Dutt Chowdhury, Lala Dunichand, Dr. Kitchlew, Dr. Satyapal and others, would be disqualified because they had the misfortune to receive an "amnesty" from His Majesty and not a "pardon" from the Viceroy! Mr. Montagu's explanation that the prerogative of pardon is vested in the Viceroy and that he is not disposed to interfere with the latter's discretion in the matter is most unfortunate, for it leaves the decision in the hands of one who was himself responsible, to a great extent, for the tragic happenings in the Punjab last year. But whatever Mr. Montagu and the Viceroy might think of their responsibilities, the country as a whole is firmly of the views that neither an amnesty nor a pardon has any meaning in the case of these victims of the Martial Law regime, and that, if for any undisclosed reasons these gentlemen are not "pardoned" and thus qualified for election, such a step would only mean that the bureaucracy is determined by hook or crook to keep out of the new Councils men who are the very cream of the Province. Does the bureaucracy realise that the perpetration of an injustice of this type would be an additional nail in the coffin of the Reform Scheme, so far as the Punjab is concerned? There is already a strong movement in the province in favour of the boycott of the Council because of the intolerable presence of officials and officers, still in full possession of power, who were guilty of cruelties and indignities on the people last year. If the attempt to keep out the trusted leaders of the Province from the Council is persisted in, then all hope may be abandoned of patriotic and honest men seeking to enter the Council. What chance would there be in such circumstances for the Reforms to succeed in the Punjab? It rests with the bureaucracy to blast the chances of success of these reforms or to render the province safe for them by recognising betimes the futility of persisting in the present policy of provocation and heedlessness to crying wrongs.

The Municipal Commissioner.

The Bombay Corporation in resolving to ask Government to secure an amendment of the Municipal Act so as to vest in the Corporation the power of appointing the Commissioner, has only done bare justice to itself. Whatever justification there might have been for the practice that has obtained all these years, in the new conditions that are about to be ushered in there can be no place for an executive which is not entirely amenable to the control of the Municipality. But that is not the sole objection to vesting the power of appointment of the Commissioner in the hands of Government. As several members of the Corporation have pointed out, the constant changes of Commissioners have worked detrimentally to the interests of the Municipality. Again, because the Commissioner is a Government servant, his actions and views are liable to be looked upon with suspicion when he happens to be ranged in opposition to the majority of the members. That this should be so is not unnatural, however baseless such suspicions might be. Moreover, as a deputy of Government he is bound to uphold views expressed by Government, whatever his own individual views might be on the subject in question. His position as the executive head of the Municipality, therefore, can never be one of absolute independence and impartiality. Hence it is essential that in the new order of things at least this anomaly should cease.

Clerks in Telegraph Department.

There appears to be grave discontent in the clerical establishments of the Telegraph Department all over this country owing to the delay in putting into effect the recently sanctioned revision of their scales of pay. We publish elsewhere the message which, we understand, the clerical staff at the local General Telegraph Office has sent to the Viceroy in this connection. It is certainly surprising that while all the higher branches of the Department have been allowed to draw the arrears as well as their salaries on the enhanced scales, only the miserably paid clerical staff should be prevented from benefiting from the concessions recently sanctioned. The excuse unofficially advanced for delaying the grant of the concession in the case of these clerks is, it seems, "want of funds." But, was the head of the Department unaware what the cost of the whole revision would amount to, when the revision was sanctioned? If there is financial stringency, why were all the higher branches of the service allowed to draw their arrears and enhanced salaries? The clerical staff, composed as it is of the most wretchedly-paid branch of the service and at the same time forming the biggest in point of numbers, ought to have received priority of consideration at the hands of Government. But the reverse has been the case and they are left in the cold, while those much better placed have been permitted to share to the fullest extent in the increment. There are over 2,600 of these unfortunate clerks, who are in receipt of salaries ranging from Rs. 15 to Rs. 50, and no more. It is from such that the relief for which they have been crying for years has been most unfairly and cruelly withheld. Has the Director-General any valid excuse for this invidious distinction?

CLOUDING THE ISSUES.

LORD CHELMSFORD'S PHILOSOPHY.

"FAITH, HOPE AND CHARITY."

HIS VIEW OF NON-CO-OPERATION.

"MOST FOOLISH OF ALL FOOLISH SCHEMES"!

OPENING SPEECH AT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Aug. 20.

The Autumn Session of the Imperial Legislative Council was opened to-day, His Excellency the Viceroy presiding. As this is the last session of the Council under the existing constitution, before the Reformed Councils come into being, keen interest was evinced and there was very large attendance of visitors including Her Excellency Lary Chelmsford. Among the absentee members were Sir Dinshaw Wacha, Mr. S. N. Banerjee, Mr. Patel, Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. Maung Bah Too, Mr. Abdur Rahim, Raja Rampal Singh, Sir Gangadhar Chitanavis, Mr. Sachidanand Sinha and Mr. Zulfikar Ali Khan. As many as fifteen new members, nominated as well as elected, Mr. C. A. Innes, Mr. A. R. Murray, Mr. A. H. Froom, Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, Mr. John Hullah, Mr. E. R. K. Blekinsop, Sir Deva Prasad Sarbadhikari, Col. W. D. Waghorn, Messrs. J. A. Richey, S. P. O'Donell, B. N. Mitra, H. R. Hopkins, Saiyed Mahomed Ali, H. N. Hutchinson and R. D. Tata took the oath of allegiance before taking their seats.

His Excellency in opening the session made a long and important speech covering every field of legislation and topical subjects. The Viceroy said:

"I will preface my remarks, to-day, by a brief reference to the Royal proclamation which was published on Wednesday last, to the effect that the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to India has been unavoidably postponed. This message will, I fear, have caused intense disappointment to the millions of India who were looking forward to giving his Royal Highness such a welcome as only India can give. But the exacting nature of his recent activities has imposed so great a strain on his Royal Highness that it would be ungenerous of us to grudge him that rest which he has so well earned. Anyone who will take the trouble to peruse the reports of the Princes tour in Australia will appreciate the great strain to which he has been subject meanwhile extend a hearty welcome to His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, who is already well-known in India, and who is coming in his place to inaugurate in the name of our August Sovereign the new Reforms. Finally let us hope His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, may be restored to full vigour and health, when he visits India next year.

REPARATIONS FOR NEW COUNCILS.

Once more and for the last time I welcome non-members to a Simla session. I would remind the Council of the great advance which has been made during my tenure of office in the work which is undertaken at these Simla meetings. I assumed office, under the orders of the Secretary of State. We were precluded, except under special conditions, and with his leave, from undertaking legislative work at Simla. I obtained an abrogation of those orders, and we have carried through legislation in these sessions similar to that with which we are familar in Delhi. The necessity of this for this change is obvious. With the advance of political ideas the appetite for legislation grows. This tendency is common to all parliamentary institutions and as our legislative assemblies approximate to parliamentary bodies, the same incidents which prevail elsewhere, will inevitably find their place with us. This sessions, as Hon. Members probably realised, we are providing a legislative bill of fare which should satisfy the most exacting member. This is due to the circumstances in which we meet. We have to prepare and make ready the way for the new Councils. We have to meet emergencies which have arisen, since we last met, and we ought to set in order certain matters which have been long outstanding. In particular, I would draw your atention to the necessity for passing such bills as the Corrupt Practices Bill and the Devolution and Delegation Bill. This is imperative if the Reforms scheme is to be introduced. Again there are bills bearing upon the complicated financial position which are Vital, the necessity for which will be made clear to you by the Hon. the Finance Member. Finally there are bills, the urgency of which will be explained by the Hon. Members who introduce them. Dealing with matters which require early settlement in the public interest I commend these to you for your earnest consideration.

Since our last meeting one of our most respected colleagues Mr. Sita Nath Roy has passed away. The Rai Bahadur was in the Bengal Legislative Council from 1909 to 1912. and in our Council from 1913 to his death. That is a fine piece of work for commercial man with large business interests of his own to look after. He was always ready to place his experience at the disposal of the Council especially in Committees. He never imported into our discussions any flavour of bitterness and we mourn his loss as a loyal, true-hearted gentleman.

TRIBUTES TO MR. SARMA AND DR. SAPRU.

Hon. Members will recognise on the Government bench one of their former non-official colleagues Mr. Sarma. He has always been one of the most diligent and industrious of our members, and I am sure that Hon. Members will join with me in offering him our congratulations and in expressing our confidence that that same diligence and industry which he has shown in criticising the shortcomings of Government will now be displayed in constructive statesmanship.

Hon. Members will have noticed that another of their colleagues has been designated by His Majesty for high office, I refer to Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru. Dr. Sapru has always had the esteem of this Council. His constributions to our debates have been invariably weighty and conceived in a spirit of sober moderation. As Law Member, he is taking a heavy responsibility on his shoulders, and I am sure we will all offer him our congratulations on the high office to which he has been called.

The Council will, I am sure, also wish me to offer Sir G. Lowndes our regrets at his approaching departure. We have all admired his legal attainments and the sureness with which he brought them to bear on problems in hand. In debate he has wielded a weapon which has won the respect of all those who have crossed swords with him but Hon. Members have always known that no acute passage-at-arms in debates has ever impaired his ready willingness to help them with counsel and advice or affected their personal relations.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT OF 1919.

In the speech which I delivered in January last when opening the previous session of the Council I referred to the press of work which the passing of the Government of India Act of 1919 had involved and outlined the steps that were being taken for dealing with it. In the interval that has since lapsed, we have forwarded for the sanction of the Secretary of State, and I have published for general information, drafts of all the rules under the Act to which the approval of Parliament is required. In the preparation of these rules we have been greatly assisted by the loyal co-operation of the provinces and by the suggestions and criticisms of our advisory committee, whose deliberations were marked by a spirit of reason and moderation, that I gladly take this opportunity of acknowledging. We still await the orders of the Secretary of State as regards the important constitutional rules under sections 45A and 29A, but the electoral rules and the rules of legislative business have been approved by the Parliament in a form which differs but slightly from the rules as drafted by us. I congratulate the Council on the fact that the electoral rules have been sanctioned at so early a date because this will enable us to bring the Reforms Scheme into operation sooner than would otherwise have been possible. I am aware of the criticisms that have been passed on some of our rules, it was inevitable that there should be differences of opinion on some points. But I am glad to observe that the provisions to which exception has been taken, are comparatively few.

Hon. Members will allow me to quote paragraph 1 of the first report of the Joint Committee of the two Houses of Parliament appointed to revise the draft rules made under the Government of India Act: "The Committee desire in the forefront of their report to express their appreciation of the great care and ability which are displayed in the drafts, and of the remarkable expedition with which this heavy task has been achieved by the Government of India and the Local Governments, as will be seen from the Report. The Committee have made but few alterations in the rules, as drafted by the authorities in India, and they desire to record their considered opinion that the rules with these few alterations are accurate, but at the same time liberal interpretation, both of the general recommendations contained in their report on the bill, and of the intentions of Parliament in framing the Act". To those in India who have laboured in this field it must be a matter of great gratification to receive this generous appreciation of their work, and I who have seen this work at close quarters would like to add my humble tribute to that accorded by the Joint Committee.

HUNTER COMMITTEE REPORT.

I now turn to certain matters, which, alas, have been subjects of acute controversy, may what I say, add no fuel to the fire. Since we last met Lord Hunter's Committee has reported on the events of last year in the Punjab, Bombay and Delhi. My Government forwarded a despatch to the Secretary of State recording their views on the findings of that Committee and His Majesty's Government have passed their judgment on the whole case. There are those, however, who are dissatisfied with the decision of the Government of India and of His Majesty's Government, and they have expressed their dissatisfaction in no uncertain terms. There is much that I could say with reference to the criticisms on this side or on that, but I am content to leave the issues to the verdict of history. For the present moment the matter of paramount importance is that we should concentrate on the problems of the immediate future. Much will depend on the manner in which the new Councils and the new Governments grapple with the task to be laid upon them. Are we to enter upon the New Era in a spirit charged with the animosities of the past, or shall we leave those things that are behind and press forward to the things that are before?

I am confident that so far as Hon. Members are concerned their wish is to write upon a clean slate and leave the past behind. I refrain then from doing more to-day than recording the facts, and much as I am tempted, from the personal point of view, to reply to our critics I would point to the future. There is much work for all of us to do. There are many opportunities opening out for mutual service and co-operation. Can we not steadfastly fix our eyes on these and refuse to be drawn away from our main purpose? It is not then because I underrate the importance of gravity of the events of the last year, nor the criticisms on either side which may be passed upon them that I refrain from discussing them; but because I see in the continuance of those discussions nothing but fresh recriminations tending to further racial exacerbation. There has already been enough, indeed too much, of this on either side, and it is calculated to frustrate that spirit of co-operation which lies at the basis of our Reforms, and through which alone we can reach the goal of India's aspirations.

KHILAFAT AND NON-CO-OPERATION.

To turn from this to the Khilafat agitation and the non-co-operation movement. Hon. Members are fully aware of the line which my Government have taken in relation to the Turkish Peace Terms, and I need not further dilate upon it. So far as any Government could, we pressed upon the Peace Conference the views of Indian Moslems; but notwithstanding our efforts on their behalf we are threatened with a campaign of Non-Co-operation because, forsooth, the Allied Powers found themselves unable to accept the contentions advanced by Indian Moslems. Could anything be more futile or ill-advised?

This policy of Non-Co-operation must inevitably lead, if persisted in, to the discomfort of the community at large, and, indeed, involve the risk of grave disorder. I am glad to think that everything points to this policy being repudiated by all thinking people, and it is because I and my colleagues have faith in India's commonsense that we have preferred to allow this movement to fail by reason of its intrinsic inanity. Can we, for instance, picture to ourselves the legal profession generally foregoing its Practice in support of this policy? I am proud to belong to this great profession, but I cannot envisage such a possibility, and, from one example, can we not learn the unpractical nature of this visionary scheme?

Much has been made, in speeches and the press, of an answer given by the Secretary of State to a question in the House of Commons. He said: "I am prepared to support any steps the Government of India think necessary in the very difficult situation now arising. But I will not dictate any steps to the Government of India. I would prefer to leave it to them." I think Hon. Members will agree with me in thinking that he could have given no other reply. There is a point at which no Government could refuse to take action to protect the interests of the community at large, and when that point is reached Government is bound to, and will, use all the resources at its disposal. That is a platitude, but even platitudes require sometimes to be stated. But as I have said above, I have every hope that this point will not be reached, but that the commonsense of the people and the opposition of all moderate men will erect an insuperable bar to the further progress of this most foolish of all foolish schemes.

INDIA'S IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Hon. Members expect from me, at the opening of each session, a review of the most important matters which are engaging our attention, and I will commence with that subject so vital to good Government—finance. Since the close of the Delhi session various important measures connected with our Currency and Exchange arrangements have been carried into effect. I need scarcely remind the Council of the change which has come over our trade position, resulting indeed, in the month of June last, which is the latest month for which complete trade statistics are available, in an excess of imports over exports of nearly three crores of rupees. Since the armistice our imports have been consistently and increasingly expanding as indeed might have been expected after the great shrinkage which the conditions of the war brought out in this branch of our foreign trade. At the same time partly from causes of world-wide application there has been a reaction in the demand from our customers for our products. Those who drew largely on us during the war for raw materials and finished products have now curtailed their requirements, while others who stand in need of our goods have found it difficult, and even, in some cases, impossible to offer satisfactory credit facilities. For instance, the reduced purchasing power of countries which draw their supplies of raw material from us is well exemplified in the curtailment of the demands of our principal customer for cotton, namely Japan, where a marked change in the trade position, a curtailment of credit and other domestic difficulties, have resulted in the practical stoppage of her purchases of this article. We have been much concerned at the large stocks still undisposed of remaining from the season of 1919-20 and we have asked our representatives at the Brussels Conference to consider how far it will be possible by arrangement with representatives of other countries, particularly of Central Europe, to find an outlet for the balance of these stocks which will remain undisposed of at the end of the season, and generally too we have asked that the question of facilities for the financing of our exports to Central European countries, which have been particularly affected by the breakdown of their exchanges, should be taken into consideration.

The question is, as the Council is aware, largely one of making provision for satisfactory credit facilities. Another special cause which has very considerably diminished our export trade has been the maintenance of our prohibition on the export of food grains which was imposed for the benefit of the general population in India who were affected by the high food-prices in the last two years.

RESTRICTION ON PRECIOUS METALS.

I have now indicated to Hon. Members the chief source of our embarrassments, viz. the swing round of the balance of our trade from a surplus of exports to a surplus of imports. Let me now bring to their notice the favourable side of our financial picture. During the war, we were compelled to impose restrictions upon the movement to and from India of the precious metals. These restrictions have now been entirely removed. Indeed, so far as silver is concerned, the position is even better than it was prior to the war, inasmuch as we have removed the import duty which was imposed in 1910. As regards gold, Hon. Members will remember the emphasis and force with which during last session the question of the restrictions on the importation of gold were discussed, both in this Council and outside. These restrictions have now disappeared. We have found ourselves also in a position to remove further restrictions. There is now no restriction on the encashment of notes at currency offices, and we have restored the pre-war facilities in regard to their encashment at treasuries. It is satisfactory to note that the result has been to emphasis the confidence which has been shown in our note issue, for during the last two months the return of silver rupees from circulation has been on an immense scale and we have had no fewer than Rs. 1238 lakhs of silver tendered to us in exchange for our notes. Since the 1st April, we have also been able to carry into effect our determination to reduce the fiduciary position of our note issue. Our metallic reserve on the 31st July was no less than 58 per cent, a figure which will challenge comparison with that of any other country. Our note circulation on the 31st of January amounted to 185 crores and has now been brought down to 163 crores, a reduction which has been entirely effected by the withdrawal of that portion of our note issue which was based on securities. The Council will remember that we asked for powers at the last session to hold as high a figure as 10 crores in the investment portion of the paper currency reserve, but we gave a distinct pledge that we would not make use of these powers except for the most pressing reasons. We have discharged to the full our undertaking in this respect and the securities we hold as backing to our notes have been reduced to 69 crores. We shall shortly be coming before the Council with our proposals for the permanent constitution of the paper currency reserve and for the transitional arrangements which will be necessary before we are in a position to bring into effect the reconstitution of the reserve on the permanent basis we desire to see adopted. We further propose to alter the ratio at which the sovereign is legal tender from Rs. 15 to Rs. 10 in accordance with the recommendations of the Currency Committee, but in the meantime the restoration of uncontrolled import of gold carried with it the necessity of consequential intermediate measures. For, since February, when we announced our intention ultimately to adopt the new rating or Rs. 10 for the sovereign, large quantities of sovereigns have been smuggled through foreign ports for encashment at the privileged rate of Rs. 15. Clearly it was out of the qrestion to continue with the restoration of the right to import gold the obligation on us to pay Rs. 15 for every sovereign, we accordingly demonetised the latter, allowing at the same time a moratorium within which we would continue to pay this privileged rate. We had given ample notice of our intention to introduce this change through the announcement which we made on the 2nd February and advantage has been taken during the five ensuing months by the holders of sovereigns of this, opportunities to encash their sovereigns at this rate. For, during this period there were presented to us for encashment just under seven millions of sovereigns of which without doubt a large number represented sovereigns illicitly imported during that period.

INDIANS IN S. AFRICA.

I may next refer to the vexed question of emigration and the status of Indians in Self-Governing Colonies and Dominions, a question whilh has been engaging our very earnest attention. As you will remember the position generally accepted at the Imperial War Conference and embodied in what is usually known as the reciprocity resolution was that while each country, including India, must retain the right of deciding for itself what classes of permanent immigrants it would admit, facilities should be given for the admission of wives of persons already

(Continued on next page.)

MESOPOTAMIA REVOLTS?

"TIMES" CONDEMNS BRITISH POLICY AND METHODS.

NEED FOR REVISION.

(Reuter's Special Service.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 11-55 a.m. Aug. 20.

The "Times," in the course of a leader, indicts the British policy and methods in Mesopotamia. It refers to the Government's "massive" silence. It expresses the opinion that Mesopotamia revolted—it contends that by no straining of words can the participants be called rebels—because they object to the proposed mandate, and particularly because they dislike the manner in which the British authority is being exercised. "The Times" is not surprised at this. It alleged that the civil authorities in Mesopotamia tried to begin where Lord Cromer left off in Egypt. It strongly condemns the establishment of an elaborate administration which would not be required for fifty years, together with hundreds of excessively paid officials, equalling nearly half the personnel of the covenanted Indian Civil Service.

CAUSES FOR REVOLT.

Advancing further causes for the origin of the revolt, the "Times" says that the authorities are endeavouring to back up the policy by maintaining nearly half as many troops in Mesopotamia as the combined strength of the standing army in India before the war. It asks why the reports of the military difficulties and fighting and outrages including the murder of Colonel Leachman arrive from Teheran, while the War Office and the India Office are concealing the truth. In demanding the revision of the policy, the "Times" says that the Cabinet's determination to incur a vast outlay in fighting the Arabs who reject us and our organic laws seems almost insane, particularly when the money could be better expended at home.

LIEUT COL. LEACHMAN.

KILLED BY ARABS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 9 a.m., Aug. 20.

BAGDAD, Aug. 17.—Lieut.-Col. Leachman, Political Officer was treacherously killed by the Arabs between Fallujah and Bagdad on August 12th.

Lieut.-Col Leachman was a well-known Arabian traveller and his name was a household one from end to end of Arabia. He has performed brilliant service as a political officer from the beginning of the campaign to the present date.

DISTURBANCES AT KATTOWITZ.

SEMI-OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 9 a.m., Aug. 20.

BERLIN.—A semi-official account of the disturbances at Kattowitz says that the crowd insisted on forcing their way into the street where a cordon of police and French cavalry was stationed and demonstrated before the quarters of the interallied commission. The French troops drew sabres and dispersed the crowd which immediately reassembled. The arrival of a procession of High School students forced the crowd against the cordon. Shots were fired upon which the crowd scattered.

GOVT. OF INDIA SENDING REINFORCEMENTS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Aug. 21.

The War Office states that further outbreaks have occurred in Mesopotamia on a considerable scale, particularly in north-east and west of Bagdad. Bands of tribesmen have cut railways and the telegraph wires from Bagdad to Kifri and Kirkuk. Part of the garrison here has been invested and several railway bridges have been burned. The Euphrates communications with the Ramadi and Feiuja garrisons have been cut and several civil officers in Bakuba area have been molested or expelled. Various acts of sabotage have occured. The tribes south of Bagdad are quiet and there have been no fresh developments in Hillah area, where pacification is proceeding. The Kufah garrison is still holding out. The revolutionary movement was at first political, but has at a present become anarchic and the former ringleaders are alarmed at the turn of events and are now throwing their influence on the side of peace. Reinforcements are proceeding from India.

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 20.

Berlin.—Latest despatches from Kattowitz report all quiet but the situation is very strained. Martial law has been proclaimed. Fighting on August 17th was very fierce, particularly round the barracks where a crowd used machine guns and hand-grenades against French troops. French casualties were one killed and 8 wounded, while German casualties are reported to be 20 killed and 70 wounded including the Commander of the Security Police.

POLICE FIRE ON RIOTOUS MOB.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Aug. 21.

Berlin.—A telegram from Kattowitz says that despite martial law which had been proclaimed by the Inter-Allied Commision, fresh disturbances occured yesterday. A huge crowd made a demonstration outside the headquarters of the Polish Plebiscite Commitee, where they suspected that weapons were stored and demanded its surrender. The arrival of the police was signal for firing and a heavy fusillade ensued. A fire subsequently broke out in the building which was then surrounded and seventeen inmates surrendered. The Allied troops of occupation are confined to barracks.

RUSSO-POLISH OPERATIONS.

POLES ADVANCE BEYOND CZECHENOW.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 3 p.m., Aug. 20.

A message from Warsaw describing the Polish counter-attack says that the Poles after following the Bolsheviks to approach the outer forts counter-attacked on both wings, one from Ivangorod in the direction of Brest-Litovsk under Pilsodski and the second from Novo Georgievsk developing northwards along the Narew. Meanwhile the third attack was launched along the Warsaw-Danzig railway in the direction of Mlawa. Pilsodski repulsed the enemy on the whole line between the Wieprz and the Narew to the depth of 40 to 80 kilometres. The objectives were rapidly reached. The right bank of the lower Narew was cleared and the forts at the confluence of the Narew and the Bug were retaken, thus establishing a natural line of defence of Warsaw. The Poles attacking on the Warsaw line advanced beyond Czechenow, south of Mlawa.

The Bolsheviks hurriedly retreated.

FRENCH MUNITION SHIPS AT DANTZIG.

HELD UP BY ALLIED HIGH COMMISSIONER.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 9 a.m., Aug. 20.

PARIS.—The allied High Commissioner at Dantzig Sir Reginald Tower is holding up French ships with munitions for Poland on the ground that he has not sufficient allied troops to preserve order if further munitions are unloaded.

French opinion is protesting on the ground that the allied doctrine during the war was that the neutrals could furnish munitions without abandoning their neutrality.

PREMIER STARTS FOR LUCERNE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 3 p.m., Aug. 20.

PARIS.—Mr. Lloyd George arrived in Paris en route for Lucerne to-day. The Premier resumed his journey without seeing French politicians.

U. S. UNABLE TO GIVE SUBSTANTIAL HELP TO POLAND.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 3 p.m. Aug. 20.

Washington.—The Secretary of State Mr. Colby has informed the Polish delegation that the United States are unable to send substantial aid to Poland but that they would do "everything they were permitted to do."

NO COMMUNICATION FROM POLISH DELEGATES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Aug. 21.

A telegram from Warsaw says that there has been no communication whatever from the Polish delegates and it is believed that the Bolsheviks are desirous of preventing free communication of the Poles with their Government.

JAM OF NAWANAGAR.

TO BRING ENGLISH RACE HORSES TO INDIA.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 3 p.m., Aug. 20.

The "Star" states that the Jam of Nawanagar is returning to India in autumn and that he will take back with him a number of well-known English race-horses including Monteith and Bruce Lodge with the idea of making an attempt to win the Viceroy's Cup.

CLOUDING THE ISSUES

(Continued from previous page.)

domiciled in the country and of tourists, students, businessmen, and other temporary visitors. Negotiations on these points have been proceeding with the different Self-Governing Dominions and many outstanding points have now been satisfactorily settled. Where, however, the question of status becomes acute is in countries where there are already large bodies of resident Indians, I refer of course to South Africa. The Asiatic Enquiry Commission to which I referred in my speech last January, has now been sitting for several months. We do not anticipate that its report will be published before the end of this year, but we know that the Indian case has been very effectively placed before the Commission by Sir Benjamin Robertson, and I think that I am entitled to say that Indians in South Africa have nothing to fear and everything to gain from an Imperial investigation into what is often called in South Africa the "Indian Menace." I am quite sure that much of the feeling, which is unfortunately displayed against Indians in South Africa, is due to the fear, which I am afraid has been sedulously fostered by propagandists, that the white population in South Africa generally, and in the Transvaal in particular, is in danger of being swamped by Indians. Nothing but good can come from an enquiry in which those responsible for exaggerated statements of this kind are compelled to substantiate them in public and to submit to cross-examination. There is every reason to believe that the Commission will address themselves to this point to which, I know, Sir Benjamin Robertson attached much importance and I anticipate that the Commission's report will show how unfounded these fears are. Once there the true facts are known, I hope and believe that the agitation will die away and the way will be paved for a peaceful, statesmanlike, solution of the Indian problem in South Africa. Before leaving the subject of South Africa, I propose to say a few words on the question of voluntary repatriation. As you are all aware the Commission has issued an *interim* report advocating a scheme of assisted voluntary repatriation for those Indians who are anxious to return to India and the Union Government has already taken steps to give effect to this proposal. Let me make clear the position of the Government of India in regard to this scheme. We were not consulted, nor is there any reason why we should have been consulted. The Union Government are mearly putting into force a section of an Act which was passed in 1914 and they are clearly entitled to do so. At the same time the Government of India do not regard the scheme as being in any sense a solution of the Indian problem in South Africa and they feel that they are entitled to ask for assurances that the scheme will be, what it purports to be, namely, a purely voluntary scheme. We have already cabled to the Union Government on this point and we have asked that the Repatriation Officer may be given clear instruction that no pressure must be put on Indians to accept repatriation and that it must be left to Indians themselves to decide whether they will take advantage of the scheme or not. We also hope that the Union Government will appoint an advisory committee on which Indians are represented to advise the Repatriation Officer. Inasmuch as the scheme is, we understand, already in operation we have suggested to the Governments of Madras, Bombay and Bengal that employment bureaus should be organised to assist returning Indians to find employment on their arrival in India. I hope that these bureaus will be largely composed of non-official Indians.

EAST AFRICAN PROBLEM.

I now turn to the even more vexed question of the position of Indians in East Africa. We all know that this question has been discussed recently by Lord Milner with the Governor of the Colony and that the Indian residents in what is now known as the Kenia Colony sent a deputation to England to represent their case to the Colonial Office. We have all read Lord Milner's speech on the subject in the House of Lords on the 14th July and great anxiety has now been caused in India by a brief summary which has been received of a speech by the Governor of the Kenia Colony. This speech indicates that the decision of His Majesty's Government has gone against the Indians in some of the points to which we attach most importance. I regret to say that a telegram, which I have just received from the Secretary of State, confirms the report of the Governor's speech. I am sorry that I have nothing satisfactory to tell you, but I will give directions for the publication at once of the information contained in the telegram. I am in close communication with the Secretary of State on these and other questions and the Council may feel assured that the attitude I am adopting with regard to them is the same as that defined in my speech of January last and I adhere to the position which I then took up. I do not admit that there is any justification in a Crown Colony or a Protectorate for assigning to British Indians a status in any way inferior to that of any other class of His Majesty's subjects. We have continually pressed this point of view upon the authorities at Home and we have urged that the franchise in the Kenia Colony should be a common franchise on a reasonable property basis, plus an additional test with no racial discrimination. I have only to add that if the decision of His Majesty's Government is not favourable to Indian claims this result is not in any way due to a failure on the part of the Government of India to press the Indian point of view. I reserve remarks on the subject and it will be a matter for serious consideration what further action the Government of India must take in order to secure the legitimate rights of Indians in the Crown Colonies.

The position of Indians in Tanganyika has also given rise to the same anxiety in India, but on this subject I need say no more than that the draft mandate for the territory, which I understand the League of Nations proposes to give to the British Empire fully safeguards the rights of Indians.

FIJI AND BRITISH GUIANA.

In my speech at the opening of the Delhi session I also referred to the fact that two deputations had arrived in India from British Guiana and Fiji respectively to endeavour to persuade us to reopen emigration to these Colonies on a new basis. A committee of this Council was appointed to consider the cases presented by these two deputations. This Committee were prepared to recommend the immediate acceptance of the schemes put forward and suggested that the Colonies should first be required to give guarantees that the position of the emigrants in their new homes would in all respects be equal to that of any class of His Majesty's subjects resident in the Colony and that, if these guarantees were given, deputations should then be sent to both the Colonies to investigate local conditions and to report on the suitability of the colonisation schemes suggested. Both the Colonies have now agreed to give the desired guarantees and in accordance with the promise made deputations will be sent to Fiji and British Guiana, respectively, as soon as the personnel of these deputations can be satisfactorily arranged. Hon. Members, however, will realise that owing to the near approach of the elections we have had considerable difficulty in obtaining Indian gentlemen to serve on the deputations.

INDUSTRIAL REGENERATION.

In my speech at the opening of the last session of this Council, I referred to the creation of the Board of Industries and Munitions, an organisation which would close down the war commitments of the Munitions Board, would work on those specific recommendations of the Industrial Commission to which effect has not yet been given and would eventually prepare the way for the new Department of Industries in addition to the reports of the Chemical Services Committee, the Stores Purchase Committee and the Coal-fields Committee, with which the reconstituted Board is now dealing. I wish to mention one or two other matters of particular importance. The first is the Conference of Provincial Directors of Industries held in April last. This Conference was in the nature of an experiment. The intention was to acertain whether by informal discussion and the interchange of views between the Imperial and Provincial Departments of Industries ideas could be gained, difficulties cleared away, and some measures of co-ordination secured in the activities of the different provincial organisations. I am happy to say that the experiment proved most successful and there will, I hope, be another such Conference in the near future. I am looking forward to the day when these meetings will not be confined to Government officials, but will include representatives of the greater industrial interests as well.

LABOUR AND LABOUR DISPUTES.

The second subject to which I wish to refer is that of Labour to deal with which in all its remifications it has been necessary to supplement the existing organisation of the Board of Industries and Munitions. In view of her new international obligations India must henceforward maintain and keep abreast of developments in other countries. We wish too to have at our disposal machinery to facilitate the collection and collation of information relating to Labour both in this country and abroad which will also, we trust, be of value to provincial Governments and to all who have to deal with local industrial problems. We have already begun to build up a bureau which we hope will help to attain this end, and while I am on the important subject of "Labour", I should like to take the opportunity of making a few general remarks. India is an original member of the League of Nations and as such was represented at the Labour Conference at Washington last year. Owing to the short notice we received and the lack of industrial organisation in India we were unable to consult all sections of employers or employees before nominating our delegates and while I think you will agree with me that the case for India could not have been better presented than it was by the delegates we selected, we are anxious not to make nominations for the Conference to be held next spring at Geneva until opportunity has been given to the interests to be represented of voicing their opinions. I note with pleasure the increasing attention that this matter is receiving from the general public. Our delegates to Washington found themselves in a position of singular difficulties. Few of the delegates from other countries had any clear conception of Indian needs and conditions and quite a number wished to enforce with radically different climatic and economic conditions India was ready to accept. Our delegates thoug fortified by treaty rights had difficulty in securing the modifications that they considered essential for India, at the same time they all felt and I cordially agree with them that the present position in India as regards certain features of factory legislation is difficult to defend. We are conculting Local Governments in connection with the revision of the Factories and Mines Acts and hope to be able to put proposals before you early next year. In the meantime we have advanced a strong claim for the inclusion of India among the eight leading industrial countries of the world which are entitled to sit on the governing body of the International Labour Office. It would strengthen our claim to inclusion and would raise the statute of our labouring classes and the prestige of the country as a whole, in the eyes of the outside world if we were able to point to an enlightened and efficient system of factory legislation to an increased interest in the welfare of Labour. But it is not only in its international aspect that the labour question deserves your attention. The recent rise in the cost of living coupled with the growing consciousness of of the workers has led to considerable industrial unrest among working classes. There is no little dissatisfaction with the conditions under which they live. So far the chief manifestation of this unrest has been an epidemic of strikes in several parts of the country. I need hardly impress upon you the necessity of reducing strikes and lockouts to a minimum. They result not only in bitter feeling and in great financial loss to the parties directly involved, but also in deep injury to the whole community. If India is to make any real progress under the reformed councils these councils must have the means of expanding the revenue that they control. No great expansion in revenue is practicable without a substantial and continuous increase in India's resources. This increase will depend chiefly on the industrial advance and nothing will do more to check that advance than continuous conflict between employers and the employees. If it proves impossible to check industrial discord the country will be faced with a contraction of its resources that will seriously hamper the work of our legislators and administrators. Suggestions have reached us from several quarters that Government should legislate to prevent industrial disputes. But I attach far more importance to the establishment of right relations between employers and employees than to any Government machinery for arbitration and conciliation. England, after many decades of biter strife, is realising that there are better means than strikes or lockouts for settling disputes, and that the only sound policy is to prevent strikes by removing their causes. I would earnestly impress upon employers the necessity for sympathetic consideration of the claims of Labour. It has too often proved the case that employers after a long and ruinous struggle have been forced to concede claims that they might have allowed with honour and with profit as soon as they were presented. It too frequently happens that employers are in imperfect contact with those they employ and are consequently unable to redress grievances that finally result in very serious disputes. Workers are beginning to demand not merely the right to live in comfort but a living interest in their work. This is a claim that must be taken seriously and I see no reason why we should not make our new start abreast of the most advanced European countries. So long as Indian industry was organised on a small scale the close personal contact between the master and each of his men secured intimate, if not harmonious, relations. With the inevitable growth of great factories and mills this contact in its original form has become impossible and there is a tendency to allow the bond between the employer and the employed to become a purely commercial one.

WORKS COMMITTEE.

It is essential that a machinery should be devised which will reestablish under modern conditions personal contact and good understanding. One of the latest developments designed to meet this need elsewhere is the Works Committee which is intended to enable the employer to realise the difficulties and hardships of his men, and to give the employed an opportunity of making known their needs and of influencing directly the policy of those who control the factory or workshop in which they serve. I have observed with pleasure that this idea has already commended itself to some of the leading employers in India. We are endeavouring to establish similar committees in a few industrial establishments under our control. The welfare of workers and especially the care of women and children and provisions for the education of the latter are matters that are engaging the attention of many employers at the present time. My Government is preparing itself in consultation with local Governments and employers to furnish advice and help in this important matter. I sincerely believe that employers who are willing to meet labour in this spirit and to treat their businesses as being as much the concern of their workers as of themselves will find their reward not merely in increased profit for that will not be lacking, but in the gratitude and loyalty of their men and in the knowledge that they are furthering in the best way possible the contentment and the happiness of their country.

To those who are endeavouring to influence and focus the aspirations of Labour, I would counsel a similar sympathy and forbearance. Their responsibility is even greater than that of the employers. Labour in India is as yet scarcely articulate. But large numbers of working men are being enfranchised and they will look to leaders of Indian opinion for guidance and help. It will be a tragic and irreparable disaster if India is forced to repeat the long history of idustrial strife in England. There will always be men ready to foment strife. Some hope to achieve notoriety and influence out of the quarrels of others, more create mischief through ignorance. The great majority of disputes admit of easy settlement and there is no direction in which sane and sagacious political leaders can exercise a greater influence for good. As a result of strike it is the workers that suffer first and longest, and if we have to go through a long period of strife, industry will be crippled and the good start that we are making will be lost. To hon. members I would say, if you can bring Capital and Labour closer together, if you make it your duty to persuade them that their interest lies in co-operation and not in conflict, you will do more in a few years to better the condition of the workers in India, than can be achieved by a life time of agitation. The future of industrial India is in your hands. I would especially commend this matter to your earnest consideration, for as you know, industries under the Reforms scheme will be a "transferred" subject and Ministers will need all the help which we can give them in this most important matter.

FOOD SUPPLY.

The passage from the subject of labour to that of food supply is a natural one, for the average man of the soil thinks in terms of the price of his food. The improvement in the position of food supplies in India, to which I referred at the opening of the last session of the Council has, I am glad to say, been maintained. We felt justified in removing at the end of April the only remaining restrictions on the inter-provincial movements of food grains and though the effect was to raise prices slightly in some of the producing provinces, the restoration of free conditions of trade conduced, I believe, to the benefit of India as a whole. The good yield of the crops and especially that of rice and wheat has gone far towards replenishing the country's stocks. Much, however, still depends on the future course of the monsoon. The rainfall up to date has been defective in many parts of India, and in the Deccan protracted drought has caused considerable anxiety regarding the fate of the early sown crops and the possibility of sowing a full area, but a few days ago good rain was received almost throughout the tracts which have suffered most, and I hope that it has come in time to save the crops and ensure the fodder supply in Northern and Central India. In Burma, the rainfall has been good or satisfactory. Owing to excessive rain, severe floods have occurred in parts of Orissa and Bengal causing some loss of human life and extensive damage to property. I should like here to express my sympathy with the sufferers whose distress every effort is being made to relieve. Though the prices of wheat and millets have this year shown generally a marked decline, the price of rice has fallen only slightly below the figure which it reached at this time last year. Under the scheme introduced for the control of Burma Rice, we have arranged for the import into India of nearly 650,000 tons of Burma rice at controlled rates since the beginning of the year, and have set aside a further quantity to meet India's future requirements. We cannot hope that food prices in India will in the near future, or perhaps, ever, revert to their prewar standard. Apart from the depreciation in the purchasing value of money, the demands of the war dislocated and greatly reduced the agencies of normal production and a long period must inevitably elapse before recovery is complete. It is perhaps, however, not generally realised how favourable are conditions in India in comparison with those in other countries. According to a statement made in Parliament, last May, food prices since the war had risen in the United Kingdom by 135 per cent, in France by 220 per cent, and in Italy by 306 per cent. In India the prices of rice in Calcutta, and of wheat in the Punjab are now only 49 and 38 per cent respectively above their figures in August 1914.

UNIVERSITY.

I now come to the University. At your last session, you passed an Act for the constitution of a University at Dacca. Some controversy arose regarding certain sections dealing with communal representation on lines recommended by the Calcutta University Commission and essential for the success of the institution in the conditions which obtain at Dacca. But an amicable arrangement was arrived at in the Council, and the measure was received with general acclaim. I trust that its provisions regarding the fundamental proposals of the Commission may form a model for future legislation elsewhere. But the seed which the Commission had sown is already beginning to germinate and schemes for new Universities are opening around us thick as flowers in spring. There will be laid before you, at this session, a bill for the constitution of the Aligarh Muslim University. I had hoped that proposals might be put forward for the reorganisation of the University of Calcutta but that measure is being postponed. Legislation has also been sanctioned in local Councils for Unitary Universities at Rangoon and at Lucknow. Sir Harcourt Butler has shown his usual energy in directing the attention of the educated public in the United Provinces towards the recommendations of the Commission and he has met with a warm response. Indeed it looks as though those recommendations were destined to bear fruit in other parts of India earlier than in the university with reference to which they were actually made. I had always contemplated that the report would be of general application, and it is gratifying to find that the soundness and wisdom if its conclusions are finding acceptance in so many quarters.

MILITARY OPERATIONS.

Coming now to the army, the only military operations to record are those in connection with the closing stages of the advance into the Mahsud country. I am dealing in that portion of my speech which relates to external affairs, with our Waziristan policy, but I must place on record here the sympathy and pride with which I have followed the story of our gallant troops in Waziristan and I congratulate them on the success which has attended their ardious operations. I regret greatly the slowness with which the demobilization and disbandment of Indian units is taking place, but this is due in the main, to causes outside our control. The shortage of shipping has been to a great measure responsible for the non-return of Units from overseas. We have been obliged to maintain our formations on the Frontier at a considerably higher strength than was anticipated. The position in Mesopotamia has forced us to mobilise additional formations for active service. We are, however, doing everything we can to expedite demobilisation. We hope in the near future, to reduce our trans-Indus forces to normal strength, and we have pressed and are pressing the War Office to push on the repatriation of Indian Units from overseas as much as possible.

EDUCATION IN ARMY.

We have under consideration at the present moment, a scheme for the development of education in the Army. It will be general in so far as its aim is to improve the general capacity of the men, but it will have a vocational side with a view to increasing the economic efficiency and earning capacity of the soldier when he returns to civil life. 200 special Jagirs have been distributed to Indian officers in recognition of distinguished service during the war and as a further mark of recognition of the services of the Indian Army during the war, over 300 Indian Officers of whom roughly 200 have been gazetted, have been selected for the grant of Honorary King's Commissions as Lieutenants and Captains carrying substantial increase of pay and pension. Last September, I alluded in this Council to the work on behalf of ex-soldiers which was being carried out by the Indian soldiers board under the presidency of my Hon. colleague Sir George Lowndes. This work is still being carried on. During the past 12 months the board acting as almoners on behalf of the Imperial Indian Relief Fund have distributed the sum of 57 lakhs of rupees in lump sum donations, partly for developments of those who have been killed or who have died as the result of active service, and partly to Indian soldiers who have been permanently disabled in the great war. The actual paymen's of these donations have been made by local Governments and administrations in the case of defendents, and by the controllers of Military accounts in the case of disabled soldiers. The distribution of land rewards and special pension to be known as Jagir Inams to Indian Officers and other ranks who have specially distinguished themselves in the war has been delayed owing to the difficulty experienced in obtaining lists of those recommended for the reward from the widely scattered units of the Indian Army. A commencement of the distribution has, however, now been made and some 3,000 officers and other ranks will by the end of October have been placed in possession of valuable plots of land mainly on the Lower Bari Doab Canal where the standard grant ing the case of an officer is 50 acres, and in the case of all other ranks 25 acres.

ESHER COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

Bills will be introduced for your consideration, for the organisation of the volunteer force and also for the creation of a framework on which it is hoped to build up an Indian territorial force. A communique was issued to the public with regard to these bills some little time ago, and I have caused copies of it to be distributed, so that Hon. members may refresh their memories on the principles underlying these Bills. The report of the Esher Committee has been received and is being examined. It forshadows extensive changes in the higher organisation of the Army and makes important proposals which will require a careful examination in view of the heavy expenditure which they are likely to entail.

MAHSUDS AND WAZIRS.

At our last session, I gave some account of the measures we were taking to restore the disturbed situation on the North West Frontier caused by the Afghan War and I mentioned that the rejection by the Mahsuds of our terms had necessitated the advance of our troops into their country. The operations against the Mahsuds have now practically been brought to a close and as the result of hard fighting we have occupied a central and dominating position in Waziristan. The campaign thus forced upon us with its heavy cost in treasury and lives has compelled us to bring under scrutiny the whole of our policy in this troublesome border. For many years, ever since we inherited from the Sikhs the task of controlling Waziristan and especially since the Amir Abdul Rahman formally recognised it as lying within our sphere, we have followed, the policy of non-interference with its inhabitants. We have, it is true, held two lines of Militia Force along the Tochi in the North and towards Wano in the south, for the purpose of checking raids upon settled inhabitants of India, and upon the Caravan traffic proceeding up and down the Gumal, but to this end we have employed mainly the Wazirs and Mahsuds themselves. We have not interfered with their internal affair and beyond granting them subsidies to enable them to live without raiding, we have had as little to do with them as possible. We hoped that when we left them alone they would leave us alone. This hope, has, I regret to say, proved fallacious and the time has come when we can no longer shut our eyes to the fact we have had a campaign more or less important against Waziristan on an average for four years. Sometimes it has been called an expedition and sometimes a blockade. Since 1852, we have had a number of these military operations, and since 1911 we have had four including that just concluded. These have all been occasioned by deliberate aggression against us on the part of the tribesmen who have ravaged the plains whenevery the saw an opportunity. During the last few years, when we were occupied with the great war and then with the Afghan War their depredations had been bolder and more intolerable than ever before. Since then, inspite of our efforts to the contrary, they have obtained arms of precision from certain sources. During the Afghan War they swept over the border tracts of the Derajat and Zhob and even penetrated into the Punjab robbing and murdering the peaceful villagers specially the Hindus, and after the signature of Peace with Afghanistan they became even more truculent and absolutely refused the lenient terms which we offered then in the hope of avoiding a campaign. On a review of the facts we have now made up our minds that this continual and gratuitous provocation can no longer be suffered and we have decided with the approval of His Majesty's Government that our forces shall remain in occupation of Central Waziristan, that mechanical transport roads shall be constructed throughout the country, specially roads linking the Gumal with the Tochi line and that our present line of post shall be extended as may seem necessary. It is not possible to set any limits to the period of our occupation our main care being that we shall not lose the advantage gained during the last nine months at the cost of valuable life and of much money and that there shall be no recurrence of the series of outrages of which I have given you an outline. We hope that the peace which must eventually attend our domination of these tribesmen, will bring its usual blessings in its train, that they may be weaned from their life of rapine and violence and may find both in material improvements in their country such as the extension of irrigation and cultivation and in civilising intercourse with India a more stable prosperity than they have derived from their traditional profession of robbers and marauders. In order to improve our frontier communications, we have, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, sanctioned the extension through the Khyber of the broad gauge railway which at present terminates at Jamrud. I trust that the time may not be distant when the Afghan Government similarly may build railways down to their frontier and that in this way a connection may be made between the two countries. Nothing, I am convinced, would more conduce to the mutual advantage and good understanding between the two countries than such a connection; and if the Afghan Government were to wish for it, I can assure them that we shall be ready to co-operate.

FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH AFGHANISTAN.

I am glad to say that our relations with Afghanistan have been friendly. As is known to you, the Afghan Government sent a delegation to India at the beginning of April to discuss with British representatives all subjects of misunderstanding between the two Governments in the hope that such discussion might clear the way for subsequent negotiations for a treaty of friendship. Some 15 years had passed since Sir Louis Dane and his mission discussed matters of common interest in Kabul and I felt that it would conduce to the mutual benefit of ourselves and Afghanistan, if another free and frank interchange of opinions were to take place. The discussions were prolonged as their range was wide and the Afghan delegation did not return to their country until the end of July. The Afghan Government is now in full possession of the views of the British Government on all matters affecting Afghan interests, and I hope that these discussions may not have been without their value in clearing their doubts and difficulties. I must record my warm appreciation of the labours of Mr. Dobbs and his colleagues during these long discussions and I sincerely hope that the fuller understanding which is the result of their work may form the basis of a permanent establishment of really neighbourly relations between the two States.

SITUATION IN INDIA.

Much is being said on the platform and in the press both in India and England at the present moment with regard to the state of India. No one can deny that there are disquieting symptoms of uneasiness and unrest, but are those peculiar to India alone? We must maintain a proper perspective of this phenomena. Look round the world and see if there are not identical symptoms wherever you pass your eyes. They are the swell after a great storm, the aftermath of a great upheaval and consider, I pray you, the tale of ordered progress which I have unfolded to you this morning. There are high prices, but the rise in India is small as compared with those prevailing elsewhere. There are financial problems which cause us anxieties, but, as I have indicated, we are returning to normality at a pace greatly in advance of the rest of the world. We have removed all restrictions on the incoming and outgoing of the precious metals and we have a metallic back to our note issue, which would be the envy of every other country. In industry we have a country unravaged by war, with vast potentialities only requiring developments and despite all the preoccupations of the war and the aftermath of the war we have laid foundations for this development. On our frontiers, we hope that we have a policy which will make for enduring peace.

PLEA FOR CHARITY.

In politics we must admit, alas, but it is an admission that does not differentiate us from the rest of the world, there are harsh utterances and much bitterness but here again, within a year of the armistice we have inaugurated a reformed constitution which gives great scope for personal activities and introduces Indians to a progressive measure of real co-operation and responsibility. There are three great virtues which have won the world's acknowledgments, faith, hope and charity, of which three, the greatest is charity. Faith we must all have in the boundless possibilities of this great land, and surely if we have faith we must have hope for what is to come—hope for the realisation of those aspirations which find their first fruit in the new constitution, but charity is the greatest of the three. Is not charity the one thing needful to-day? Without it all our doings are nothing worth. With it we can face the future in the sure and certain knowledge that our efforts will not be in vain. (Loud applause.)

The Viceroy spoke for over an hour.

CORRUPT PRACTICES BILL.

The legislative business was mainly formal except for a brief discussion on the Corrupt Practices Bill. Sir William Vincent, in initiating the debate, hoped the general principle of the Bill would be accepted, although there were several suggestions by local Governments and various associations, which would have to be referred to the Select Committee. He explained in detail the provisions of the Bill, in the framing of which they had the expert assistance of Sir Hugh Fraser.

The Maharaja of Cossimbazar criticised the penal clause and Dr. Sarbadhikari while warmly welcoming the principle of the Bill, took strong objection especially to the inclusion of the clause penalising treatings, which, he claimed, were part of the Indian social custom. Much of the interest in Reforms, he continued, was lost by keen disappointment felt over the postponement of the Prince of Wales' visit. When asked by the Viceroy to confine himself to the subject under discussion, Dr. Sarbadhikari reiterated his observations and endorsed the Viceroy's sentiments about disappointment.

Mr. Chanda supported the Bill and warned against an undue official influence.

Sir William briefly replied and the Bill was referred to the Select Committee.

The Passports Bill was also referred to the Select Committee and the Committee on the Imperial Bank Bill was partially reconstituted.

The Council adjourned till the 26th.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

GRIEVANCES OF CLERICAL STAFF.

The following telegram has been sent to H. E. the Viceroy by the clerical staff of the Central Telegraph Office Bombay:—

Situation clerical staff extremely deplorable inasmuch majority staff merging into debts, consequent on starvation. Immediate relief utterly necessary. Pray expedite revision. Minimum pay sixty. Full length service for calculating increments. Higher appointments, class one 10 per cent. entire strength. Either house rent or locality allowance may not be ignored in view (of) exorbitant prices and living. In short prospects of this department may not fall short if any other Imperial department in Bombay. Lastly pending decision some adequate advance be sanctioned to sustain existence Repeated requests to Director-General ignored.

PROTEST AGAINST TURKISH TREATY.

MEETING AT CAWNPORE

(From a Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, Aug. 20.

A public meeting of Cawnpore Hindus and Muslims was held at Khurlmahal Park to express the popular opinion on the Turkish Treaty. Moulana Azadsubhani presided. It was resolved firstly to ignore the so called Turkish Peace Treaty and stick to non-cooperation, secondly to boycott the "Statesman" for its mean attack on Lokmanya Tilak after his demist, thirdly to thank the hides and *bisathkhana* merchants of Cawnpore for their giving up of cow sarrifices and to organize a deputation on behalf of the Khilafat Committee to induce all Cawnpore Muslim to follow their example on the comi Bakri-Id Day. Prominent among the speakers were Hakim Natiq Hasrat Mohani, a Dr. Abdulkarim Sardarali.

HIGH COURT

APPELLATE SIDE.

THE AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY

LEVY OF THE INCREASED TAX.

LOWER COURT'S ORDER REVERSED

Seth Ambalal Sarabhai
vs.
The Ahmedabad Municipality.

(Before Sir Lallubhai Shah and Justice Crump.)

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. K. B. Vassoodev, Joint Judge of Ahmedabad, who modified the decree of the Additional First Class Subordinate Judge of Ahmedabad. The First Class Subordinate Judge had passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff for Rs. 218-13-9 and half of his costs to be recovered from the Municipality.

The facts are briefly these:—

This action was instituted by the plaintiff against the Ahmedabad Municipality for a declaration that certain house tax and drainage tax imposed by the Municipality on his properties situated at Ahmedabad was illegal in as much as it was levied in disregard of the principles of the Bombay District Municipal Act and because the requirements of the Act were not fulfilled. The plaintiff has also claimed a refund of the tax which he has paid under protest.

The Municipality has not the plaintiff's claim by the plea that their taxes were levied in conformity with the provisions of the Act all requirements thereof were fulfilled.

MR. JUSTICE SHAH'S JUDGMENT.

Mr. Justice Shah in delivering the judgment observed:—

This appeal arises out of a suit to recover certain taxes said to have been illegally levied by the Ahmedabad Municipality. In the lower courts the case has been disposed of on somewhat different grounds, but in the result a refund of the excess of the drainage tax claimed by the plaintiff is allowed but a refund of the house and property tax is not allowed. In the appeal before us, a refund of the excess amount levied in respect of the house and property tax for the year 1912-13 is claimed on the ground that rule No. 74 of the Rules and Bye-laws of the Ahmedabad Municipality which were in force at the time has not been complied with. It is stated that the assessment list with the proposed alteration for the year 1911-12 was published in April 1911 and the notice of the proposed increase in the tax was given to the plaintiff by the Municipality on the 29th June. The plaintiff objected to the enhancement on the 12th July, but a demand was made for the enhanced amount on the 18th July. A further protest was made by the plaintiff on the 30th July and his objections were heard and disposed of in December, 1911 by the officer authorised to deal with such objections. Ultimately a notice of demand was served on the 27th January and the amount claimed by the Municipality for the year 1911-12 was paid under protest. I mention these dates as stated on behalf of the plaintiff and not challenged on behalf of the defendant with respect to the proposed enhancement relating to one property though the whole amount levied was in respect of several properties. These dates in substance are applicable to the full demand made by the Municipality with reference to all the properties, as to which a refund is claimed. The two grounds urged in support of this claim for refund before us are that under section 65 sub-section 4 there was no proper authentication of the list in so far as the officer required by the clause to sign the list did not do so; and secondly that the provisions of rule 74 were not complied with at all. As regards the first objection I do not think that there is any substance in it. It may be that if the list is not signed, it could not be accepted as conclusive evidence as provided by sub-section 6, but I do not see how the mere fact that the officer did not sign the list could affect the question as to whether the levy was legal or particularly when the amount fixed under the list is not challenged before us. The second objection which is based on rule 74 seems to me to be good. The rules in question were originally framed under section 32 clause H of the Bombay Act II of 1884 and under section 2 of the present District Municipal Act these rules were in force in 1911. This position is not challenged on behalf of the Municipality. If the rule is not *ultra vires* it is clear to my mind from the provisions of this rule that the intended increase in the house and property tax was to be notified to the house owners concerned before the 1st of March. All objections to the proposed increase were to be lodged in writing in the Municipal Office before the 15th March, and the investigation was to be completed before the 1st of April and the payment of the for 1911-12 was to be considered due on that date. That is, in the present case, if the provisions of this rule had been duly followed by the 1st of April, 1911 all objections should have been considered and the amount payable for the year 1911-12 determined. The effect of the rule seems to me to be that for the year 1911-12 the Municipality would be entitled to such amount as is determined by the beginning of the year and not to any increase at may be determined at any time during the year. I am unable to agree with the lower appellate court on this point.

The question is not whether the levy of the tax is illegal apart from rule 74, but the question to my mind is as to what was due to the Municipality by the present plaintiff by way of house and property tax according to law. The rule distinctly indicates that the amount payable for the year is the amount fixed at the commencement of the year. Unless the increased amount was determined in the manner contemplated by rule 74, the only amount that could be said to be due by the owner for the year 1911-12, was the amount which was fixed for next preceding year. I do not see anything unreasonable in this rule and if it is consistent with the provisions of the present act I am of opinion that it should be given effect to. If effect is given to it, it follows that the levy of the increased tax for the year 1911-12 was not justified. As a last resort Mr. Mehta has urged on behalf of the Municipality that this rule is *ultra vires* and inconsistent with the provisions of Act III of 1901. In support of this argument he relies upon, section 67 sub section 2. On a careful consideration of the scheme of the sections 63, 64, 65, 66 and 67, it is clear that under sub section 2 of section 67, it is permissible to the Municipality to deal with matter arising under sections 64, 65, 66 after the commencement of the official year in question. But there is nothing in the Act to show that matters intended to be dealt with under section 65 must necessarily be dealt with after the commencement of the official year. For instance section 66 sub section 3 provides that any alteration made under that section shall have the same effect as if it had been made on the earliest day in the current official year in which the circumstance justifying the alteration existed. Though section 66 does not apply to the present case, sub section 3 illustrates to my mind that when the legislature intends that even though the alteration is made after the commencement of the year, it should take effect on the earliest day in particular official year in which the circumstance justifying the alteration existed. An express provision to that effect is made. There is no such provision with reference to matters arising under section 65; and that indicates, in my opinion that it was open to the Municipality to have such a rule as No. 74 with reference to matters arising under section 65. In prescribing the time when objections were to be made by the house owners and dealt with by the municipality there was nothing inconsistent with the provisions of the District Municipal Act of 1901. It is also clear to my mind that these provisions as to time when a house owner is to receive notice of the intended increase and his objections relating to the increase are to be decided are within the scope of the powers of the Municipality to make rules concerning the levy of the taxes. The words of clause (1) of section 46 are wide enough to justify such a rule; and though we are not strictly concerned with the question as to whether this rule was *ultra vires* under the Act of 1884 it seems to me that under Clause (4) of section 32 of the Act of 1884 it was competent to the Municipality to have such a rule regulating the levy of the house and property tax. It is clear that this rule was binding upon the Municipality as well as upon the house owners; and the non-compliance with that rule entitles the plaintiff to recover what has been levied by way of house and property tax in excess of what was payable at the beginning of the year, which would be the amount fixed for the next preceding year. The correctness of the amount claimed by the plaintiff is not challenged on behalf of the Municipality. The cross objection with reference to the refund of the drainage tax has not been pressed.

I would therefore vary the decree of the lower appellate court allowing to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 413-5-6 claimed in this second appeal. The plaintiff to have his costs throughout.

The cross objection is dismissed with costs."

Mr. Dhirajlal K. Thakore instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Jardharlal, Solicitors and Mr Ratanlal Ranchoddas, appeared for the appellant.

Mr. N. K. Mehta, appeared for the Municipality.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 21ST OF AUGUST, 1920.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES.

623-20—Mehta L and Co, Madhavdas Gokuldas v Bai Aimai widow and ors, Rus and G, Craigie B and Co, Part heard.

125-19—Little and Co, Bejnath Ramchandra v Killachand alias Killabhoy Virchand and anr, Hiralal Th and Co, Pandia and Co, For postponement.

3663-19—Bhai K and G, Kassam Devji v Mahomed Hussein Essoofally and anr, Ragh N and Co.

1225-19—Manch and N, Balji Bapuji Rane v Vithal Bapuji Rane and ors, Daphtary F and D.

1229-19—Manch and N, Balji Bapuji Rane v Vithal Bapuji Rane and ors, Daphtary F and D.

1329-20—N C Dalal, Juvanmal Indumal a firm v Mathuradas Bhawandas a firm, Dharamsi and Co.

168-20—Jamsetji R and D, Dayal Lalji a firm v Varjivandas Hirji and Co a firm, Mehta L and Co.

724-80—Shroff and V, Nadirsha Hormusji Bomboat v Wamanrao Bapuji Kirtikar and ors, Daphtary F and D.

1108-20—Kanga and S, Dr Burjorji Sorabji Shroff v Gowrumiya Bapumiya Jaub and anr, Dastur and Co.

1158-20—Matubhai J and M, Iswarbai Jesingbhai v Motilal Kalidas Javeri, Bhai K and G.

279-20—Vachha and Co, Shrinath Dwarkanath Vainde v Ratilal Chhaganlal, Forbes and Co.

3041-19—Dastur and Co, Popatlal Mulchand and Co a firm v Chabildas Nathubhai a firm, Ardeshir H D and Co.

556-19—Bhai K and G, Bai Champa v Dawoodmahomed and Co a firm, Raghavaya N and Co.

1131-17—Dastur and Co, Jethabhai Hirji v Jethabhai Nursey and ors, Ardeshir H D and Co, Mulla and M, Purnanand and Cl, Captain and V.

651-19—Amin and D, Damji Virji a firm v Ranchhordas Purshotam and Co a firm, Craigie B and C.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PRATT

In the Division Court No. 46.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

COMMERCIAL CAUSES

93-19—Sham M and H, K Bhaichandbhai and Co a firm v Madhavdas Liladhar a firm, Ardeshir H D and Co, Part heard.

1138-19—Hiralal Th and Co, Manilal Vadilal a firm v Khamissa Haji Jan Mahomed, Mulla and M.

1732-19—Sham M and H, Jamnadas Harakhji and Co a firm v Nagindas Vijbhukandas a firm, Edg G W and Co.

3561-19—Wadia G and Co, Inderlal Kanyalal a firm v Pragji Lilladhar a firm, Edg G W and Co.

1203-19—Ragh N and Co, Badrinath Sitaram a firm v Shantilal Bholabhai a firm, Motichand and D.

1446-19—Ragh N and Co, Haji Abdulla Haji Tejeb v Mathuradas Bhawan and Co a firm, Dharamsi and Co.

LONG CAUSE.

3082-19—Tyabji D and Co, Bai Navibai widow v Bai Mithibai widow, Edg G W and Co.

COMMERCIAL CAUSES

571-19—Jam R and D, Sha Chhaganlal Premchand v Mathuradas Morarji, Bhimji and Co.

3634-19—Mehta L and Co, Rahimtoola Alibhai Khushal v Keshavlal Madhavlal and anr, Amin and Desai.

1528-19—Khandvalla and Co, Rahimtoola Alibhai Khushal v Keshavlal Madhavlal and anr, Amin and D.

1777-19—Mehta L and Co, Mohanlal Purshotamdas Shah v Lallubhai Chhaganlal and ors, M B Chothia.

1340-19—N C Dalal, Vadilal Purshotamdas a firm v Mathuradas Morarji a firm, Bhimji and Co.

1385-19—Mehta L and Co, Vallabhdas Dossabhai and Co a firm v Meghji Padamsey a firm, Ard H D and Co.

1612-19—Purnanand and Cl, C Nagardas Manilal a firm v Bhanji Hurji and Co a firm, Dikshit M and Co.

1550-19—Tyabji D and Co, Vithaldas Bhowanidas v Chandumal Ghanshyamdas a firm, Dubash and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI

In the Division Court No. 43.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

471-20—Mer K and Co, Mariambai widow and ors v Onalli Gulamalli Abdul Husein and ors, Payne and Co.

LONG CAUSES.

443-19—Sunderdas and Co, Jugjiwan Vallabhdas Padamsey and Co a firm v The Chanda Coal Prospecting Syndicate Ltd and anr, Judah and S.

3507-19—Hiralal Th and Co, Dwarkadas Purshotam a firm v Kotiah Ellayya Balrajayya a firm, Raghavaya N and Co Not to be called on till 26-8-20.

3599-19—Vachha and Co, Damodar Devji v Jamnadas Motichand Purshotam and Co, Purshotamrai and Co.

479-20—Bhaishanker K and G, Bai Champa v Kursetji Pestonji Vaizfdar, N C Dalal.

2938-19—Madhowji K and Ch, Mirza Mahomed Shirazi v Jamal Mahomedkhan Bushir Mahomedkhan and anr, Dubash and Co.

141-20—Bhai K and G, Esmail Devji v Gulamhussein Ebrahim Ganjawalla, Motichand and D.

183-20—M B Chothia, Ebrahim Fazal and Boga Anweri a firm v Nazirmahomed Hassanally Palywalla, I K Dadachanji.

345-20—Amin and D, Padmabai widow v Hira Sakharam and anr, Mantri and Co, Kharas and Co.

477-20—Payne and Co, Mitsui Bushan Kaisha Ltd v M Mohandas, Ardeshir H D and Co.

332-20—Mehta L and Co, Varjiwandas Hirji and Co a firm v Dayal Lalji a firm, Jamsedji R and D.

665-20—Khandwalla and Co, Manilal Leherchand v G G Kaperkar.

890-20—Mehta L and Co, Abdul Kadur Mahomedally v Taheralli Moolla Noorbhai and anr, Merwanji K and Co.

3656-19—Purnanand and Cl, Bai Maneckbai widow v Natwarlal Damodhardas & Co a firm and ors, Pandia and Co, N C Dalal.

669-20—Little and Co, J S Mody v Need and Co a firm, Shroff and Vachha.

1384-20—Mulla and M, Nowroji Cowasji Ayrton and anr v Hirosha Pallonji Arsiwalla Merwanji K and Co.

FOR HEARING ON COUNTER CLAIM

90-18—Unwalla P and P, Haji Aboo Haji Noor Mahomed Cassum v Abdul Latif Shaikh Hussein, Daphtary F and D. Counter-claim.

LONG CAUSES.

692-20—Payne and Co, Sale Mahomed Haji Ahmed Noorathi and anr v Haji Moosa Haji Ebrahim Vahidina, Captain and V.

1833-19—Jamsedji R and D, Sha Jagjiwan Anandji v Sha Narotam Motichand, Motichand and D.

DELHI OFFICIALDOM.

WAYS OF DISTRICT MAGISTRATE.

(From our own Correspondent.)

DELHI, Aug. 16.

Delhi's reactionary regime has found ample publicity through the "Chronicle's" columns before this, but a truce declared faithfully kept by the people of Delhi with a view to give a fair trial to the changed functioneries has, as previously pointed out resulted in recrudescene of naked repression. Public speech has been penalised in a manner and under the circumstance which reflect discredit on the authorities responsible for pursuing a policy of coercion. Vernacular press is another object of the authorities unprovoked attention and has suffered much at the hands of an astute successor of a very notorious District Magistrate of Delhi. The new functionary has not taken long to slip into the well-known habits of his predecesor but has in maintaining some of the reactionary traditions of Delhi administration brought shrewdness to his task. He has so far succeeded in dividing the honors of repressive and reactionary activities with the head of a province who was otherwise known as a good and indulgent person. The latest achievement of the District Magistrate marks what may be described "judical ingenuity" thoroughly the work of the notorious traditions of the bureaucratic wreaking of vengeance. Many weeks ago the guillotine of the Press Act truncated an independent Urdu daily "Huriyat." As a preliminary the maximum security was demanded. When G. P. Notes were produced the District Magistrate found some technical flaw in them and declined to accept them. This involved protracted procedure and endless worry to the owner of the press who took nearly 2 months to purchase G. P. Notes of desired description. On the production of these on the 13th instant, the District Magistrate was pleased to note that they were all right, but he wondered if he could accept security after the expiry of the period fixed for production which was a week or so, stowed away the notes and fixed the 24th for Arif Hasvi, the owner, to satisfy the District Magistrate that the acceptance of security was not illegal, after which orders would be pronounced. Nearly a fortnight's delay was enough to cause consternation and it was represented that under these circumstances it was not proposed to lock up two thousand and G. P. Notes were demanded But the subtle magistrate declined to return the G. P. notes before the point about security had been disposed of. The piquant humour and obvious moral of the episode are characteristic of breaucratic traditions, when a shrewd member of service has the privelege of maintaining them. I have had it all from Arif Hasvi and have no reason to doubt the narration of the elaborate ceremonial. High water mark of honest journalism and undetered observance of candour seem to be peculiarly offensive features which assail the bureaucratic sense of propriety.

SPORTING NEWS

TO-DAY'S RACES.

SELECTIONS BY "NEMO."

BELLE VOYAGEUSE can repeat her first victory in the Elphinstone Plate, Div. MILLMOUNT deserves a place, QUITE DARK may spring a surprise.

In the Sandhurst Plate the light weights will prove troublesome to QUARRYMAN and NOUTBATWEEL, ROYAL CHARTER, and PENNY PIE are two candidates, who will most likely cause trouble.

ARCHER should win the Aundh Plate from DIALECT and FORRARD AWAY.

EAGER TO will be hard to beat in the 3nd Div. of the Elphinstone Plate, BEGGAR PRINCE and BALIRA are good place investments.

BILLY BAWN, BELLE SYME and MISS ROLLESTONE are the three fastest performers in the Ascot Plate.

HONEST BEAUTY, DESERT FLOWER, and KUSRA will probably be the order in the Satara Plate Div I.

ANAIZA, SUMMERTON, and TIT BITS should dispute the Lohogaon Plate.

In the 2nd Div of the Satara Plate BISMARK KARAM and GOOD STAR are tried performers.

YADGHAR can win again the 3rd Div. of the Satara Plate from DONCASTER and SAMMY.

POONA RACING SEASON.

FOURTH EXTRA MEETING.

HORSEE LEFT IN

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 20.

The following horses are left in after declaration of forfeits at 8-0 a.m. on Friday for to-morrow's meeting.

First race starts 2-30 p.m.

THE SANDHURST PLATE. Distance 7 furlongs.

Poignant 9-10, Quarryman 9-0, Carados 9-0, Verge 8-13, Pastime 8-7, Noutbutwell 8-6, Pandion 8-6, Country Lad 8-4, Black Walnut 8-2, Cheechako 7-13, Black Kite 7-13, Royal Charter 7-13, Aleli 7-2, Penny Pie 6,11, Anthracite 6-10.

THE ASCOT PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

We Two 9-2, Liberty 8-13, Tagamor 8-1 Mazbott 8-12, Little Trout 8-10, Gladiator 8-9, Necessity 8-8 Belle Syme 8-9, Billy Bawn 8-8, Miss Rollestone 8-7, Trostan 8-5, Mist 8-3, Bucko 7-12, Footman 7-11, Cork Glass 7-3, Ensay 7-2, Bunty 6-12.

THE LOHAGOAN PLATE. Distance about 5 furlongs.

Anaiza 9-2, Resident 8-12, Khundil 8-12, Durban 8-4, Warminster 8-4, Four Aces 8-2, Summerton 8-2, Defender 8-0, Tit bits 7-12 Mechanic 7-8, Dublin 7-6, Rare Find 6-10.

THE ELPHINSTONE PLATE, Division I. Distance 6 furlongs.

Oregon Pine 9-4, Golden Stream 9-0, Belle Voyageuse II 8-12, Lemon 8-10, Sujam Sam 8-10 Fine Trout 8-9, Buckbean 8-9, St. Agnes Eve 8-8, Simon Grate 8-7, King's Head 8-6, Millmount 8-5, Birthday Clothes 8-4, Japone to 8- Quite Dark 8-0, Gold Reef 7-12, Discarded 7-11, Limehouse Lights 7-10, Mynden Chief 7-10, Margaret Joyce 7-10, Miss Glad Eyes 7-1 Easter Holiday 7-8, Flying Dart 7-7, Ilione 7-4, Lomo 7-0.

THE ELPHINSTONE PLATE. (Division II.)

Isbury Rose 9-4, Balira 9-0, Belvedare 8-1 Renete 8-10, Mirabelle 8-10, Genevieve 8-9, Binfield Grove 8-9, Lucky Queen 9-8, Dialect 8-7, Japanese Pine 8-6, Eager To 8-0, Glass Rock 8-0, Royal Jewel 7-12, Beggar Prince 7-12, Another Night 7-11, Miss Goodenough 7-11, Sibell de Langton 7-10, Lookou 7-10, Mexican Eagle 7-8, Two Gates 7-8, Deslin 7-7, Ho Ho 7-4, Quanta 7-0.

THE AUNDH PLATE. Distance 1 mile.

Pine Box 8-1, Aqua Marine 8-12, Millmount 8-11, Sandra 8-11, King's Own 8-11, Forrard Away 8-11 Substance 8-12, Dialect 8-1; Love Glass 7-11, Tasty 8-4, Archer 7-11, Jack Firth 8-12, Mossley 8-1.

THE SATARA PLATE. (Division I.) Distance 1 mile.

Malta 8-4, King Palace 7-9, Aligarh 8-10, Adar 8-5, Mystic 8-4, Isonomic 8-1, Baby Grand 6-10, Kusra 8-4, Lamington 8-4, Khailan 8-0, Tired Tim 8-7, Yauar 8-0, Municipal 8-4, Ornat 8-3; Gazee 7-9, Kitchener 8-8, Desert Flower 7-11, Joker 9-0, Arvil 7-5, Honest Beauty 8-10, Baktiare 8-1, Brindisi 8-7, Socotra 9-0.

THE SATARA PLATE. (Division II.)

Zainulmulk 8-4, Reeman 7-9, Dickson 8-4, Good Star 8-1, Latiff 7-11, Shah 7-11, Dharawell 7-9, Sannayat 8-10 Vernon 7-11, Haydu 7-9, Emperor 8-4, Bismarck 8-5, Foreigner 8- Waterloo 8-4, Sher Khan 9-0, Peaceday 8-6, Karam 8-3, Hero 8-4, My Royal 8-3, Justice 8-6, Injeman 8-4, Mighty Atom 8-11.

THE SATARA PLATE. (Division III.

Verdal Malik 8-4, Waabil 6-10, Meddler 8-4, Trade Mark 7-12, Embassy 8-4, Yadghar 8-4, Shatra 8-6, Ayr Laddie 8-11, Velvet 7-11, Cyclone 8-6, Red Flower 8-5; Delawar 7-9; Doncaster 8-11, Anxious 8-5, Gay Peter 8-5, Buttonwood 8-7, Compliment 8-7, Huntsman 9-0, Shums 7-8, Sammy 8-13, Moobin 8-7, Towfik 7-11.

FIFTH EXTRA MEETING.

ENTRIES.

The following are the Entries for the Fifth Extra Meeting, to be run on Wednesday, 25th August:—

THE HARRIS PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Mr Frank's Brendan.
Messrs Hastings and Guthries' Thunder.
Mr — M Thaddeus' First Flier.
Mr T M Thaddeus' Misri Lal.
Mr Hammond's Ardvreck.
Mr Pine's Night Watch.
Mr Pine's Dersingham.
Mr Pine's Penny Pie.
Mr G E D Langley's Treddle.
Mr D C Cooper's Royal Charter.
Mr M Goculdass' Roubaix.
Mr M Goculdass' William the Beau.
Mr M Goculdass' Cheechako.
Mr M Goculdass' Cherry and Black
Mr M Goculdass' Antic.
Mr R R S's Mademoiselle Foch.
Mr R R S's Gadtuna.

THE AYR PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Messrs Hastings and Guthrie's Veiled Certainty.
Messrs. Hastings and Guthrie's Royal Ambition.
Mr T M Thaddeus' Misri Lal.
Mr T M Thaddeus' Red Quill.
Mr G E D Langley's Treddle.
Mr K Cassumbhoy's Francis Armand.
Mr D C Cooper's Royal Charter.
Mr N F Garda's Zefus.
Mr M Goculdass' Silver Saint.
Mr M Goculdass' Matchlock
Mr M Goculdass' Gypsy's Advice
Mr M Goculdass' Antic.
Mr R R S's Gadtuna.
Mr. R R S's Cyanite.
Mr R R S's Archer.
Mr Kelso's Plaxtol.

THE YERROWDA PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr E A Gubbay's Little Trout
Messrs Frank and J N De Souza's Brioche.
H H Maharaja of Rajpipla's Chauntress.
Mr M Goculdass' Gladiator.
Mr M Goculdass' Tagamor.
Mr T M Thaddeus' Bucko.
Mr Diamond's Murmansk.
Mr Clement Vaz's Mimi.
Mr P B Avasia's Redspear
Mr Pine's Liberty.
Messrs Pine and A S Moloobhoy's Mazboot
Messrs N Begmahomed and A Nanjee's Necessity.
Mr G E D Langley's Southwell.
Mr Blessington's Mist.
Mr Heath's Viola.
Mr Heath's Pourboire.
Mr S N Mahomed's Lady Cleopatra.
Mr A S Fezi's Cork Glass.
Mr Bullion's Fire Finch.
Mrs J K Mehta and Mr S C Petit's Belle Syme.
Mr R R S's Archer.
Mr R R S's Johnnie H.
Mr Kelso's Crushed Glass
Mr Kelso's Miss Rollestone.

THE LANDSDOWNE PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Mr Nowel's Quarterly.
Messrs Hastings and Guthries' Fugle Lady.
Mr A Hoyt's Discarded.
Mr T M Thaddeus' Vameta.
Mr Noble's Checkmate.
Mr S D Magarabi's Decorum.
Mr Pine's Rueful.
Mr Pine's Japanese Pine 0
Mr R S Captain's Sugarey Sam. —
Mr Neil's Jacky Firth.
Mr N Begmahomed's Bright Bird.
Mr A M Fawcett's Pedius.
Mr S A Wahed's Saunterer.
Mr Hearth's Kaloolah.
Mr A S Fezi's Laodicea.
Mr Humble's Christmas Holiday.
Mr Toogood's Loch D
Mr E Mace's Kit Grey Leg.
Mr Kelso's Fasaig.
Mr M Ghorpade's Maiden Palm.
Mr R R S's Buckbean.

THE BANGALORE PLATE.—Distance 1 mile —

Mr Mahomed Jamal's Black Stone.
H H the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Tipster.
Mr Guthrie's Kestrel II.
Mr A Hoyt's Discarded
Mr Pine's Sugar Cane.
Mr Pine's Mountain Apple.
Mr S Basheerali's Black Friar.
Mr M Essa's Auriferous.
Mr Heath's Steel Blue.
Mr F M Garda's Submarine II.
Messrs. Bishen Narain and Hari Shanker Bhargava's Apple Pie.
Mr M Goculdass' Artists' Model.
H H the Maharaja of Mysore's Come On.
H H the Maharaja of Mysore's Maple.
Mr M Ghorpade's Maiden Palm.
Mr Abbas Sheriff's Osmania.

THE HADAPSUR PLATE.—Distance miles.

H H the Maharani of Cooch Behar's Union Jack.
Messrs Ahmed Hazamy and Sattar's Ferry Boat.
Mr Pine's Dictate.
Mr Dawoodbhoy Nensey's Cessation.
Mr M Goculdass' Rose Hill.
Mr M Goculdass' Mentor.
Mr Feroze J Mulla Feroze's Collingwood.
Mr Hammond's Durban.
Mr Hammond's Zuheir.
Mr Ali bin Talib's Mandil.
Mr Ali bin Talib's Hakum.
Mr Ali bin Talib's Jawad.
Mr F M Garda's Nizam-ul-Mulk.
Mr J K Irani's Excelsior.
The Yuvaraja of Kolhapur's Kayed.
The Yuvaraja of Kolhapur's Dartmoor.

THE MATHERAN PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Mr M C Patel's Bluey Lee.
Messrs Ahmed Hazamy and Sattar's Tankard.
Mr H E Badshah's Benares.
Dr S V Kandalkar's Paladin.
Mr M Shaffy's Golshan.
Messrs M Shaffy and S R A Wahab's Taj.
Messrs M Shaffy and S R A Wahab's Asfoor
Mr H Ebramjee's Domineer.
Mr Lantin's Beadmaker.
Mr S N Mahomed's Karikata.
Mr A S Fezi's Nevermind.
Mr Bright's Gold King.
Mr Nasim Saleh's Black Ivory.
Messrs R S Captain and Hoshang Jamsetjee's Tiger.
H H the Maharaja of Rajpipla's Tipperary.
Mr Goculdass' Chieftain
Mr M Goculdass' Rose Hill.
Mr Noble's Dublin.
Mr Cowdera's Nawabzada.
Mr Hammond's Zuheir.
Mr P C Dastoer's Dandelion.
Mr Malik's Balloon.
Messrs M Shaffy and M T Kazarani's Sufwat.
Mr Ali bin Talib's Jawad.
Mr Ali bin Talib's Andolis.
Mrs G E D Langley's Dunbar.
Mr K Cassumbhoy's Tawdry
Messrs M M Isfani and T V Shroff's Bahadurjung
Mr Hearth's Shahzada.
Mr J K Irani's Excelsior
Mr J N DeSouza's Investor.
Mr J P Caesar's Diamond King.

CALCUTTA MONSOON MEETING

FOURTH DAY RACES.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 20.

The following horses are left in for to-morrow's races:—

THE MALLA HAT PLATE.—Distance 1 3/4 miles over 9 flights.

Vulkanella 12-0, Ready Cash 11-12, Kurdish Chief 11-0, Ladavon 10-8.

THE EXCHANGE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Lough Corrib 9-7, Summer's Hope 9-5, King Melton 8-13, One Too Many 8-13, Buff Mail 8-7, Shire Dine 8-5, Lloyds 8-5, Gora's Darling 8-5, Repartee 8-4, Tarnapol 8-2, Speak The Truth 8-0, Monsieur James 7-12, Rheidol 7-12, Water Lily 7-6, Leading Girl 7-0.

THE ALIPORE PLATE.—Distance 1 mile 3 furlongs.

Jack 9-8, Galley Law 9-4, Quartzite 9-2, Gibberish 8-13, Lothian Lad 8-5, Feathered Life 8-3, Downey Boy 8-0, Winning Way 8-0, Nile King 8-0, Abajala 7-3, Wheaten 7-2.

THE KITCHENER PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Verres 9-3, Llansinfried 9-2, The Square 9-0, Harvest Home 9-0, Coryphee 8-13, Passing 8-13, Pride of India 8-8, Kilrea 8-6, Golden Square 8-4, St Vagrant 8-3, Soft Nose 8-0, Beauvoir 7-0.

THE TOTALIZATOR PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Elsie R 9-12, Fleurette 8-6, Carless Girl 8-5, Christmas Toy 7-10, Wailly 7-6, Florrie M 7-4, Kishoree 7-3, Border Princess 7-0.

THE EXCHANGE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Dara Bay 9-9, Sans Merci 9-0, Bideawee 7-9, Pommery 8-0, Baw-Baw 7-10, Red Hat 7-10, Foxtor 7-7.

THE JUMPERS' FLAT RACE.—Distance 1 mile 3 furlongs.

Pomade 11-7, Miss Slasher 10-12, I See 10-10, Ugly Gosling 9-8, Henriette 9-0.

CRICKET AT POONA.

POONA GYM. V. FRIENDS' UNION C. C.

CENTURY BY TARRANT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 20.

This annual two days' fixture was played on the Gymkhana ground on Thursday and Friday of this week in lovely weather, the pitch being in good condition. The Gymkhana winning the toss batted first and lunch interval arrived with their score at 151 for 3 wickets. They batted all the afternoon and Mr. F. A. Tarrant who was in great form scored a beautiful 108 without giving a chance and which included fifteen fours. The innings closed for 343. Going in after the tea interval the Friends' Union had scored 108 for 3 wickets when stumps were drawn. Continuing their innings on Friday for an hour and three-quarters they had compiled when their innings closed a total of 203. The visitors had to follow on, but in the second over they lost Joshi for 1 run. Runs came very slowly and the game ended in a draw, the visitors scoring 128 for 6 wickets.

The scores were as follows:—

POONA GYMKHANA.
1st Innings.

Capt Brett, b Kantak	.....	39
Capt Rait-Kerr, c Shete, b Godambe	.....	27
Major Tillard, l-b-w, b Joshi	.....	45
Mr F A Tarrant, c Joshi, b Kagal	.....	108
Mr A C Cave, run out	.....	19
Mr C K Pelham, placed on, b Godambe	...	6
Capt Pearson, c Gorakshar, b Joshi	.....	2
Lieut-Col Dibben, b Shete	.....	15
Mr G M Bruce, b Kagal	.....	2
Major Taylor, c Pilkar, b Joshi	.....	46
Mr R C Higgins, not out	.....	23
Extras	.....	18
Total	.....	343

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Joshi	39.1	6	136	3
Kagal	9	0	41	3
Shete	11	1	47	1
Godambe	16	1	46	2
Kantak	13	0	55	1

FRIENDS' UNION.
1st Innings.

Mr V V Kantak, l-b-w, b Higgins	.....	41
Mr B R Kagal, b Rait-Kerr	.....	5
Mr M M Goradia, c Rait-Kerr, b Tarrant	...	21
Mr B A Shete, l-b-w, b Tarrant	.....	22
Mr G B Gorakshar, c Higgins, b Tarrant	...	11
Mr S R Godambe, c Bruce, b Pearson	.....	19
Dr N G Prabhaker, l-b-w, b Tarrant	.....	1
Mr D A Shete, c Rait-Kerr, b Pearson	.....	23
Mr M A Talpade, c Bruce, b Pearson	.....	1
Mr S M Joshi, c Cave, b Tarrant	.....	27
Mr P W Welkar, not out	.....	1
Extras	.....	29
Total	.....	203

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Higgins	17	4	44	1
Rait-Kerr	8	1	23	1
Pearson	14	2	48	3
Tarrant	22	5	48	5
Cave	5	0	10	0

FRIENDS' UNION.
2nd Innings.

Mr V V Kantak, b Tarrant	.....	31
Mr S M Joshi, c Brett, b Higgins	.....	1
Mr B R Kagal, b Tarrant	.....	4
Mr P A Shete, b Tarrant	.....	9
Mr M M Goradia, b Tarrant	.....	0
Mr S R Goradia, b Tarrant	.....	25
Mr D A Shete, not out	.....	32
Mr G B Gorakshar, not out	.....	9
Dr N G Prabhaker, Mr P W Welkar and Mr M A Talpade, did not bat.		
Extras	.....	24
Total (for 6 wkts)	.....	139

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Raitkerr	11	2	20	0
Higgins	7	4	6	1
Tarrant	32	18	28	5
Pearson	15	5	34	0
Cave	3	2	5	0
Tillard	5	1	10	0

RESIGNING!

A REMINDER TO O'DWYER.

The "Manchester Guardian" wrote in Mail Week.

A second long letter of self-defence, and something more, from Sir Michael O'Dwyer was published yesterday. It is clear that at this stage no good purpose could be served by a review of the various points in dispute between certain Punjab officers and the Indian and home Governments. But the letter contains two specific statements which are related to a fundamental principle, and to these it is important that public attention should be called. In his concluding paragraph Sir Michael O'Dwyer says: "I have applied for leave to resign the service at an early date." It is thirty-five years since he went to India. He has held a number of important offices and enjoyed an extended term as Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab, which ended last year. Apart, therefore, from all other considerations, Sir Michael O'Dwyer is entitled to his rest. Since, however, he has chosen to ask it in one particular way, we may remind him of an historic declaratioin on the principle involved. In 1906 Mr. Morley (as he then was) had, as Secretary for India, to deal with the resignation of a Lieutenant Governor whose policy was disapproved by the Imperial Government. His stroke was decisive. "All I can say is," he remarked in the House, "and I do not care who the man may be, that if any gentleman in the Indian Service says he will resign unless he can have his own way, then, so far as I am concerned in the matter, his resignation shall be promptly and definitely accepted." But Sir Michael O'Dwyer does not stop at his own case. He says also: "Some of the officials" (that is some of those concerned in the administration of martial law) "are preparing to resign a service in which they no longer consider themselves adequately protected." They are covered by last year's Act of Indemnity. If that remarkable measure is inadequate—then, what an admission we have here of the effects of the method of Frightfulness! But the essential point is the one hammered in by Lord Morley, and it is an exceedingly grave one. India is held by one force alone the broad justice of British rule, expressed through the character and behaviour of individuals in positions of authority. Upon what conceivable theory, we wonder, of Executive responsibility

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TRAINING SCHOOL TEACHERS

CONFERENCE AT SURAT.

The Director of Information sends the following for publication:—

An exceptionally interesting and valuable conference of teachers was recently organised in Surat by Mr. K. S. Vakil, Inspector of Training Schools for Bombay Presidency, and very successfully carried through. This was a conference of teachers of the new District Training Schools in the Northern Division and Sind, and it was held in Surat on the 6th, 7th and 8th July.

The Programme, which was scrupulously adhered to, shows the amount, variety, and character of the work gone through, and the officers who actively participated in it. As this indicates, the work done was of a thoroughly practical nature. It did not consist in long set speeches or addresses, but in a carefully planned series of demonstrations calculated to afford useful guidance to the teachers concerned, in handling the practical subjects recently introduced into the primary training curriculum, such as Nature Study, Sloyd, Rapid Blackboard Sketching, Physiology, Hygiene and First Aid, Clay-modelling, etc.

The usefulness of the conference was enhanced by a small exhibition that was organised in connection with it. It consisted of (i) specimens of work actually done in Nature Study, Sloyd, Drawing, Clay-modelling, Practical Geography, etc., in all the twelve new District Training Schools; (ii) specimens of educational books, maps, charts, pictures, apparatus and appliances, etc., available in the market for use as aids in teaching; and (iii) the beautiful newspaper scrap-books and educational picture albums belonging to the late Mr. W. H. Sharp, which were purchased by the Surat High and Middle Schools, and are now in their possession. The first class of exhibits were arranged in separate stalls representing each different training school, so that the teachers assembled could compare and contrast the work of their own school with that of others, note their deficiencies, and devise means of improvement. Among these, those that attracted special attention were (i) maps of India showing in relief, climate, productions, means of communications, exports and imports, etc., story drawings, story illustrations in paper, and object-lesson charts prepared by the Jalgaon Training School; (ii) cocoons of silk worms reared by the students, and rain-gauge models improvised from materials locally available by the teachers of the Godhra Training Schools; (iii) graphical representations of the relative size of the continents of the earth, the population of the different races and religions of mankind, etc., and object drawings sent in by the Ratnagiri Training School; (iv) a simple apparatus devised by the Satara Training School for the daily observation and measurement of the length of the shadow of the Sun, and also a sundial and protractor; (v) specimens of clay-models received from the Bijapur Training School and brought by Mr. Ramabrahma from the Training College for Men, Dharwar; (vi) the Nature Study note books of the Karwar Training School; (vii) the Paper Sloyd models, made by students of the Nadiad Training School; (viii) Physiological charts and hollow paper models of fruits, prepared by students of the Karachi Training School; (ix) maps of the battlefields of Miani and Panipat, prepared by students of the Shikarpur and Naoshahro Training Schools and (x) the museum collections, including books of preserved leaf-specimens made during the last summer vacation by the students of the Surat Training School.

The Society has also organised committees of volunteer workers, ladies and gentlemen, in different districts in the city, who have undertaken to carry out careful investigations into all cases referred to them for report. These volunteers are being gradually initiated into the work of investigations; their reports are submitted to a Sub-Committee of the Executive Committee, which carefully goes into the merits of every case, discusses it with the volunteers, and finally arrives at a decision. The decisions of the Sub-Committee are submitted for sanction to the Executive Committee and then communicated to the Trustees of the Funds concerned.

CIVILIAN GOVERNORS.

MUST BE MADE IMPOSSIBLE.

In the course of its comments on the recent announcement of new Governorships, the "Leader" says:

The most striking of the appointments is of course that of Lord Sinha. In ordinary circumstances he should have been sent to the United Provinces, for the reason stated in the foregoing paragraph, viz., that the Governor should, as a rule, not be a member of the Indian Civil Service; whereas it is the idea that the Governor of Bihar should be an I. C. S. officer. (Our own opinion is that as a rule a permanent official should not be either the head or a member of any Government. This has been repeatedly stated and we adhere to the view.) But Sir Harcourt Butler has been Lieutenant-Governor here for only two and a half years, and has proved to be a popular as well as efficient ruler, while Sir Edward Gait's term of office at Patna and Ranchi will expire in November. This circumstance is responsible for the appointment of a non-Civilian Governor to Bihar and of a Civilian Governor to the United Provinces. It is up to our countrymen of Bihar—and of the Punjab to see that when the Government of India Act is next amended they will be assured that they will have non-Civilian Governors. As regards the United Provinces Sir Harcourt Butler should be the last as he will be the first I. C. S. Governor. We do not know whether the present appointment is for the remainder of his term of office—as in the case of the members of the Governor-General's Executive Council who have lately been re-appointed—or for a full term of five years. It will be remembered that before he came here to succeed Sir James Meston, our present Lieutenant-Governor had already put in two years as Lieutenant-Governor of Burma. But whether Sir Harcourt Butler will be with us for two years and a half or for five years more, our public men of all classes and all shades of opinion should make it unmistakably clear, that his successor should not be a Civilian, however talented he may be. The present appointment should be understood to be, not a precedent but a departure from rule justified by special circumstances.

LORD SINHA.

We congratulate all parties concerned on the appointment of Lord Sinha. We congratulate him personally on the exalted honour that has come to him. The first Indian to hold substantively the post of Standing Counsel to the Government of Bengal, the first Indian Advocate-General of Bengal, the first Indian member of the Governor-General's Executive Council, the first Indian member of the Imperial War Conference and the Imperial War Cabinet, the first Indian King's Counsel, the first Indian member of the Privy Council (outside its Judicial Committee), the first Indian Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, the first Indian peer and member of the House of Lords, the right hon. Lord Sinha of Raipur will also be the first Indian Governor of a province. And equally by virtue of great attainments and high character, he has richly earned and fully merits the unique position to which he has risen. Simple and straightforward, modest and genuine, courteous and tactful, loyal and patriotic able and experienced, Lord Sinha by his sweetness conquers everyone who sees and knows him. He never makes an enemy and never loses a friend. It is Bihar's singular good fortune to have him as Governor; she will be envied by her sister provinces. As regards his Majesty's Government, what can we say in justice except that they have given one more proof of statesmanship, of freedom from race prejudice, of a sincere desire to elevate India's political status and recognize her as an equal member of the Commonwealth of Nations known as the British Empire? Who says that constitutional agitation has been a failure and that Indians have made no political progress? Let him compare the India of 1920 with the India of 1885 when the Congress was established, of 1900, and of 1915, and repeat the statement if he can with any regard for accuracy. We congratulate Lord Sinha and Bihar and India. We thank Mr. Montagu, Mr. Lloyd George, the Cabinet and his Majesty the King-Emperor, for the announcement of historic importance that has been made.

MOMENTOUS.

The "Tribune" says:

We have no doubt the better mind of India, with scarcely a dissentient voice here and there, will unanimously welcome the appointment of Lord Sinha. We cannot, indeed, say that the announcement will evoke anything like the outburst of enthusiasm that would have greeted it a couple of years, perhaps, even a year ago, but this is due partly to the fact that India has within the brief space of twelve months covered the track of a decade, perhaps a quarter of a century, and partly to the deeply troubled state of the public mind owing to the Khilafat decision and the Punjab trouble. Nevertheless everybody will realise that the departure which the appointment signifies from the past is as momentous as any that has ever been made in the history of British India, with the single exception of the announcement of complete responsible government as the goal of British policy in India and the Act of Parliament in which it is now embodied.

THE AUSPICIOUS "S"

Dr. Sapru has been appointed to the Government of India Council as the third Indian member. The other two are Messrs. Shafi and Sarma. Strangely enough the names of all the three members begin with the letter "S." The coincidence is all the greater, because of the three previous Indian members, the names of two also began with the same letter. Lord Sinha started the ball rolling. The other member was Sir Sankaran Nair. Surely some selective system subsists.—"Englishman."

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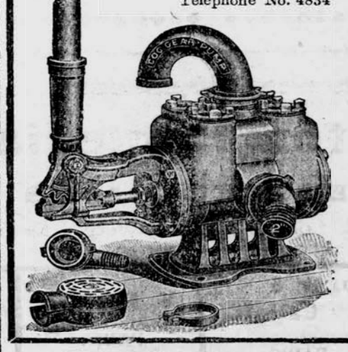

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MAIL NOTES.

DAMASCUS MISTAKE.

SEIZED BECAUSE A TELEGRAM WAS LATE.

The "Daily Mail" writing in mail week says:—

The Syrian Government has sent a protest to the Allies saying that after the Emir Feisul had accepted General Gouraud's conditions, owing to his desire to avoid bloodshed, and had withdrawn his army to the interiod, General Gouraud ordered the French troops to march on Damascus (which they have now captured).

Feisul consequently appeals to the civilised world, and disclaims responsibility for the consequences of General Gouraud's alleged breach of official pledges.

This protest has also been sent to Field-Marshal Allenby.

CAIRO, Sunday.

The course of events in Syria in connection with the French ultimatum is summarised in a Damascus message dated Thursday. The Arab Government ordered the army to withdraw in accordance with the ultimatum, but for some unknown reason the telegram was delayed, and was only received two hours after the expiration of the ultimatum.

General Gouraud, had, meantime, ordered an advance. He telegraphed: "Marching on Damascus." This aroused the indignation of the King and his Government, who ordered that defence measures should be taken. The people enthusiastically responded, thousands of volunteers setting out for the front.—Reuter.

REPLY TO MR. LLOYD GEORGE,

IRELAND WOULD WELCOME PEACE, BUT IS PREPARED FOR WAR.

The "Freeman's Journal" comments as follows on the Premier's offer to Sinn Fein:

"To Sir Hamar we would say: 'Mr. George is flying kites for negotiations with Sinn Fein.'

"Tell the Prime Minister that there is no man, woman or child in Ireland who has a scintilla of faith in the promises of any English statesman. Tell him that we have been betrayed and deceived so often that we are determined not to be betrayed or deceived again. . . ,

"Tell him that the politician, English, Scottish, Welsh, Irish or Canadian has yet to be born who could pledge his countrymen for two generations, for one generation or even for a decade. Remind him that English trade union leaders, as was shown a fortnight ago, cannot pledge their unions for even 24 hours.

"Ask him if he himself could pledge the British electorate from even one general election to another, and then tell him that if he still persists in asking for 'guarantees' every Irishman will know that the demand is a political chicanery of the most contemptible type and is obviously dishonest.

"There is no serious obstacle in the present English Parliament to peace with Ireland for the bulk of its members. Ireland would welcome peace on the basis of full and free self-Government, with one Irish Parliament and one Irish Parliament only. She is also prepared for war whether it be for five years, fifty years or a century; which is it to be? Let the English Cabinet answer, and quickly."—"The Daily Mail."

BRITISH OVERTURES.

DESIRE FOR GOOD UNDERSTANDING WITH RUSSIA

Correspondence which has taken place between the British and Russian Soviet Governments on the question of Poland was issued by the Foreign Office in mail week. On July 11 Earl Curzon wrote to Tchitcherin proposing as the armistice line the Polish boundary laid down by the Peace Conference last year, and conference in London.

The Soviet Government in reply views "with some caution such proposals, so far as they do not come directly from the Government concerned, and as long as the danger subsists that the attitude of the Polish Government will not correspond to the declaration of other Governments which speak in its name. The necessity of a direct communication from the Polish Government to the Soviet Government in this case is the more urgent as the past attitude of the British Government in the conflict between Poland and Russia can hardly be considered as a reason for assuming the role of mediator between these two Governments."

(The Polish request for an armistice has since been addressed to the Soviet Government.)

Replying on July 20, Lord Curzon says that the British Government proposed a conference in London in order to "bring Russia into relations with the Peace Conference and so pave the way to a better understanding between Russia and the outer world."

GIFTS TO HEDJAZ KING.

FROM THE KING AND THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The newspaper "Kublah," published at Mecca, states that King George has sent to the King of the Hedjaz (the strip of Arabia adjoining the Red Sea and containing Mecca) a fine sword inlaid with precious stones, and also his portrait. The Prince of Wales has sent to the King of the Hedjaz a watch made 600 years ago.

These gifts were presented to the King of the Hedjaz by Major Marshal in a ceremony during which guns were fired in salute.

The same newspaper states that the motor-car presented to the King of the Hedjaz by the King of Italy in return for a piece of holy cloth from Mecca has reached Arabia, and was handed to the King by the Italian representative at the same time as the gifts from Britain.—"The Daily Mail."

BRITISH WOMEN VOTERS.

CONSIDERABLE INCREASE OVER MEN IN NEW REGISTER.

The second return of Parliamentary Electors under the Franchise Act of 1918 does not show any marked increase in the number of voters except in the case of women. Taking the United Kingdom as a whole, the Register on which the General Election of 1918 took place and that which came into force on October 15, 1919, contained electors as follows:—

	Men.	Women.	Total.
1918 ...	12,913,166	8,479,156	51,392,322
1919 ...	12,919,090	8,856,493	21,775,583
Inc. in 1919.	5,924	377,337	383,261

The increase in the number of women voters must, of course, be largely due to the number of wives and other women qualified to vote who reached the age limit of 30 during the year.

EGYPTIAN STATE TRIAL.

A WORLD WIDE CONSPIRACY TO OUST GBEAT BRITAIN

The case in which Abdel Rahman Bey Fahmy, local secretary of the Egyptian Nationalist Delegation, and 28 others are accused of conspiracy, is taking the form of a great State trial, dealing with the whole question of Nationalist organisations.

The Public Prosecutor dramatically disclosed the contents of a number of seized documents, showing the existence of wide-spread machinery for the purpose of ousting Great Britain from Egypt, the ramifications of which extended all over the world.—The "Daily News."

MR. DE VALERA'S OFFER.

READY TO SIGN PEACE ON TERMS

The cooresponent of the "Daily News" writting from New York says:—

Speaking last night in Washington at the reception of Dr. Mannix, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Melbourne, Mr. de Valera announced that he would have no hesitation in recommending the people of Ireland to agree to the stipulation with the British Government regarding the future of Ireland on the lines of the first article of the Platt Amendment for Cuba. "The Irish people," he said, "were always ready to sign a permanent peace between the two nations."

The Platt Amendment referred to, which was a condition precedent to the withdrawal of the U. S. troops from Cuba, says: "The Government of Cuba shall never enter into any compact with any foreign Power which will tend to impair the independence of Cuba; nor shall the Government permit any Power to obtain by colonisation, for military purposes, or otherwise, any portion of the island."

WIRELESS SONG.

MUSIC HEARD 1,900 MILES AWAY

In mail week The "Daily Mail" received the following wireless message from Sir Campbell Stuart, managing editor of the "Daily Mail," who is in the liner Victorian on his way to the Imperial Press Conference at Ottawa:—

"Heard National Anthem playing at Chelmsford by wireless telephone 1, 900 miles away."

This message refers to the impromptu concert from the Marconi Company station at Chelsford Essex.

The placing of the needle on the gramophone in the Victorian was distinctly hear by wireless telephone in the Corsican, which arrived at Liverpool yesterday, and a conversation between Lord Burnham and Sir Bertram Hayes, commander of the Olympic, was also listened to with much astonishment.

By means of six telephones many passengers heard the wireless concerts sent out from the Victorian.

Our Calicut correspondent wires that the death occurred from heart failure at the age of 92 of Dhanjeebhoy Maneckjee Mugaseth, a prominent member of the Parsi community of Calicut.

* * * * *

A protest has been lodged by Mr. Jeshingbhai Kalidas with the president and members of the General Board of the Ahmedabad Municipality in connection with the new imposition of tax on tricycles.

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MR. CHURCHILL ON HIS RUSSIAN POLICY.

SARCASTIC LETTER TO TRADE UNIONISTS.

A CHALLENGE TO DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

The following correspondence passed between Mr. J. H. Baum, secretary of the Leicester and District Trades Council, and Mr. Churchill, Secretary of State for War, is reproduced from the "Manchester Guardian":—

Dear sir,—I enclose resolution passed by the above Council. I sincerely hope you will give the matter your serious attention.—Yours faithfully, (Sgd.) J. H. Baum.

The resolution reads:—

This Trades Council enters its strong condemnation against Mr. Winston Churchill's secret agreement with General Kolchak for the supply of troops to wage war upon Soviet Russia; further, it views with alarm the continued contempt for public opinion manifested by the House of Commons with regard to these revelations, and considers that the presence of Mr. Churchill at the War Office is a public scandal and a danger to the country.

MR. CHURCHILL SARCASTIC.

July 22, 1920.

Dear sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of the resolution passed by the Leicester and District Trades Council, and I note that in sending it to me you "sincerely hope" I will give the matter my "serious attention." I am quite willing to do so as far as this possible.

The resolution begins: "This Trades Council enters its strong condemnation against Mr Winston Churchill's secret agreement with Admiral Koltchak for the supply of troops to wage war upon Soviet Russia." I have never made any such agreement, and it is quite out of the power of any Minister to make such an agreement or any agreement otherwise than in pursuance of the policy of the Cabinet.

What your Council is perhaps thinking of is the agreement made with Admiral Koltchak on July 3 last year by the five Great Powers (Great Britain, the United States, France, Italy, and Japan), in which, after receiving from him assurances that if successful he would establish a free Constituent Assembly on a democratic franchise for Russia, they promised him a continuance of their aid and support. This agreement was signed, among others, by President Wilson himself.

Secondly, your resolution "views with alarm the continued contempt for public opinion manifested by the House of Commons with regard to these revelations." This, I suppose, is another way of saying that the House of Commons does not agree with you, and that you wish it did.

But, after all, surely the House of Commons is as good as judge of public opinion as the Leicester and District Trades Council. I observe from your notepaper that your Council claims to represent 78 branches and trade unions and 50,000 members. But the House of Commons represents the whole electorate of the country, which at the present time numbers not far short of twenty-two millions persons. The members of the House of Commons, each of whom is responsible to a great constituency, have a far better opportunityof judging public opinion that your Council, and they have a far better title on democratic grounds to pronounce upon it. Are you quite sure that your Council is not confusing public opinion with the opinion they happen to hold themselves?

Quite apart from the House of Commons as a whole there is the Labour party in the House of Commons. If these gentlemen wish for a debate on what you call "Russian revelations," they can easily have it. They are not so unacquainted with the rules of the House as not to know the many opportunities which are open to them. If the responsible leaders of the Labour party shared the views of their extremist section, they would have no difficulty in securing the fullest Parliament discussion.

WHAT LABOUR PARTY CAN DO.

First of all, they could put down a vote of ceisure against the Government or against the the Secretary of State for war, and a day would be immediately given to them.

Secondly, they could ask for the Army Estimates to be put down on any of the remaining Supply days, and they could have a full debate.

Thirdly, they could discuss Russia on the second reading of the Consolidated Fund Bill.

Fo discuss it on the motion for the a... ent for the holidays.

Here, then, are four opportunities, all with in the next three weeks, open to the Labour party in the House of Commons. If they like to take advantage of any of them I shall be in my place perfectly ready to enter into discussion with them. If, however, they do not choose to avail themselves of these opportunities, then one can only conclude that they, like the rest of the House of Commons, do not entirely agree with the opinion of the Leicester and District Trades Council. You must settle that with them.

Fifthly, I note that your Council "considers that the presence of Mr. Churchill at the War Office is a public scandal and a danger to the country." At your request I have given this point also my serious attention, and you will no doubt pardon me for saying that I do not feel able wholly to share your view. Still, we live in a free country where everybody has a right to abuse the Government of the day to his heart's content. I wonder, however, what would happen to the members of your Council if, instead of living under the free British Constitution, they were enjoying the inestimable benefits of Soviet rule in Russia.

What would happen, for instance, to the Moscow and District Trades Council if they sent a resolution to Comrade Trotsky to the effect that his presence at the Russian War Office was "a public scandal and a danger to the country", I do not think they would get a reasoned letter in reply. I think it much more likely that they would be in gaol before the night, aid very likely in their coffins before the next morning; or perhaps, if they were leniently treated, they might be put on scale 3 of rations and conscripted for industrial purposes.

Under the British Constitution your Council have, as I have said, the fullest right to express their opinion. But surely there is one place above all others in which to express such an opinion, and that is the city Dundee. The electors of Dundee returned me to Parliament as their representative after ten years' service only eighteen months ago by a majority of more than 15,000 votes. The quarrel of the Leicester and District Trades Council is, therefore, with the electors of Dundee. I am quite content to leave it there.—Yours faithfully,

(Signed) Winston S. Churchill.

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LINCOLN'S STATUE UNVEILED

PREMIER'S TRIBUTE.

The St. Gaudens statue of Lincoln, the gift of the American to the British people, was unveiled in mail week, by the Duke of Connaught on the site presented by the Government in the Canning enclosure opposite Westminster Abbey. The event was made the occasion of an impressive demonstration of Anglo-American friendship. Before the ceremony there was a big meeting in the Central Hall, when Mr. Elihu Root, who came over from the Hague to make the presentation on behalf of his country, gave an address, fine both in spirit and language. Afterwards the Prime Minister spoke briefly, ending with a significant note when he said that "this torn and bleeding earth is calling today for the help of the America of Abraham Lincoln. Lord Bryce, presided over the meeting.

PRIME MINISTER'S SPEECH.

After Mr. E. Root's speech in making the presentation of the statue, the Prime Minister, in responding on behalf of the British people, said:

In a few moments we shall see unveiled before our eyes a presentment in bronze of the best-known historical face in the Anglo-Saxon world, in fact one of the few best-known faces in the whole world. On behalf of the people of this country, and I think I may say on behalf of the people of the British Empire, I accept with gratitude this fine satue by a brilliant American sculptor of a great leader of men.

I doubt whether any statesmen who ever lived sank so deeply into the hearts of the people of many lands as Abraham Lincoln did. I am not sure that you in America realise the extent to which he is also our possession and our pride. He was in many respects the most remarkable man of the day. If you look at his portraits they always give you an indelible impression of his great height—as does his life,—height of purpose, height of idealism, height of character, height of intelligence.

Amongst many notable men who filled the stage at that day he was the tallest of them all. His figure stands out now towering amongst the tallest contemporaries. In many respects he was taller even than the great event in which he took a direct part.

The preservation of the American Union, the emancipation of the slaves, are notable events in the world's history. But reading the story I feel that the personality of Abraham Lincoln and his statesmanship are in some respects even greater than those colossal events. His courage, fortitude, patience humanity, clemency, his trust in the people, his belief in democracy, and, may I add, some of the phrases in which he gave expression to those attributes, will stand out for ever as beacons to guide troubled nations and their perplexed leaders.

WAR AND VICTORY.

Resolute in war, he was moderate in victory. Misrepresented, misunderstood, underestimated, he was patient to the last. I know why his face appeared to become sadder as the years of the war rolled past. There were those who thought he ought to have shown his abhorrence of war by waging it half-heartedly; there were those who thought he ought to have displayed his appreciation of victory by using it hard-heartedly.

He disdained both these counsels, and he was often reviled by both those counsellors. His tenderness was counted as weakness of character, his simplicity as proof of shallowness of mind, but the people believed in him all the time, they believed in him to the end, and they still believe in him. In his life he was a great American. He is American no longer. He is one of those giant figures of whom there are very few in history, who lose their nationality in death. (Applause)

They are no longer Greek or Hebrew or English or American—they belong to mankind. These eminent men whose statues are in that square are great Englishmen. I wonder whether I will be forgiven for saying that George Washington was a great American, but Abraham Lincoln belongs to the common people of every land. He is of their race, of their kind, of their blood, or their nation, the race of the great common people. They love that haggard face with the sad and tender eyes. There is a worship in their regard. There is a faith and a hope in that worship. (Hear, hear.)

May I respectfully, earnestly, say that from this platform to the great people of America? This torn and bleeding earth is calling to-day for the help of the America of Abraham Lincoln. (Cheers.)—The "Manchester Guardian."

The private secretary of His Highness Sir Arjun Singhji Sahib Bahadur of Narsingarh writes to us that attention of the state of Narsingarh has been drawn by the vernacular newspapers "Abhyadaya" and "Karma-Vir" in their issues of the 10th and 17th July of the former and of the 24th July of the latter. They have levelled attacks against His Highness' administration and more specifically against the Diwan Saheb, Khan Bahadur Munshi Enayet Hussain. The secretary says that the statements made to the Press have no truth in them.

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ALLEGED TORTURE OF TWO GIRLS.

SENSATIONAL CASE AT CALICUT.

(From our own Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Aug. 17.

Mr. C. K. Mathaji, Additional District Magistrate of Malabar resumed, yesterday, hearing of a sensational case in which two Sub-Inspectors of Police, a Head Constable and a Constable of Tellicherry are charged with torturing two Moplah girls. The court had been crowded with people. Of the twelve witnesses examined for the prosecution, two Mahomedan women who lived in the houses adjacent to that of the complainants' deposed to the effect that they had seen Kunhipathu dropping down unconscious when beaten by the police at the time of searching the complainant's house, that they had heard the policemen saying "go on walk to the Police Station" and that the complainants had been taken to the police station that night. Kunhipathu's husband stated that he was at Cochin at the time of the occurrence, and that when he returned to his house next day, he found his wife lying like a dead body.

HOUSE OWNER'S EVIDENCE

Witness Nambunkardy Mammu stated that the complainants lived in a house owned by him and that he was away a Mahe on the date of the occurrence. The next morning, when he returned to Tellicherry, he happened to know that the two girls were in the police lock-up and that they had been tortured by the police. He went to the police station where he found the girls. They were then very weak. The first accused Sub-Inspector asked him if he could stand as surety for them, so that they might be released on bail. Accordingly a surety bond was exeeuted, and they were released on bail at 9 a.m. Kunhipathu had to be carried to the House by two youths. When he went to the house, after sending a telegram to Kunhipathu's husband at Cochin, he found both the girls lying in an unconscious state. They had not recovered the consciousness till 8 p.m. that day, and he was advised by some people to go and report the matter to the Sub-Magistrate. He went to the Sub-Magistrate and told him that two females had been tortured by the Police, that they were lying in a precarious condition, and that he should visit their house and have a look at them. The Sub-Magistrate asked him to take the girls to his house in a carriage, and when he said he would do so, the Sub-Magistrate told him to take them to his house the next day. After returning to his house, he sent telegrams about the incident to the District Magistrate of Malabar, the District Superintendent of Police, and Sub-Collector of North Malabar. He telegraphed to the Sub-Collector to say that two women had been tortured by the police; that one of them was lying in a very precarious condition and that the Sub-Magistrate had refused attendance. He then brought village Munsiff of his Amshom and showed the victims to him. The Sub-Magistrate went to the house next morning and examined the girls. The Civil Surgeon of Tellicherry had examined them and given them medical certificates, which had been produced by him before the Sub-Collector at the time of the preliminary enquiry.

Three of the other witnesses deposed to the presence of a crowd in front of the Police station that night and hearing of the cry "Hallah, Hallah" from the station. One of them stated that when the people assembled, the first accused, Sub-Inspector came out abused them, and attempted to drag two men from the crowd to the police station. One witness had seen the first accused beating with stick on the joints of the fingers of Kunhipathu from inside the station, from where he had also heard the cry "I am being killed," "I am [illegible]ed."

The hearing will be resumed to-day.

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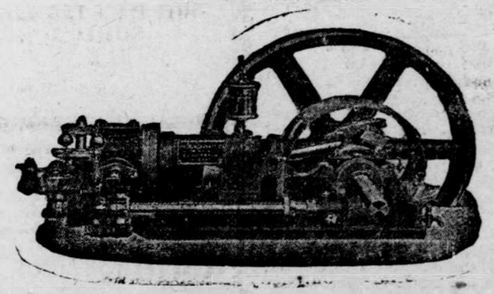

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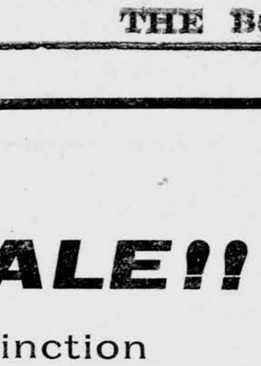

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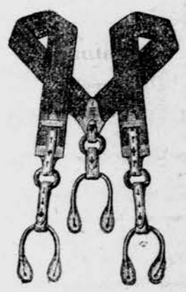

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(From a Correspondent.)

Trichinopoly, August 18th (delayed).

Messrs. Gandhi, and Shaukat Ali and party arrived here yesterday amidst scenes of great enthusiasm. The whole town presented a gay appearance, the main thoroughfares being decorated with flags and buntings and artistic welcome arches. There was an informal conference of local leaders at Dr. Rajan's house, after which a huge procession was formed and the visitors were taken to the Chauk maidan where an open air meeting was held. Over 30,000 people attended. A welcome address printed very artistically in silk with pretty views of Srirangam were present to both the visitors. In replying to the welcome address Mr. Gandhi said he has expounded Non-Co-operation in his earlier speech and in the present speech he would answer the objections raised to the Khilafat non-co-operation programme by Mr. S. Kasturiranga Iyengar on Sunday last at the meeting of the Madras Provincial Congress Committee. Mr. Iyengar has in effect suggested that they should postpone action till the verdict of the Congress and said that the boycott of Councils, the suspension of practice by lawyers, etc., were not desirable and put forward instead boycott of British or foreign goods whish was only anotrer name for swadeshi, which was part of the Khilafat programme. He reiterated the fact that, non-cooperation cannot be compleate without a full boycott of Councils. The experience of last thirtyfive years of work form within the Councils has shown the futility of obstruction to the Government from within After emphasising that lawyers must suspend practice and cease to help in upholding through the courts the prestige of the Government that has been guilty of the Punjab and Khilafat wrongs. Gandhiji said from his own experience of many years in connection with the Swadeshi movement he felt sure even if desirable boycottof British goods would not be effective. To be completely successful it would require that the entire mercantile community and the Indian merchant princes should be preparedto sacrifice their millions. The sacrifice should be concentrated on one section of the community alone and experience has taught that was more important the boycott of British and foriegn goods as a political weapon was punitive in character, wrile the non-co-operation programme was based on the principle of performance of Dharma and would unite the people with the spirit of sacrifice, giving opportunity to all classes to participate in the movement and bear their share. The basis of the movement was laid on the spirit of sacrifice and for many reasons Gandhiji said he expected among other places Trichinopoly and Madura to respond fully. Mussalmans on whom Koranic obligations were binding could only seek blessing of the Congress to the non-cooperation programme, but not wait the Congress verdict. It was also the duty of Hindus who were convinced of the righteousness of the Muslim cause and justness of their means to help the Moslems.

Gandhiji emphasised the boycott of schools and all other items of the first stage of Non cooperation must be carried out in entirety and urged people to lose no time in giving effect to them. Though there were many difficulties in the way, where there was a will there was a way and if only people set their hearts and heads together they could surmount all obstacles.

Mr. Shaukat Ali in the course of his speech said for true Muslims non cooperation was the least they could do to safeguard the Khilafat.

The same night the party left for Calicut.

GUJARATI GRADUATES AND UNIVERSITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

SIR,—In a short time there will be two vacancies among the elected fellows of the Bombay University. It is expected that there will be a keen contest among the candidates. One of the candidates is Prof. Atisukhshanker Ramiashanker Triveni, of Baroda college.

There are about 10 seats in the University fellowship out of a total of abou. 50 or so which are filled by election by registered graduates. There are at present about 550 or 600 of such registered graduates. The substantial majority of these registered graduates is composed of Deccani graduates. It is really unfortunate that very few Gujerati graduates register themselves and hence whenever there is a vacancy among the elected fellows, a Deccani candidate-even with the minimum of qualification gets in. The net result is that no Gujerati candidate stands absolutely any chance of ever getting into the Senate as elected fellows, and as nominated fellows they hardly care to represent anybody except themselves and thus the interests of the Gujeratis invariably suffer. The piont is the recognition of Poona as the centres of B.A. Examination, while Ahmedabad or Rajkote are not recognised as such. I desire to draw the attention of Gujerati graduates that owing to their indifference to register themselves with the University and owing to their indifference about their candidates representing even in an acaremical body like the University their interests and the interests of their province Gujerat remain neglected. It cannot be denied that Gujerat and Gujeratis have their own interests in the University and they require to be properly watched and guided. Hence I appeal to Gujerati graduates to wake up, and see that the needful is done.

—Yours, etc.

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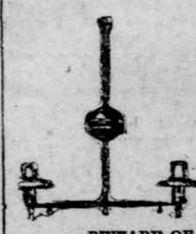

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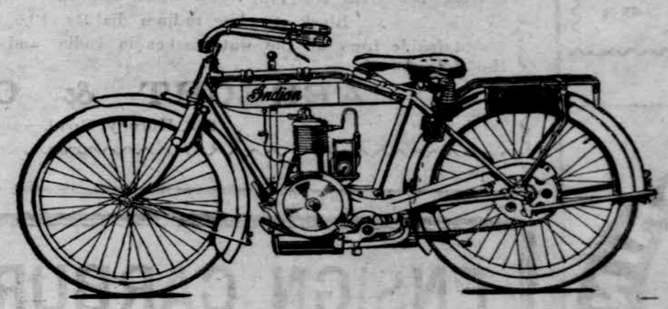

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